

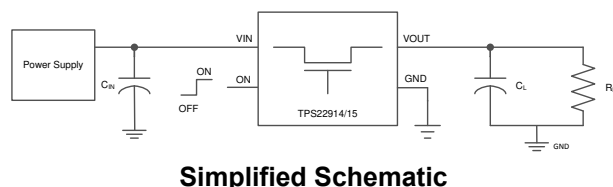
TPS2291xx, 5.5-V, 2-A, 37-mΩ On-Resistance Load Switch

1 Features

- Integrated Single Channel Load Switch
- Input Voltage Range: 1.05 V to 5.5 V
- Low On-Resistance (R_{ON})
 - $R_{ON} = 37\text{ m}\Omega$ (Typical) at $V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$
 - $R_{ON} = 38\text{ m}\Omega$ (Typical) at $V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$
 - $R_{ON} = 43\text{ m}\Omega$ (Typical) at $V_{IN} = 1.8\text{ V}$
- 2-A Maximum Continuous Switch Current
- Low Quiescent Current
 - $7.7\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ (Typical) at $V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$
- Low Control Input Threshold Enables Use of 1 V or Higher GPIO
- Controlled Slew Rate
 - $t_R(\text{TPS22914B/15B}) = 64\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ at $V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$
 - $t_R(\text{TPS22914C/15C}) = 913\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ at $V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$
- Quick Output Discharge (TPS22915 only)
- Ultra-Small Wafer-Chip-Scale Package
 - $0.78\text{ mm} \times 0.78\text{ mm}$, 0.4-mm Pitch, 0.5-mm Height (YFP)
- ESD Performance Tested per JESD 22
 - 2-kV HBM and 1-kV CDM

2 Applications

- Smartphones, Mobile Phones
- Ultrathin, Ultrabook™ / Notebook PC
- Tablet PC, Phablet
- Wearable Technology
- Solid State Drives
- Digital Cameras



3 Description

The TPS22914/15 is a small, low R_{ON} , single channel load switch with controlled slew rate. The device contains an N-channel MOSFET that can operate over an input voltage range of 1.05 V to 5.5 V and can support a maximum continuous current of 2 A. The switch is controlled by an on and off input, which is capable of interfacing directly with low-voltage control signals.

The small size and low R_{ON} makes the device ideal for being used in space constrained, battery powered applications. The wide input voltage range of the switch makes it a versatile solution for many different voltage rails. The controlled rise time of the device greatly reduces inrush current caused by large bulk load capacitances, thereby reducing or eliminating power supply droop. The TPS22915 further reduces the total solution size by integrating a $143\text{-}\Omega$ pull-down resistor for quick output discharge (QOD) when the switch is turned off.

The TPS22914/15 is available in a small, space-saving $0.78\text{ mm} \times 0.78\text{ mm}$, 0.4-mm pitch, 0.5-mm height 4-pin Wafer-Chip-Scale (WCSP) package (YFP). The device is characterized for operation over the free-air temperature range of -40°C to $+105^\circ\text{C}$.

Device Information (1)

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TPS22914B	DSBGA (4)	$0.74\text{ mm} \times 0.74\text{ mm}$
TPS22914C		
TPS22915B		
TPS22915C		

- (1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.

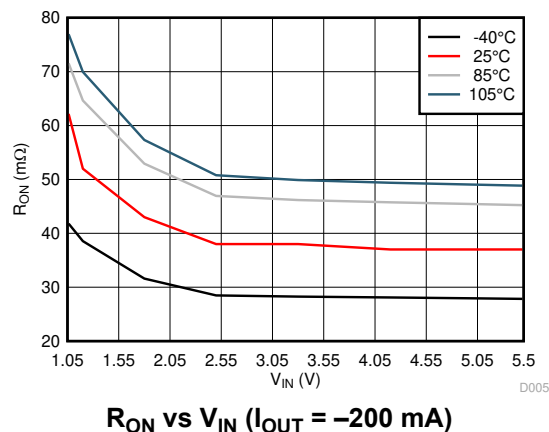


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4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision D (September 2016) to Revision E (October 2020)	Page
• Updated the numbering format for tables, figures and cross-references throughout the document.....	1
• Updated the body size in the <i>Device Information</i> table.....	1
Changes from Revision C (July 2015) to Revision D (September 2016)	Page
• Changed "TPS22915B" only, to "TPS22915B/C only" in the <i>Electrical Characteristics</i> table	5
Changes from Revision B (September 2014) to Revision C (July 2015)	Page
• Updated T _A ratings in datasheet from 85°C to 105°C.....	1
Changes from Revision A (June 2014) to Revision B (September 2014)	Page
• Updated X-axis scales in th Typical Characteristics section.	9
Changes from Revision * (June 2014) to Revision A (June 2014)	Page
• Initial release of full version.	1

5 Device Comparison Table

DEVICE	R _{ON} at 3.3V (TYPICAL)	t _R at 3.3V (TYPICAL)	QUICK OUTPUT DISCHARGE	MAXIMUM OUTPUT CURRENT	ENABLE
TPS22914B	38 mΩ	64 μs	No	2 A	Active High
TPS22914C	38 mΩ	913 μs	No	2 A	Active High
TPS22915B	38 mΩ	64 μs	Yes	2 A	Active High
TPS22915C	38 mΩ	913 μs	Yes	2 A	Active High

6 Pin Configuration and Functions

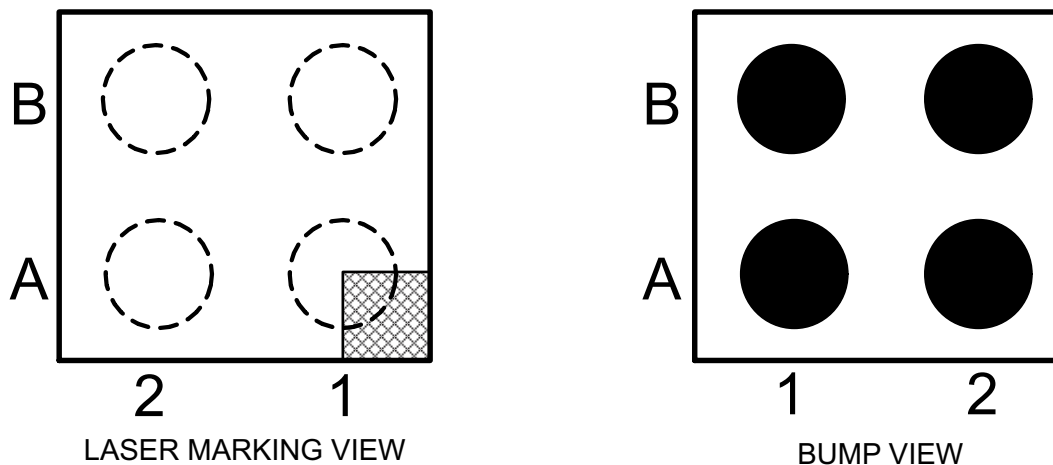


Figure 6-1. YFP PACKAGE 4 PIN DSBGA TOP VIEW

Table 6-1. Pin Description

B	ON	GND
A	VIN	VOUT
	2	1

Table 6-2. Pin Functions

PIN		TYPE	DESCRIPTION
NO.	NAME		
A1	VOUT	O	Switch output. Place ceramic bypass capacitor(s) between this pin and GND. See the Detailed Description section for more information
A2	VIN	I	Switch input. Place ceramic bypass capacitor(s) between this pin and GND. See the Detailed Description section for more information
B1	GND	—	Device ground
B2	ON	I	Active high switch control input. Do not leave floating

7 Specifications

7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)^{(1) (2)}

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{IN}	Input voltage	−0.3	6	V
V _{OUT}	Output voltage	−0.3	6	V
V _{ON}	ON voltage	−0.3	6	V
I _{MAX}	Maximum continuous switch current		2	A
I _{PLS}	Maximum pulsed switch current, pulse < 300 μs, 2% duty cycle		2.5	A
T _J	Maximum junction temperature		125	°C
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	−65	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) All voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

7.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±2000
		Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±1000

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. Manufacturing with less than 500-V HBM is possible with the necessary precautions.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. Manufacturing with less than 250-V CDM is possible with the necessary precautions.

7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{IN}	Input voltage		1.05	5.5	V
V _{ON}	ON voltage		0	5.5	V
V _{OUT}	Output voltage			V _{IN}	V
V _{IH, ON}	High-level input voltage, ON	V _{IN} = 1.05 V to 5.5 V	1	5.5	V
V _{IL, ON}	Low-level input voltage, ON	V _{IN} = 1.05 V to 5.5 V	0	0.5	V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature range ⁽¹⁾		−40	105	°C
C _{IN}	Input Capacitor		1 ⁽²⁾		μF

- (1) In applications where high power dissipation and/or poor package thermal resistance is present, the maximum ambient temperature may have to be derated. Maximum ambient temperature [T_{A(MAX)}] is dependent on the maximum operating junction temperature [T_{J(MAX)}], the maximum power dissipation of the device in the application [P_{D(MAX)}], and the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of the part/package in the application (θ_{JA}), as given by the following equation: T_{A(MAX)} = T_{J(MAX)} − (θ_{JA} × P_{D(MAX)}).
- (2) Refer to the [Detailed Description](#) section.

7.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		TPS2291x	UNIT
		YFP (DSBGA)	
		4 PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	193	°C/W
R _{θJC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	2.3	°C/W
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	36	°C/W
ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	12	°C/W

7.4 Thermal Information (continued)

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	TPS2291x	UNIT
	YFP (DSBGA)	
	4 PINS	
Ψ_{JB} Junction-to-board characterization parameter	36	°C/W

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

7.5 Electrical Characteristics

Unless otherwise noted, the specification in the following table applies over the operating ambient temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +105^{\circ}\text{C}$. **Typical values are for $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITION		T_A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$I_{Q, VIN}$	Quiescent current (TPS22914B/15B)	$V_{ON} = 5\text{ V}, I_{OUT} = 0\text{ A}$	$V_{IN} = 5.5\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$		7.7	10.8	μA
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}$			12.1	
			$V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$		7.6	9.6	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}$			11.9	
			$V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$		7.7	9.6	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}$			12	
			$V_{IN} = 1.8\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$		8.4	11	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}$			13.5	
			$V_{IN} = 1.2\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$		7.4	10.4	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}$			13.9	
			$V_{IN} = 1.05\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$		6.7	10.9	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}$			11.7	
	Quiescent current (TPS22914C/15C)	$V_{ON} = 5\text{ V}, I_{OUT} = 0\text{ A}$	$V_{IN} = 5.5\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$		7.7	11.5	μA
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}$			14.1	
			$V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$		7.6	11.1	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}$			13.7	
			$V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$		7.7	10.7	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}$			13.3	
			$V_{IN} = 1.8\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$		8.4	11.7	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}$			13.4	
			$V_{IN} = 1.2\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$		7.4	11	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}$			12.8	
			$V_{IN} = 1.05\text{ V}$	$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$		6.7	10.9	
				$-40^{\circ}\text{C to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}$			10.9	

7.5 Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Unless otherwise noted, the specification in the following table applies over the operating ambient temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +105^{\circ}\text{C}$. **Typical values are for $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITION		T _A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
I _{SD, VIN}	Shutdown current	V _{ON} = 0 V, V _{OUT} = 0 V	V _{IN} = 5.5 V	−40°C to +85°C	0.5		2	μA
				−40°C to +105°C	3			
			V _{IN} = 5.0 V	−40°C to +85°C	0.5		2	
				−40°C to +105°C	3			
			V _{IN} = 3.3 V	−40°C to +85°C	0.5		2	
				−40°C to +105°C	3			
			V _{IN} = 1.8 V	−40°C to +85°C	0.5		2	
				−40°C to +105°C	3			
			V _{IN} = 1.2 V	−40°C to +85°C	0.4		2	
				−40°C to +105°C	3			
			V _{IN} = 1.05 V	−40°C to +85°C	0.4		2	
				−40°C to +105°C	3			
I _{ON}	ON pin input leakage current	V _{IN} = 5.5 V, I _{OUT} = 0 A		−40°C to +105°C			0.1	μA
R _{ON}	On-resistance	V _{IN} = 5.5 V, I _{OUT} = −200 mA	25°C	37		40	mΩ	
			−40°C to +85°C	51				
			−40°C to +105°C	57				
		V _{IN} = 5 V, I _{OUT} = −200 mA	25°C	37		41	mΩ	
			−40°C to +85°C	51				
			−40°C to +105°C	57				
		V _{IN} = 4.2 V, I _{OUT} = −200 mA	25°C	37		41	mΩ	
			−40°C to +85°C	52				
			−40°C to +105°C	58				
		V _{IN} = 3.3 V, I _{OUT} = −200 mA	25°C	38		41	mΩ	
			−40°C to +85°C	52				
			−40°C to +105°C	59				
		V _{IN} = 2.5 V, I _{OUT} = −200 mA	25°C	38		42	mΩ	
			−40°C to +85°C	53				
			−40°C to +105°C	58				
		V _{IN} = 1.8 V, I _{OUT} = −200 mA	25°C	43		48	mΩ	
			−40°C to +85°C	59				
			−40°C to +105°C	66				
		V _{IN} = 1.2 V, I _{OUT} = −200 mA	25°C	52		61	mΩ	
			−40°C to +85°C	73				
			−40°C to +105°C	85				
		V _{IN} = 1.05 V, I _{OUT} = −200 mA	25°C	63		96	mΩ	
			−40°C to +85°C	102				
			−40°C to +105°C	107				

7.5 Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Unless otherwise noted, the specification in the following table applies over the operating ambient temperature $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +105^{\circ}\text{C}$. **Typical values are for $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	T_A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V_{HYS} ON pin hysteresis	$V_{IN} = 5.5\text{ V}$	25°C		102		mV
	$V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$			100		
	$V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$			98		
	$V_{IN} = 2.5\text{ V}$			96		
	$V_{IN} = 1.8\text{ V}$			96		
	$V_{IN} = 1.2\text{ V}$			94		
	$V_{IN} = 1.05\text{ V}$			92		
R_{PD} ⁽¹⁾ Output pull down resistor	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} = 3.3\text{ V}, V_{ON} = 0\text{ V}$	-40°C to $+105^{\circ}\text{C}$		143	200	Ω

(1) TPS22915B/C only.

7.6 Switching Characteristics

Refer to the timing test circuit in [Figure 8-1](#) (unless otherwise noted) for references to external components used for the test condition in the switching characteristics table. Switching characteristics shown below are only valid for the power-up sequence where VIN is already in steady state condition before the ON pin is asserted high.

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	TYP (TPS22914B/15B)	TYP (TPS22914C/15C)	UNIT
V_{IN} = 5 V, V_{ON} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)				
t _{ON} Turnon time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	104	1300	μs
t _{OFF} Turnoff time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	2	2	μs
t _R V _{OUT} rise time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	89	1277	μs
t _F V _{OUT} fall time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	2	2	μs
t _D Delay time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	59	663	μs
V_{IN} = 3.3 V, V_{ON} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)				
t _{ON} Turnon time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	83	1077	μs
t _{OFF} Turnoff time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	2	2	μs
t _R V _{OUT} rise time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	64	913	μs
t _F V _{OUT} fall time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	2	2	μs
t _D Delay time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	52	622	μs
V_{IN} = 1.05 V, V_{ON} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)				
t _{ON} Turnon time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	61	752	μs
t _{OFF} Turnoff time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	3	3	μs
t _R V _{OUT} rise time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	28	409	μs
t _F V _{OUT} fall time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	2	2	μs
t _D Delay time	R _L = 10 Ω, C _{IN} = 1 μF, C _{OUT} = 0.1 μF	47	547	μs

7.7 Typical DC Characteristics

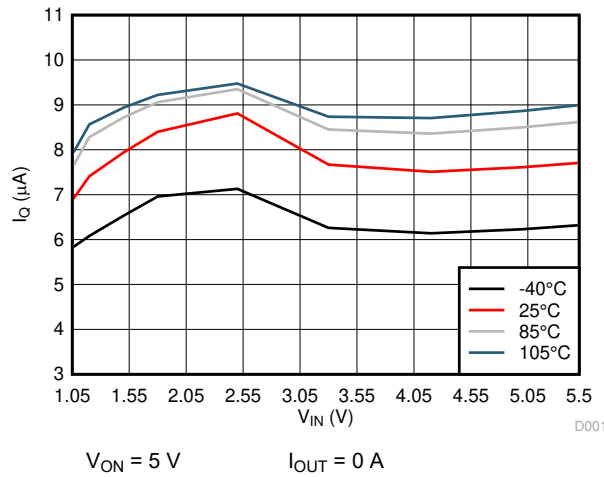


Figure 7-1. I_Q vs V_{IN} (TPS22914B/15B)

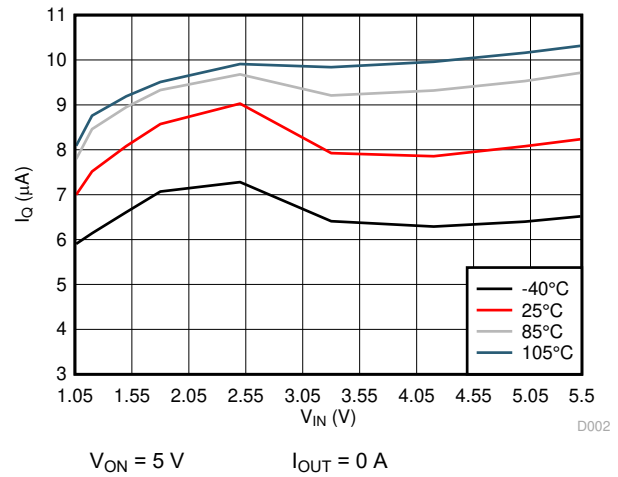


Figure 7-2. I_Q vs V_{IN} (TPS22914C/15C)

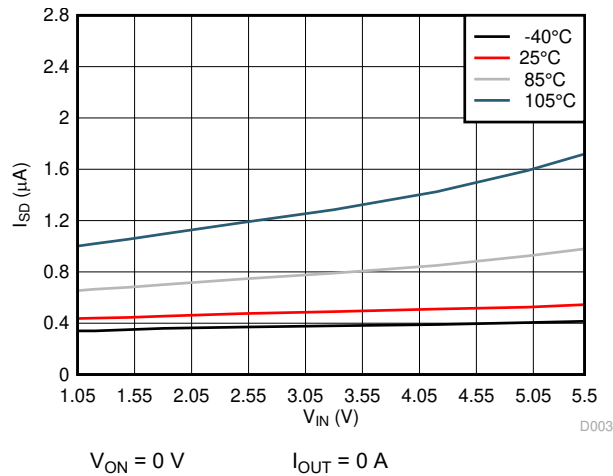


Figure 7-3. I_{SD} vs V_{IN}

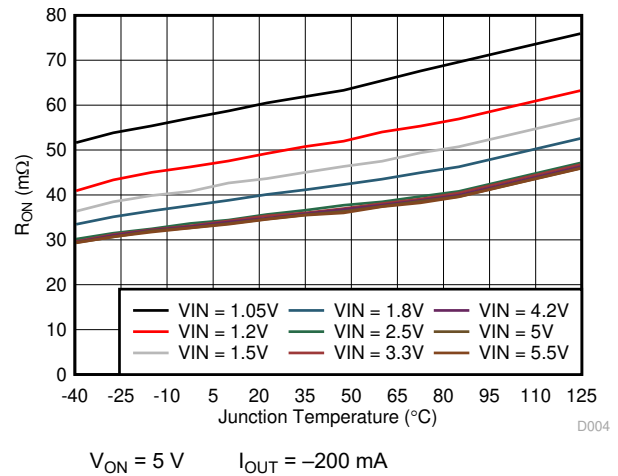


Figure 7-4. R_{ON} vs T_J

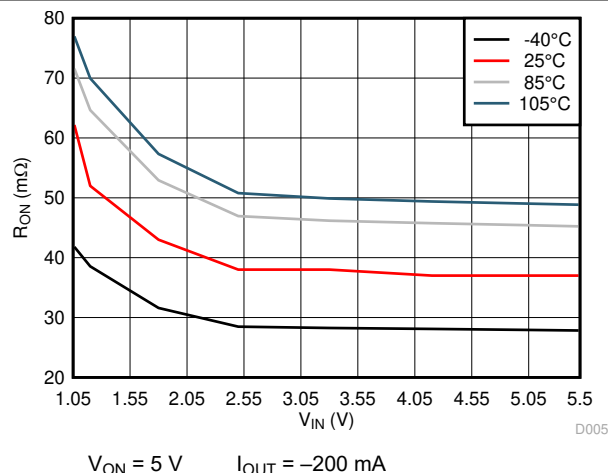


Figure 7-5. R_{ON} vs V_{IN}

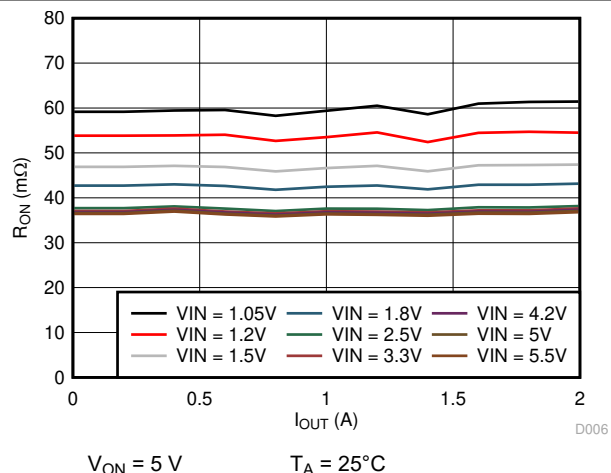


Figure 7-6. R_{ON} vs I_{OUT}

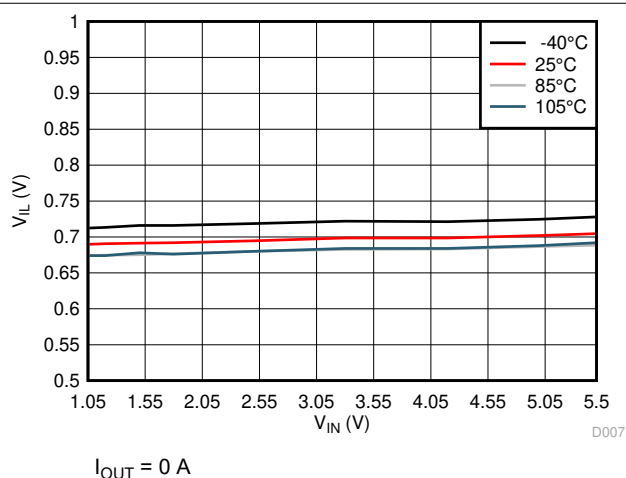


Figure 7-7. V_{IL} vs V_{IN}

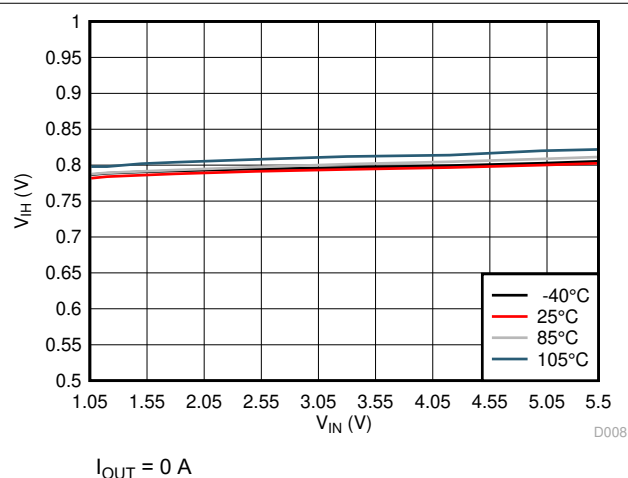


Figure 7-8. V_{IH} vs V_{IN}

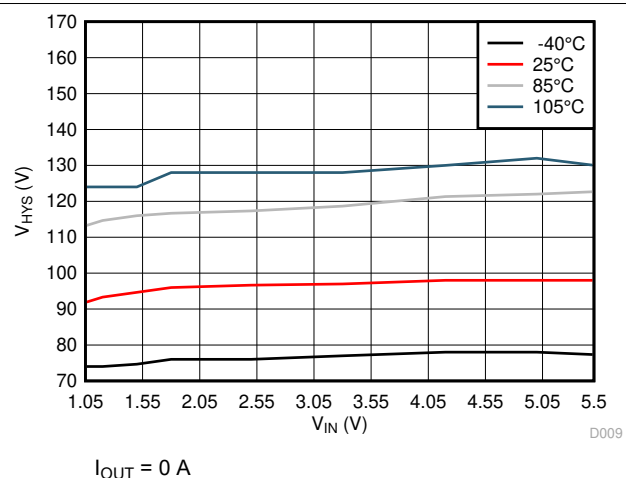


Figure 7-9. V_{HYS} vs V_{IN}

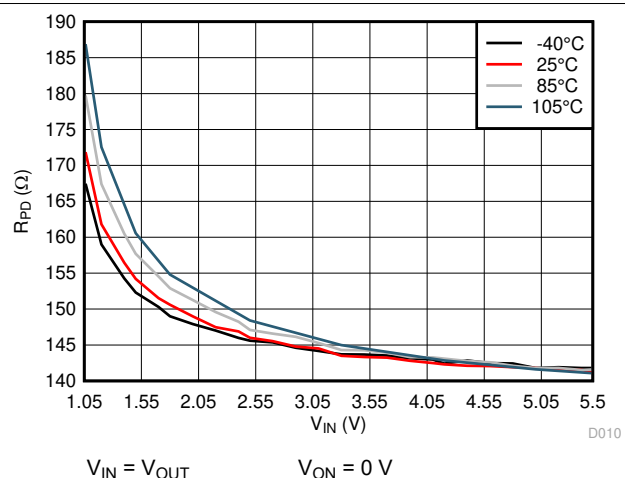


Figure 7-10. R_{PD} vs V_{IN}

7.8 Typical AC Characteristics (TPS22914B/15B)

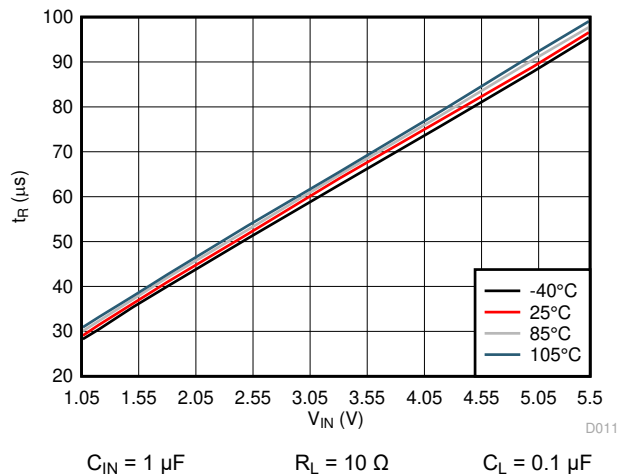


Figure 7-11. t_R vs V_{IN}

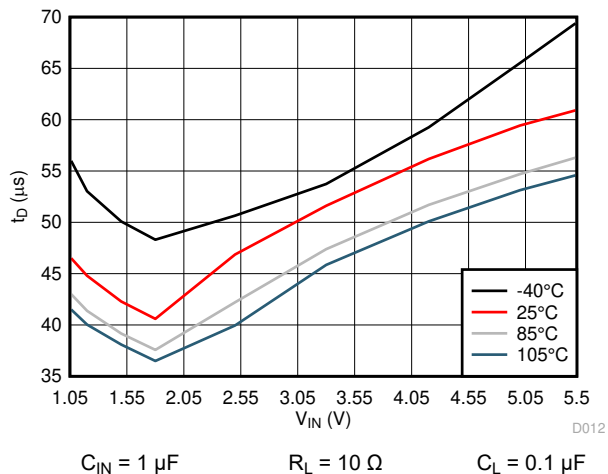


Figure 7-12. t_D vs V_{IN}

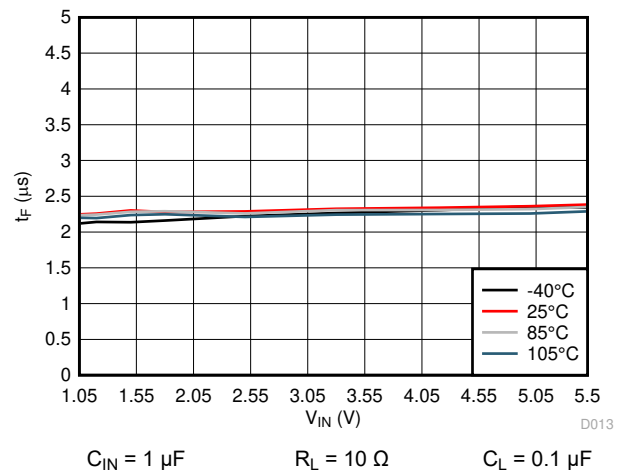


Figure 7-13. t_F vs V_{IN}

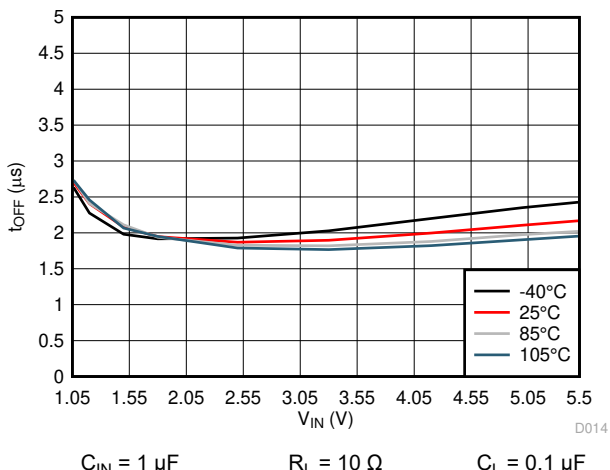


Figure 7-14. t_{OFF} vs V_{IN}

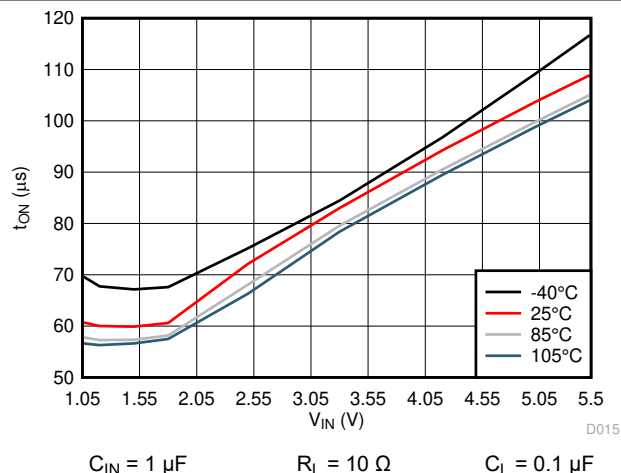


Figure 7-15. t_{ON} vs V_{IN}

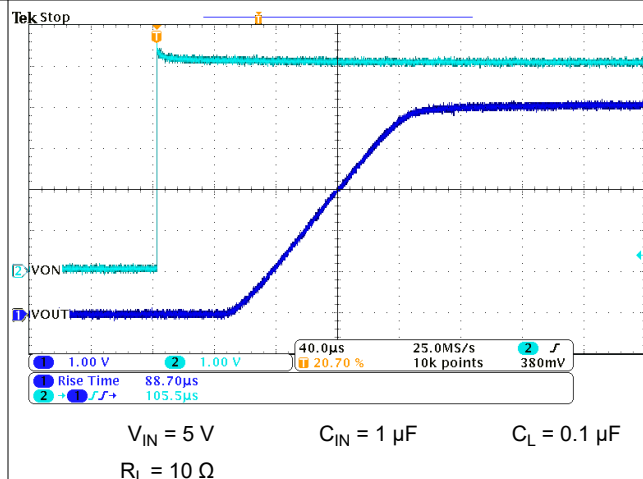


Figure 7-16. t_R at $V_{IN} = 5 V$

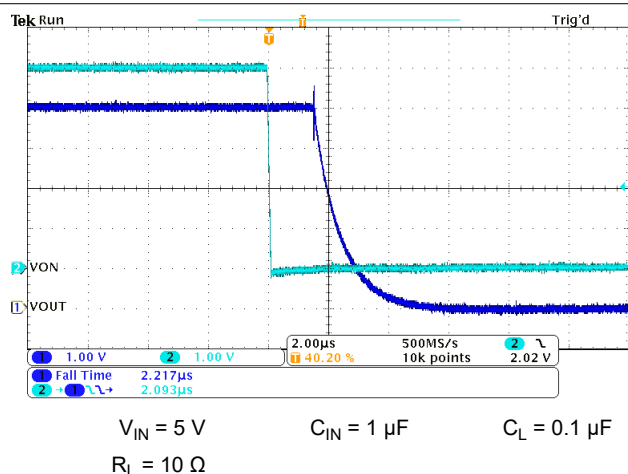


Figure 7-17. t_F at $V_{IN} = 5 V$

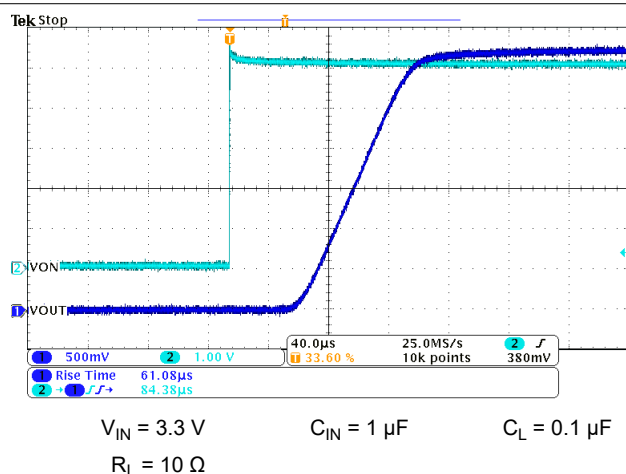


Figure 7-18. t_R at $V_{IN} = 3.3 V$

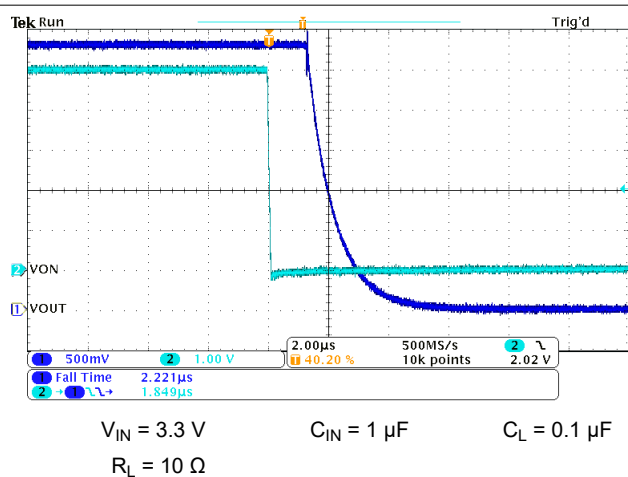


Figure 7-19. t_F at $V_{IN} = 3.3 V$

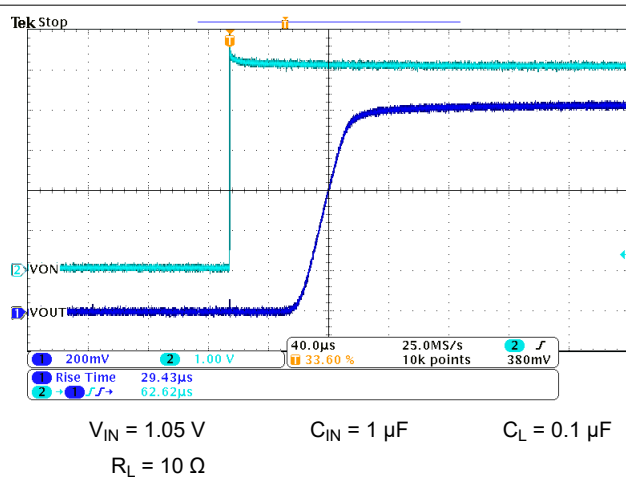


Figure 7-20. t_R at $V_{IN} = 1.05 V$

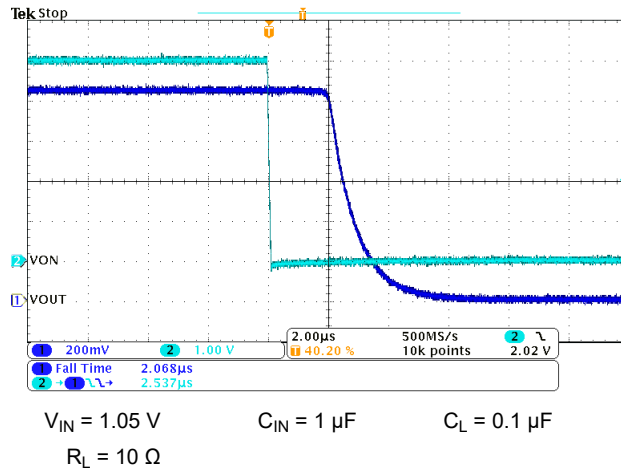


Figure 7-21. t_F at $V_{IN} = 1.05\text{ V}$

7.9 Typical AC Characteristics (TPS22914C/15C)

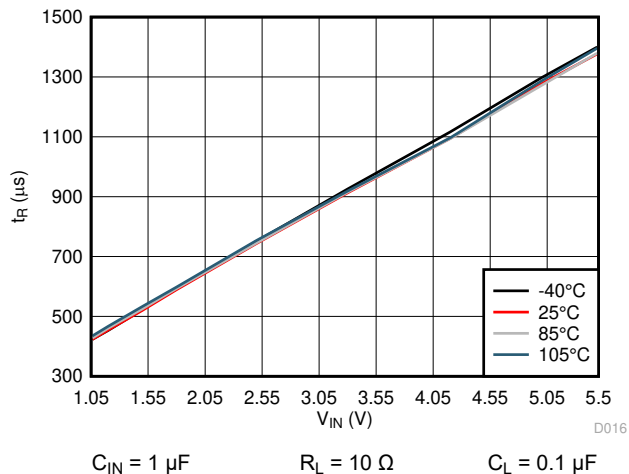


Figure 7-22. t_R vs V_{IN}

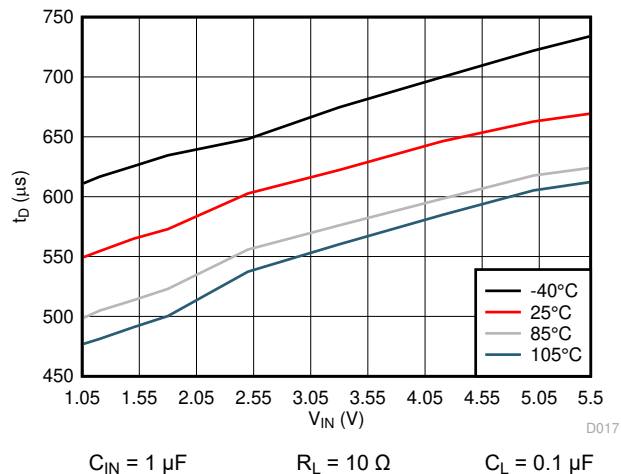


Figure 7-23. t_D vs V_{IN}

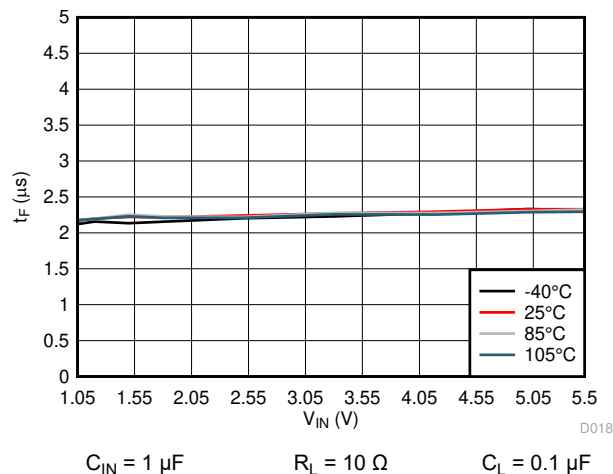


Figure 7-24. t_F vs V_{IN}

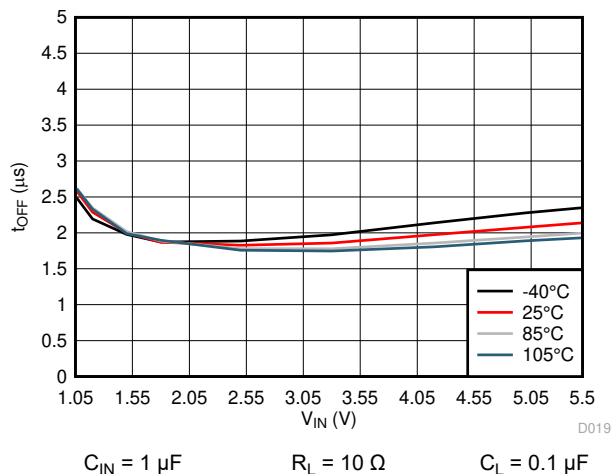


Figure 7-25. t_{OFF} vs V_{IN}

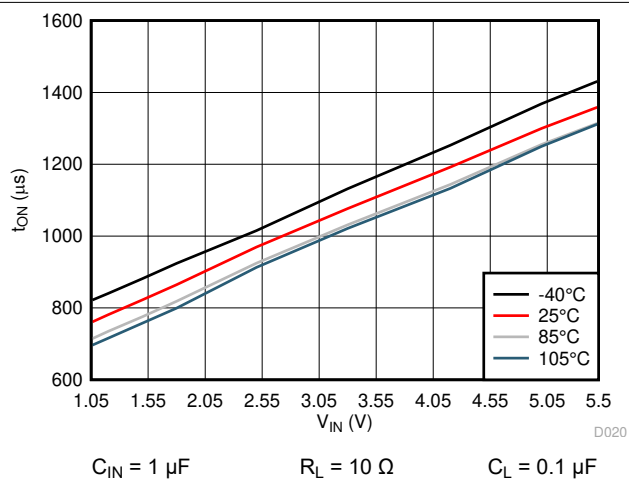


Figure 7-26. t_{ON} vs V_{IN}

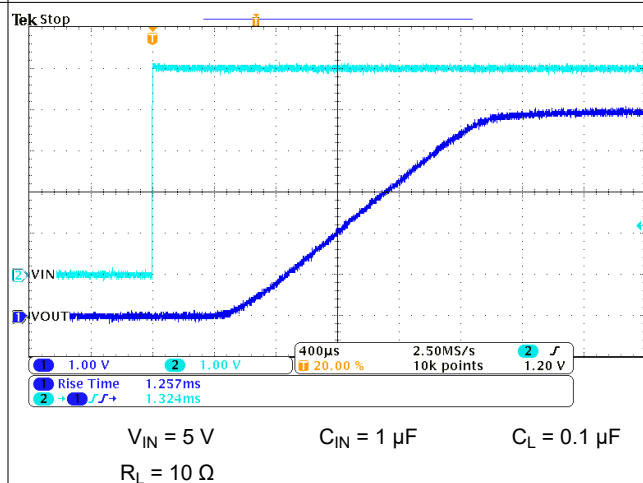


Figure 7-27. t_R at $V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}$

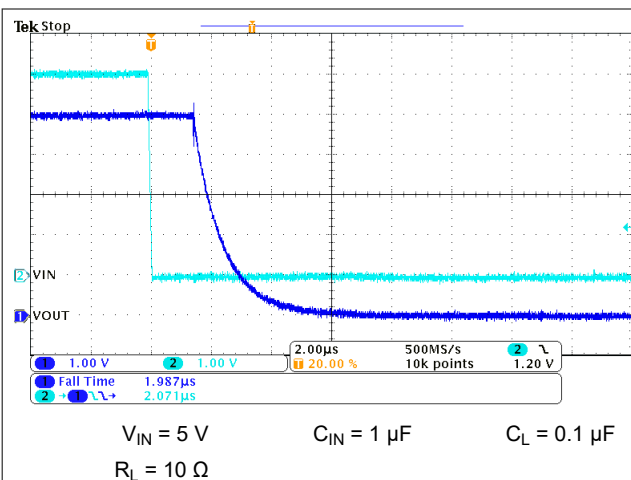


Figure 7-28. t_F at $V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$

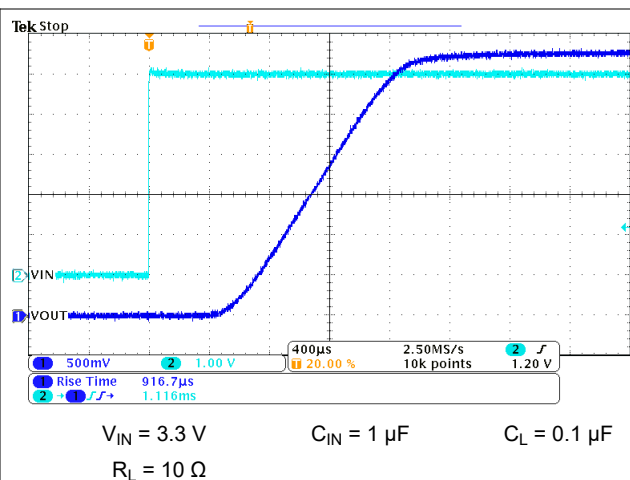


Figure 7-29. t_R at $V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$

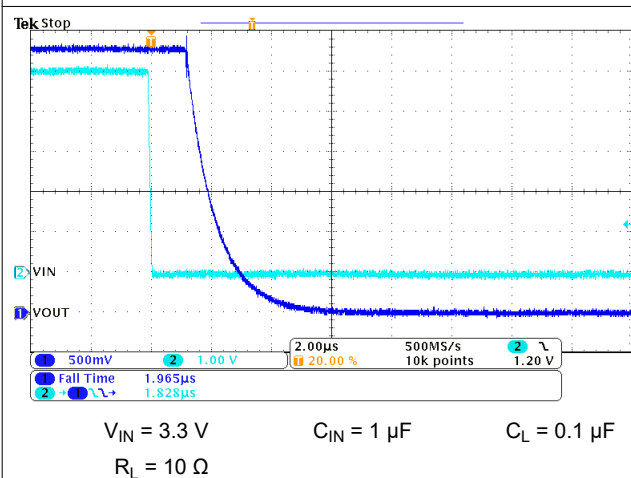


Figure 7-30. t_F at $V_{IN} = 3.3\text{ V}$

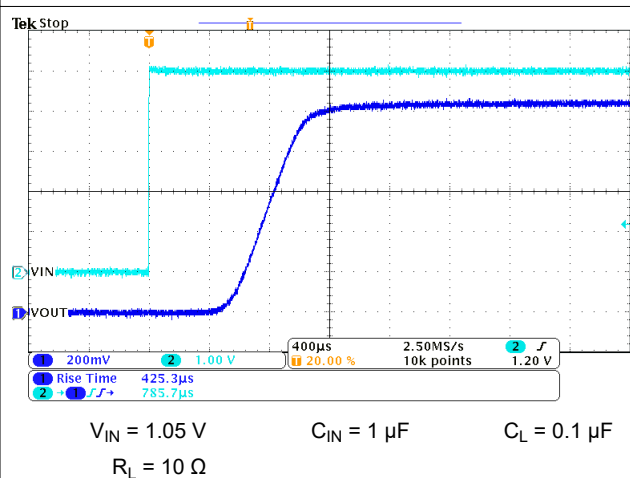


Figure 7-31. t_R at $V_{IN} = 1.05\text{ V}$

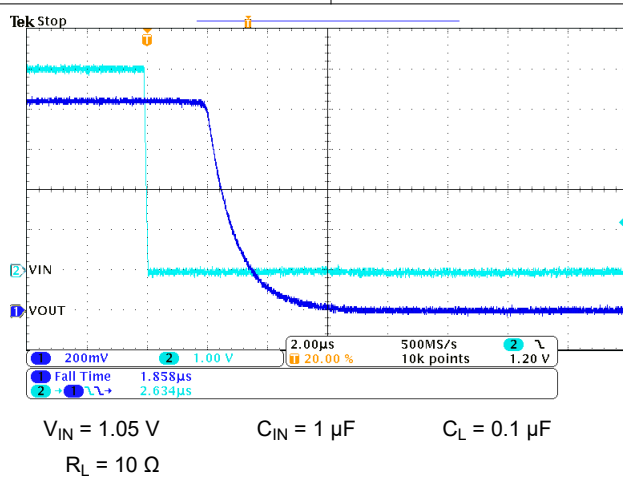
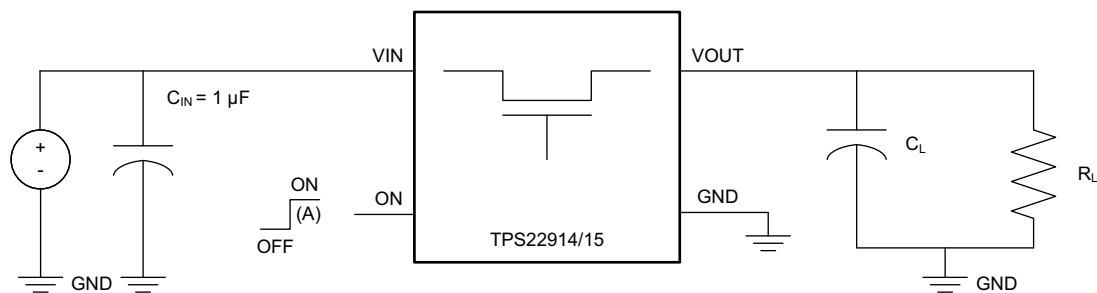


Figure 7-32. t_F at $V_{IN} = 1.05\text{ V}$

8 Parameter Measurement Information



A. Rise and fall times of the control signal is 100ns

Figure 8-1. Test Circuit

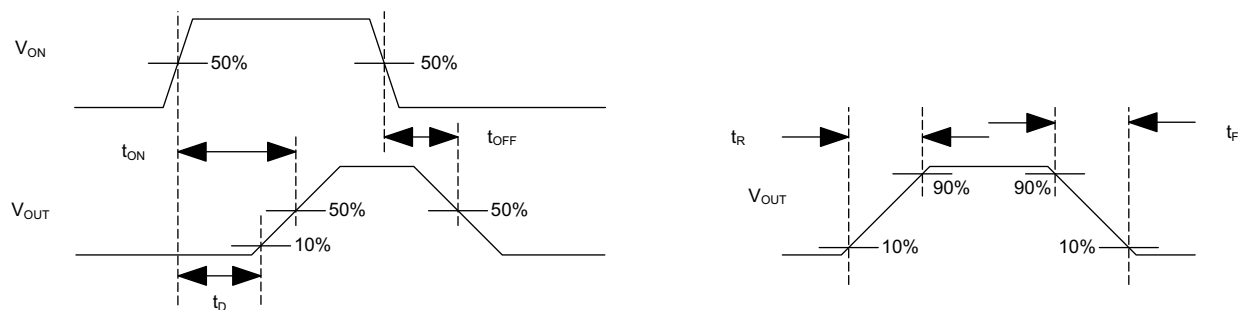


Figure 8-2. Timing Waveforms

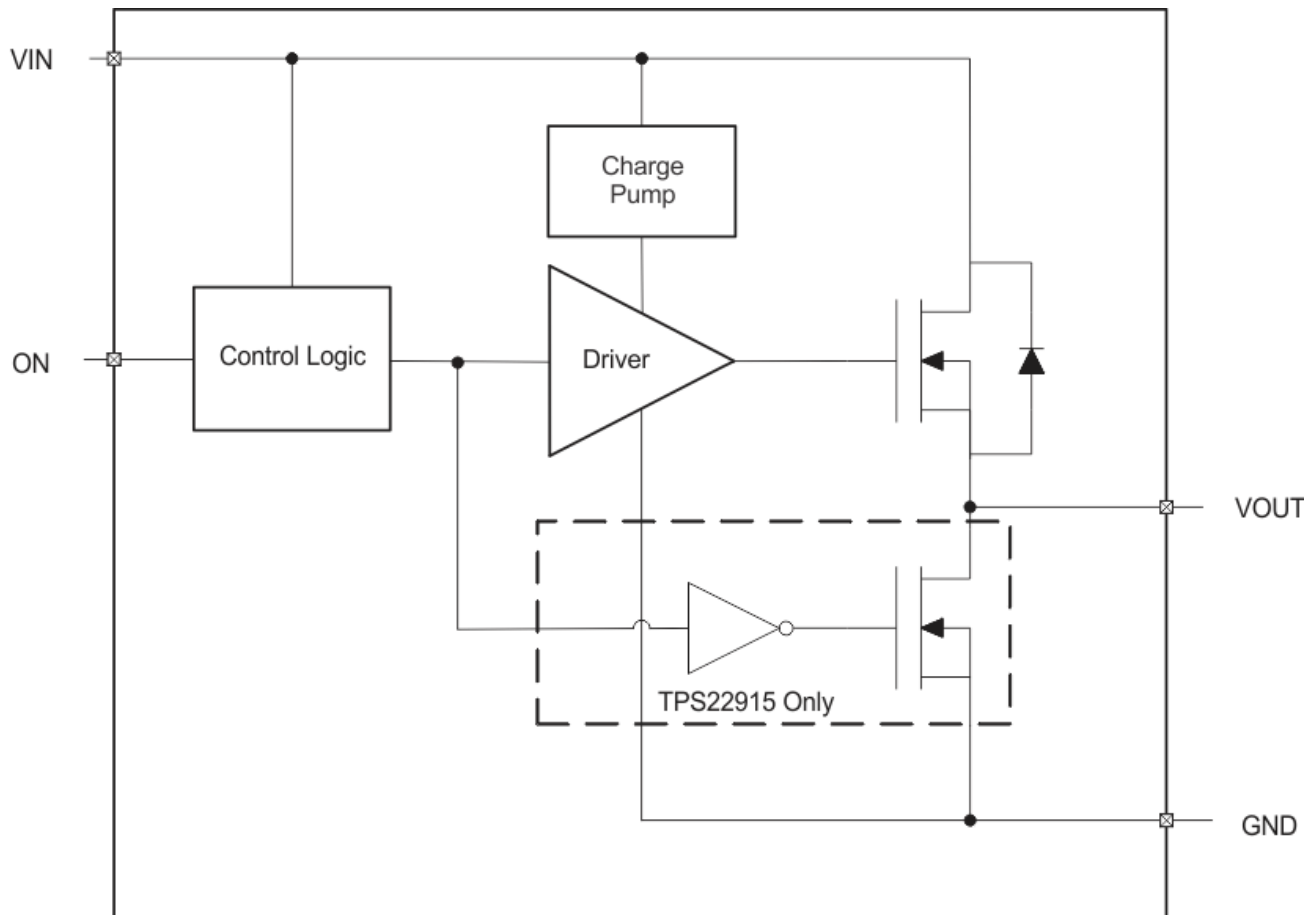
9 Detailed Description

9.1 Overview

The device is a 5.5-V, 2-A load switch in a 4-pin YFP package. To reduce voltage drop for low voltage and high current rails, the device implements an ultra-low resistance N-channel MOSFET which reduces the drop out voltage through the device.

The device has a controlled and fixed slew rate which helps reduce or eliminate power supply droop due to large inrush currents. During shutdown, the device has very low leakage currents, thereby reducing unnecessary leakages for downstream modules during standby. Integrated control logic, driver, charge pump, and output discharge FET eliminates the need for any external components, which reduces solution size and bill of materials (BOM) count.

9.2 Functional Block Diagram



9.3 Feature Description

9.3.1 On and Off Control

The ON pins control the state of the switch. Asserting ON high enables the switch. ON is active high and has a low threshold, making it capable of interfacing with low-voltage signals. The ON pin is compatible with standard GPIO logic threshold. It can be used with any microcontroller with 1 V or higher GPIO voltage. This pin cannot be left floating and must be driven either high or low for proper functionality.

9.3.2 Input Capacitor (C_{IN})

To limit the voltage drop on the input supply caused by transient in-rush currents when the switch turns on into a discharged load capacitor or short-circuit, a capacitor needs to be placed between VIN and GND. A 1- μ F

ceramic capacitor, C_{IN} , placed close to the pins, is usually sufficient. Higher values of C_{IN} can be used to further reduce the voltage drop during high-current application. When switching heavy loads, it is recommended to have an input capacitor about 10 times higher than the output capacitor to avoid excessive voltage drop.

9.3.3 Output Capacitor (C_L)

Due to the integrated body diode in the MOSFET, a C_{IN} greater than C_L is highly recommended. A C_L greater than C_{IN} can cause V_{OUT} to exceed V_{IN} when the system supply is removed. This could result in current flow through the body diode from V_{OUT} to V_{IN} . A C_{IN} to C_L ratio of 10 to 1 is recommended for minimizing V_{IN} dip caused by inrush currents during startup.

9.4 Device Functional Modes

[Table 9-1](#) describes the connection of the V_{OUT} pin depending on the state of the ON pin.

Table 9-1. V_{OUT} Connection

ON	TPS22914	TPS22915
L	Open	GND
H	VIN	VIN

10 Application and Implementation

Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

10.1 Application Information

This section highlights some of the design considerations when implementing this device in various applications. A PSPICE model for this device is also available in the product page of this device.

10.2 Typical Application

This typical application demonstrates how the TPS22914 and TPS22915 can be used to power downstream modules.

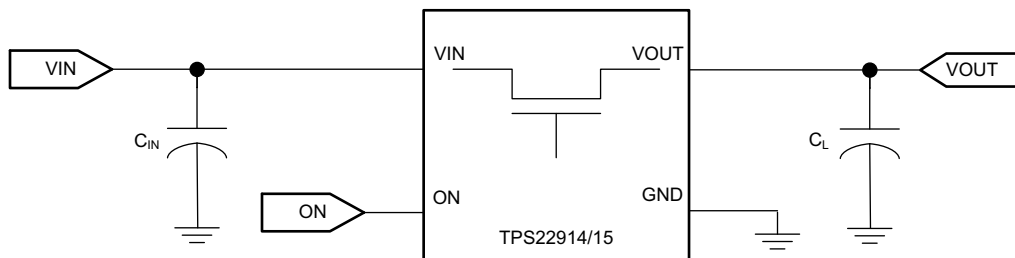


Figure 10-1. Typical Application Schematic

10.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the input parameters shown in [Table 10-1](#).

Table 10-1. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
V_{IN}	5 V
Load current	2 A

10.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, the designer needs to know the following:

- V_{IN} voltage
- Load Current

10.2.2.1 V_{IN} to V_{OUT} Voltage Drop

The V_{IN} to V_{OUT} voltage drop in the device is determined by the R_{ON} of the device and the load current. The R_{ON} of the device depends upon the V_{IN} conditions of the device. Refer to the R_{ON} specification of the device in the [Electrical Characteristics](#) table of this datasheet. Once the R_{ON} of the device is determined based upon the V_{IN} conditions, use [Equation 1](#) to calculate the V_{IN} to V_{OUT} voltage drop.

$$\Delta V = I_{LOAD} \times R_{ON} \quad (1)$$

where

- ΔV = voltage drop from V_{IN} to V_{OUT}
- I_{LOAD} = load current
- R_{ON} = On-resistance of the device for a specific V_{IN}

An appropriate I_{LOAD} must be chosen such that the I_{MAX} specification of the device is not violated.

10.2.2.2 Inrush Current

To determine how much inrush current is caused by the C_L capacitor, use [Equation 2](#).

$$I_{INRUSH} = C_L \times \frac{dV_{OUT}}{dt} \quad (2)$$

where

- I_{INRUSH} = amount of inrush caused by C_L
- C_L = capacitance on V_{OUT}
- dt = rise time in V_{OUT} during the ramp up of V_{OUT} when the device is enabled
- dV_{OUT} = change in V_{OUT} during the ramp up of V_{OUT} when the device is enabled

An appropriate C_L value must be placed on V_{OUT} such that the I_{MAX} and I_{PLS} specifications of the device are not violated.

10.2.3 Application Curves

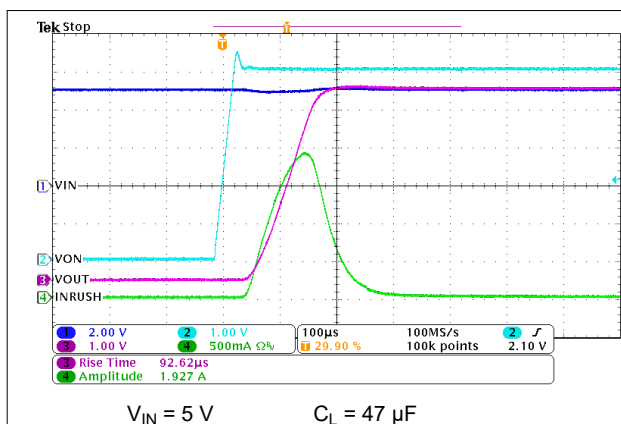


Figure 10-2. TPS22914B/15B Inrush Current

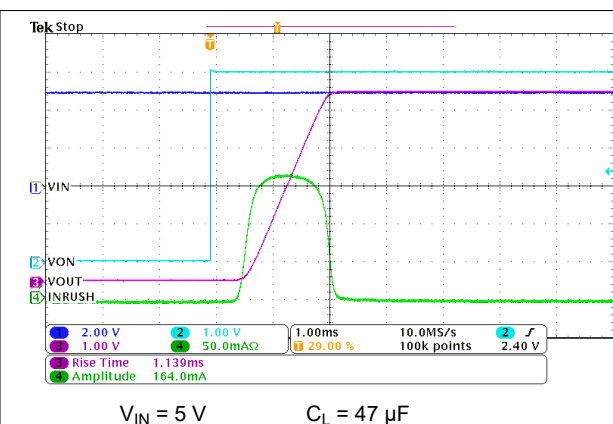


Figure 10-3. TPS22914C/15C Inrush Current

11 Power Supply Recommendations

The device is designed to operate from a VIN range of 1.05 V to 5.5 V. This supply must be well regulated and placed as close to the device terminal as possible with the recommended 1-μF bypass capacitor. If the supply is located more than a few inches from the device terminals, additional bulk capacitance may be required in addition to the ceramic bypass capacitors. If additional bulk capacitance is required, an electrolytic, tantalum, or ceramic capacitor of 1 μF may be sufficient.

12 Layout

12.1 Layout Guidelines

1. VIN and VOUT traces must be as short and wide as possible to accommodate for high current.
2. The VIN pin must be bypassed to ground with low ESR ceramic bypass capacitors. The typical recommended bypass capacitance is 1-μF ceramic with X5R or X7R dielectric. This capacitor must be placed as close to the device pins as possible.
3. The VOUT pin must be bypassed to ground with low ESR ceramic bypass capacitors. The typical recommended bypass capacitance is one-tenth of the VIN bypass capacitor of X5R or X7R dielectric rating. This capacitor must be placed as close to the device pins as possible.

12.1.1 Thermal Considerations

For best performance, all traces must be as short as possible. To be most effective, the input and output capacitors must be placed close to the device to minimize the effects that parasitic trace inductances may have on normal and short-circuit operation. Using wide traces for VIN, VOUT, and GND helps minimize the parasitic electrical effects along with minimizing the case to ambient thermal impedance.

The maximum IC junction temperature must be restricted to 125°C under normal operating conditions. To calculate the maximum allowable dissipation, $P_{D(max)}$ for a given output current and ambient temperature, use [Equation 3](#).

$$P_{D(MAX)} = \frac{T_{J(MAX)} - T_A}{\theta_{JA}} \quad (3)$$

where

- $P_{D(MAX)}$ = maximum allowable power dissipation
- $T_{J(MAX)}$ = maximum allowable junction temperature (125°C for the TPS22914/15)
- T_A = ambient temperature of the device
- θ_{JA} = junction to air thermal impedance. Refer to the [Thermal Information](#) table. This parameter is highly dependent upon board layout.

12.2 Layout Example

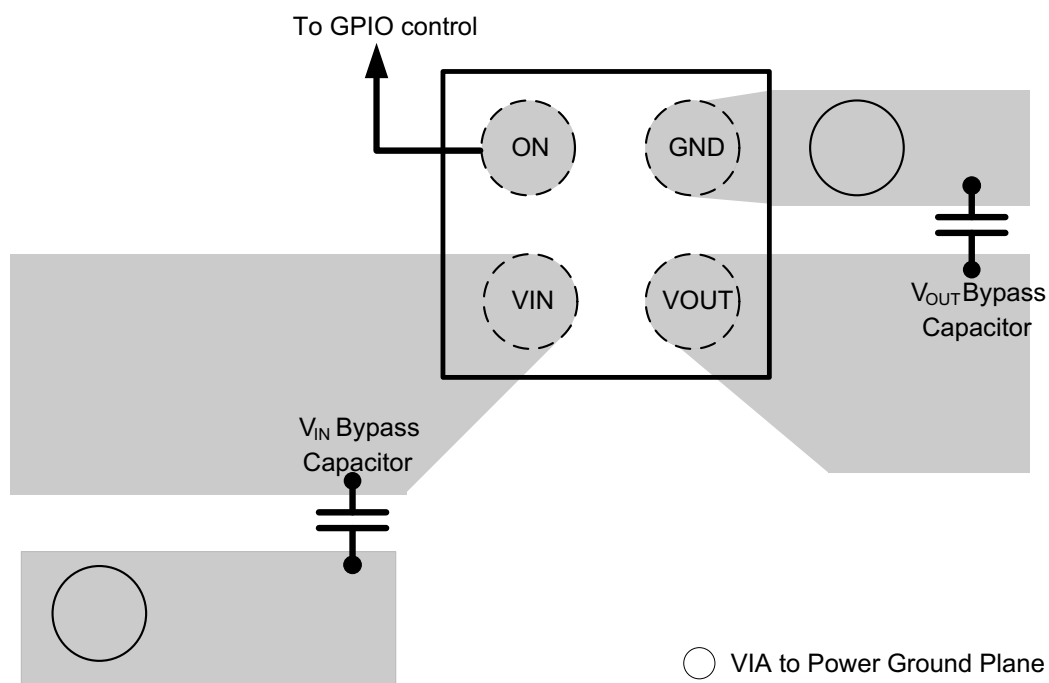


Figure 12-1. Recommended Board Layout

13 Device and Documentation Support

13.1 Documentation Support

13.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

- [Basics of Load Switches](#)
- [Managing Inrush Current](#)
- [Load Switch Thermal Considerations](#)
- [Using the TPS22915BEVM-078 Single Channel Load Switch IC](#)
- [Implementing Ship Mode Using the TPS22915B Load Switches](#)

13.2 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

Table 13-1. Related Links

PARTS	PRODUCT FOLDER	SAMPLE & BUY	TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS	TOOLS & SOFTWARE	SUPPORT & COMMUNITY
TPS22914B	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TPS22914C	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TPS22915B	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
TPS22915C	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here

13.3 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on [ti.com](#). Click on *Subscribe to updates* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

13.4 Support Resources

[TI E2E™ support forums](#) are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

13.5 Trademarks

Ultrabook™ is a trademark of Intel.

TI E2E™ is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

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13.6 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

13.7 Glossary

[TI Glossary](#) This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

14 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
TPS22914BYFPR	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFP) 4	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S3
TPS22914BYFPR.A	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFP) 4	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S3
TPS22914BYFPT	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFP) 4	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S3
TPS22914BYFPT.A	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFP) 4	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S3
TPS22914CYFPR	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFP) 4	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S6
TPS22914CYFPR.A	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFP) 4	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S6
TPS22914CYFPT	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFP) 4	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S6
TPS22914CYFPT.A	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFP) 4	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S6
TPS22915BYFPR	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFP) 4	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S4
TPS22915BYFPR.A	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFP) 4	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S4
TPS22915BYFPT	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFP) 4	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S4
TPS22915BYFPT.A	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFP) 4	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S4
TPS22915CYFPR	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFP) 4	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S7
TPS22915CYFPR.A	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFP) 4	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S7
TPS22915CYFPT	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFP) 4	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S7
TPS22915CYFPT.A	Active	Production	DSBGA (YFP) 4	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 105	S7

⁽¹⁾ **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

⁽²⁾ **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

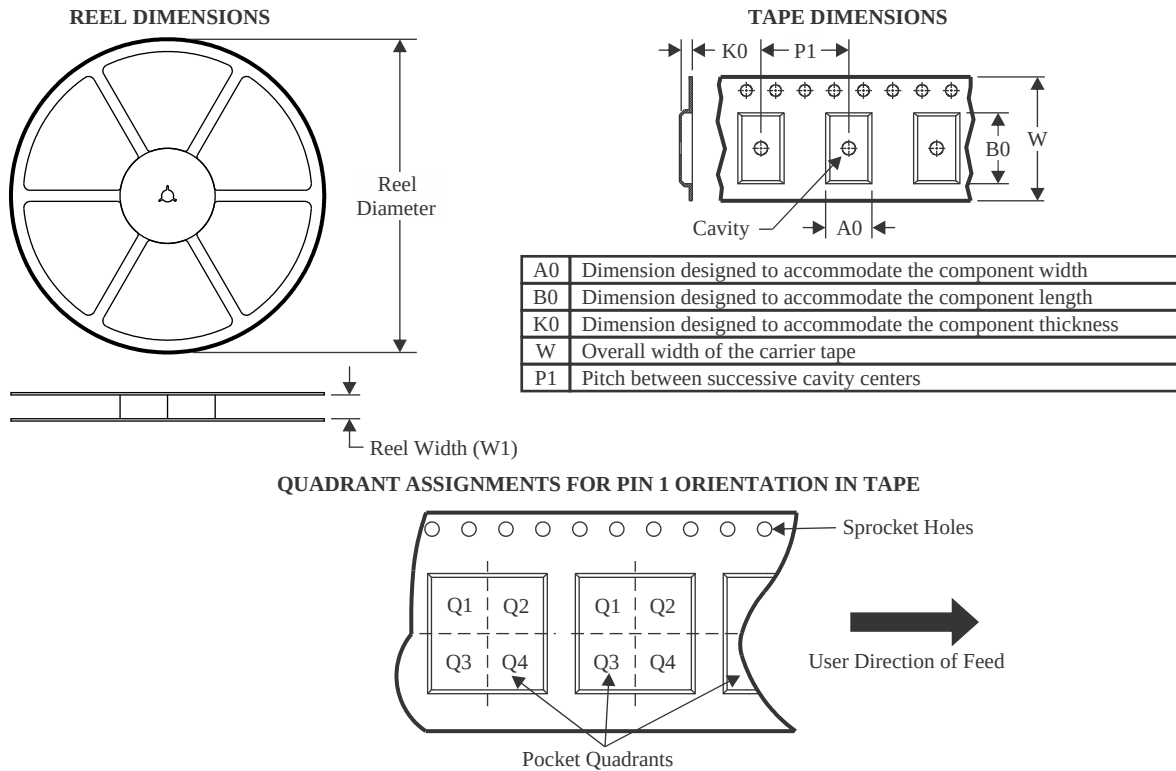
(6) Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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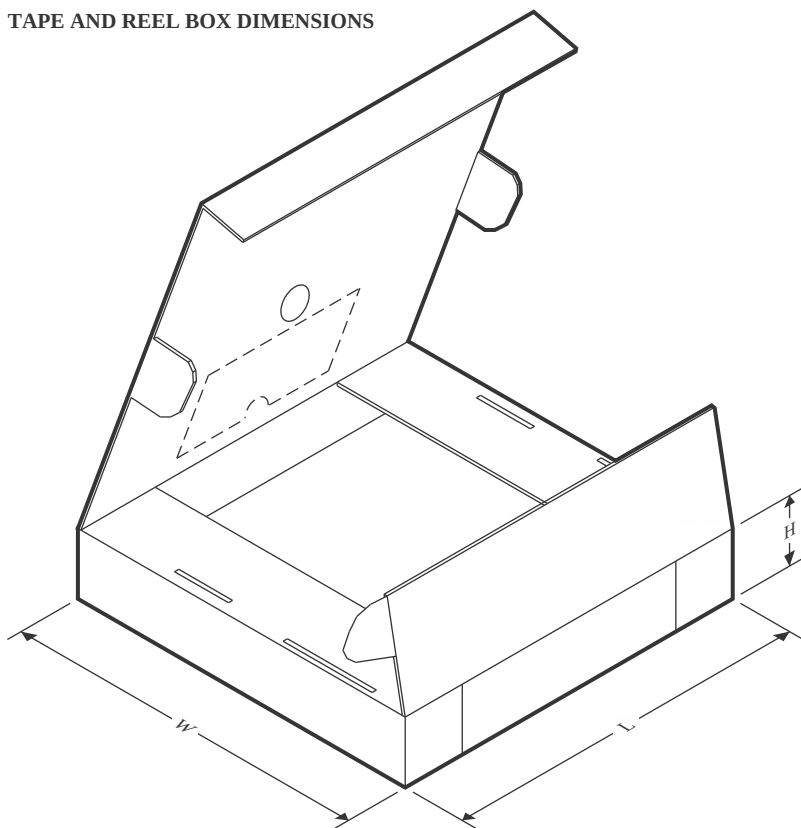
TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



*All dimensions are nominal

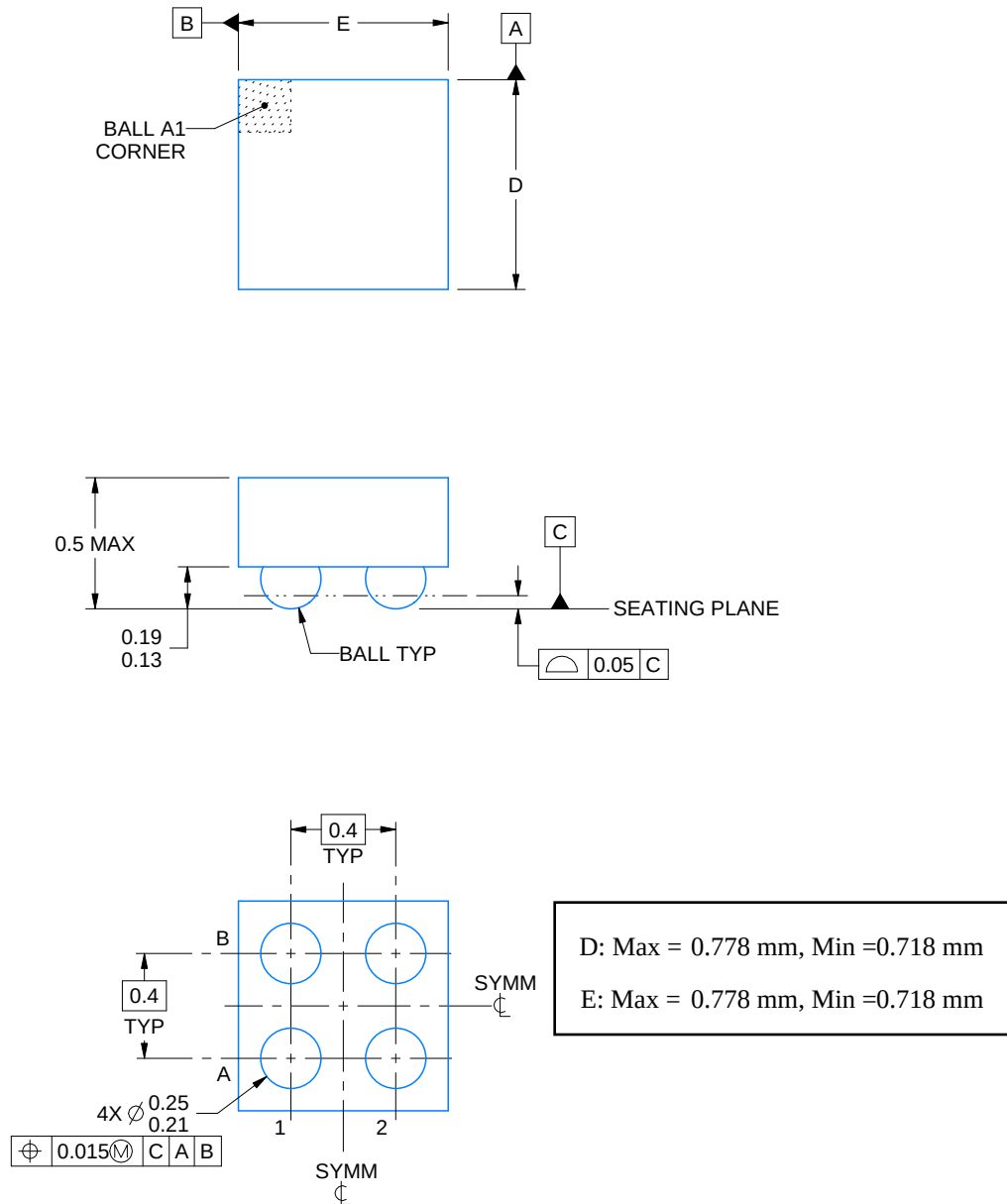
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS22914BYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	180.0	8.4	0.85	0.85	0.64	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22914BYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	180.0	8.4	0.85	0.85	0.64	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22914CYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	180.0	8.4	0.85	0.85	0.64	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22914CYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	180.0	8.4	0.85	0.85	0.64	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22915BYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	180.0	8.4	0.85	0.85	0.64	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22915BYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	180.0	8.4	0.85	0.85	0.64	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22915CYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	180.0	8.4	0.85	0.85	0.64	4.0	8.0	Q1
TPS22915CYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	180.0	8.4	0.85	0.85	0.64	4.0	8.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

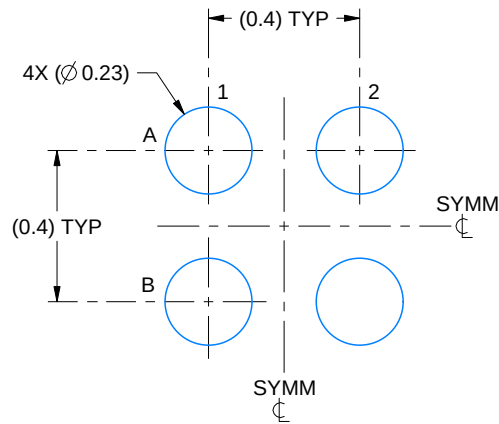
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS22914BYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS22914BYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS22914CYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS22914CYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS22915BYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS22915BYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS22915CYFPR	DSBGA	YFP	4	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0
TPS22915CYFPT	DSBGA	YFP	4	250	182.0	182.0	20.0



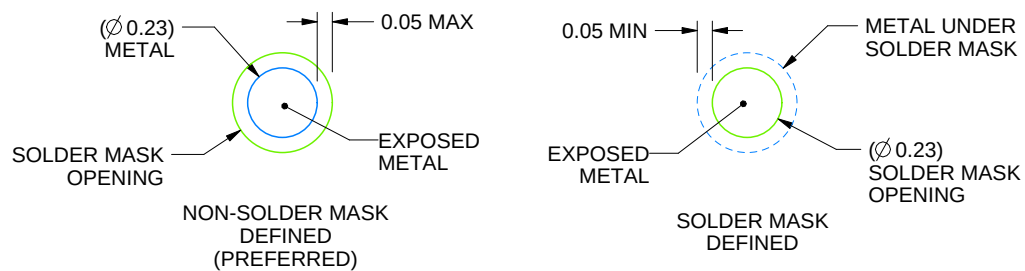
4223507/A 01/2017

NOTES:

1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE:50X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS
NOT TO SCALE

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NOTES: (continued)

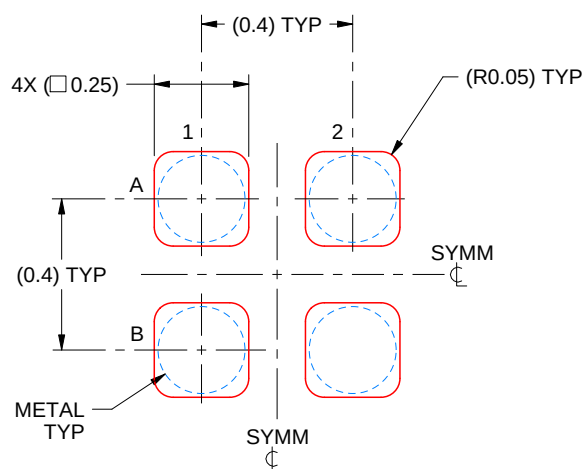
- Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

YFP0004

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.1 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE:50X

4223507/A 01/2017

NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.

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