



TPS54428 4.5-V to 18-V Input, 4-A Synchronous Step-Down Converter With Eco-Mode™

1 Features

- D-CAP2™ Mode Enables Fast Transient Response
- Low Output Ripple and Allows Ceramic Output Capacitor
- Wide V_{IN} Input Voltage Range: 4.5 V to 18 V
- Output Voltage Range: 0.76 V to 7.0 V
- Highly Efficient Integrated FETs Optimized for Lower Duty Cycle Applications
 - 70 mΩ (High Side) and 53 mΩ (Low Side)
- High Efficiency, Less Than 10 μ A at Shutdown
- High Initial Bandgap Reference Accuracy
- Adjustable Soft Start
- Pre-Biased Soft Start
- 650-kHz Switching Frequency (f_{sw})
- Cycle By Cycle Over Current Limit
- Auto-Skip Eco-mode™ for High Efficiency at Light Load

2 Applications

- Wide Range of Applications for Low Voltage System
 - Digital TV Power Supply
 - High Definition Blu-ray Disc™ Players
 - Networking Home Terminal
 - Digital Set Top Box (STB)

3 Description

The TPS54428 is an adaptive on-time D-CAP2™ mode synchronous buck converter.

The TPS54428 enables system designers to complete the suite of various end-equipment power bus regulators with a cost effective, low component count, low standby current solution.

The main control loop for the TPS54428 uses the D-CAP2™ mode control that provides a fast transient response with no external compensation components.

The adaptive on-time control supports seamless transition between PWM mode at higher load conditions and Eco-mode™ operation at light loads.

Eco-mode™ allows the TPS54428 to maintain high efficiency during lighter load conditions.

The TPS54428 also has a proprietary circuit that enables the device to adopt to both low equivalent series resistance (ESR) output capacitors, such as POSCAP or SP-CAP, and ultra-low ESR ceramic capacitors. The device operates from 4.5-V to 18-V V_{IN} input.

The output voltage can be programmed between 0.76 V and 7.0 V.

The device also features an adjustable soft start time.

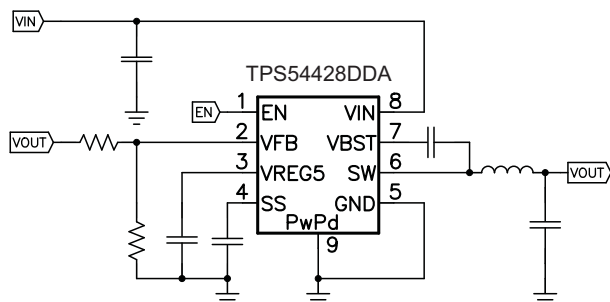
The TPS54428 is available in 8-pin DDA package and 10-pin DRC packages, and is designed to operate over the ambient temperature range of -40°C to 85°C .

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TPS54428	SO PowerPAD (8)	4.90 mm × 3.90 mm
	VSON (10)	3.00 mm × 3.00 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Simplified Schematic



1.05-V Load Transient Response

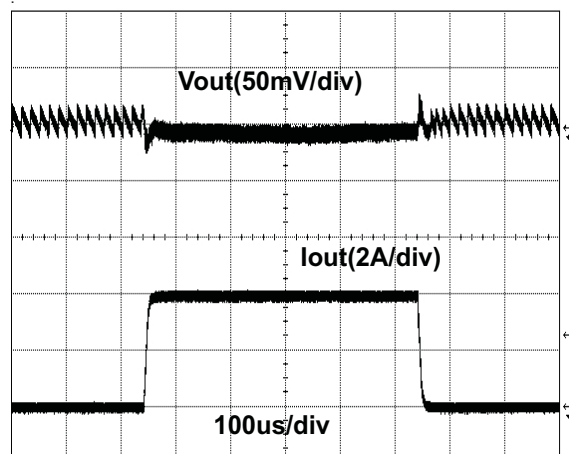


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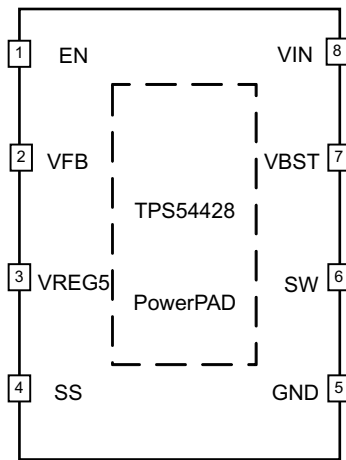
4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

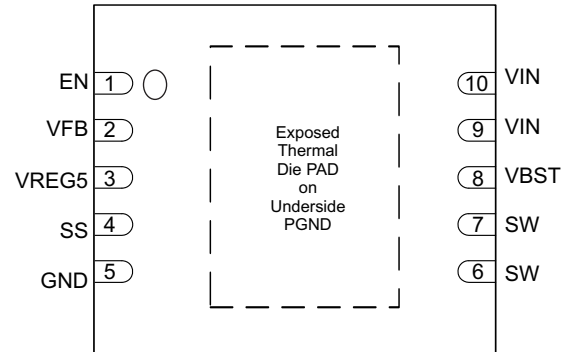
Changes from Revision C (October 2015) to Revision D	Page
• Updated Figure 20	16
Changes from Revision B (March 2013) to Revision C	Page
• Added <i>Pin Configuration and Functions</i> section, <i>ESD Ratings</i> table, <i>Feature Description</i> section, <i>Device Functional Modes</i> , <i>Application and Implementation</i> section, <i>Power Supply Recommendations</i> section, <i>Layout</i> section, <i>Device and Documentation Support</i> section, and <i>Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information</i> section	1
Changes from Revision A (January 2012) to Revision B	Page
• Changed the Description text to include the DRC package	1
• Added Figure 21	16
Changes from Original (November 2011) to Revision A	Page
• Deleted $T_A = -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C from ELEC CHARA table, CURRENT LIMIT section, Test Conditions statement.....	5

5 Pin Configuration and Functions

**DDA Package with Thermal Pad
8-Pin SO PowerPAD
Top View**



**DRC Package with Thermal Pad
10-Pin VSON
Top View**



Pin Functions

PIN			DESCRIPTION
NAME	DDA	DRC	
EN	1	1	Enable input control. Active high.
VFB	2	2	Converter feedback input. Connect to output voltage with feedback resistor divider.
VREG5	3	3	5.5 V power supply output. A capacitor (typical 1 μ F) should be connected to GND. VREG5 is not active when EN is low.
SS	4	4	Soft-start control. An external capacitor should be connected to GND.
GND	5		Ground pin. Power ground return for switching circuit. Connect sensitive SS and VFB returns to GND at a single point.
GND		5	Ground pin. Connect sensitive SS and VFB returns to GND at a single point.
SW	6	6, 7	Switch node connection between high-side NFET and low-side NFET.
VBST	7	8	Supply input for the high-side FET gate drive circuit. Connect 0.1 μ F capacitor between VBST and SW pins. An internal diode is connected between VREG5 and VBST.
VIN	8	9, 10	Input voltage supply pin.
Exposed Thermal Pad	Back side		Thermal pad of the package. Must be soldered to achieve appropriate dissipation. Must be connected to GND.
Exposed Thermal Pad		Back side	Thermal pad of the package. PGND power ground return of internal low-side FET. Must be soldered to achieve appropriate dissipation.

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Input voltage	VIN, EN	−0.3	20	V
	VBST	−0.3	26	V
	VBST (10 ns transient)	−0.3	28	V
	VBST (vs SW)	−0.3	6.5	V
	VFB, SS	−0.3	6.5	V
	SW	−2	20	V
	SW (10 ns transient)	−3	22	V
Output voltage	VREG5	−0.3	6.5	V
	GND	−0.3	0.3	V
Voltage from GND to thermal pad, V _{diff}		−0.2	0.2	V
Operating junction temperature, T _J		−40	150	°C
Storage temperature, T _{stg}		−55	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *absolute maximum ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *recommended operating conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
V _(ESD) Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±2000	V
	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±500	V

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{IN}	Supply input voltage range		4.5	18	V
V _I	Input voltage range	VBST	−0.1	24	V
		VBST (10 ns transient)	−0.1	27	V
		VBST(vs SW)	−0.1	5.7	V
		SS	−0.1	5.7	V
		EN	−0.1	18	V
		VFB	−0.1	5.5	V
		SW	−1.8	18	V
		SW (10 ns transient)	−3	21	V
		GND	−0.1	0.1	V
V _O	Output voltage range	VREG5	−0.1	5.7	V
I _O	Output Current range	I _{VREG5}	0	10	mA
T _A	Operating free-air temperature		−40	85	°C
T _J	Operating junction temperature		−40	150	°C

6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		TPS54428		UNIT
		DDA (SO POWERPAD)	DRC (VSON)	
		8 PINS	10 PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	42.1	43.2	°C/W
R _{θJctop}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	50.9	53.8	°C/W
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	31.8	18.2	°C/W
Ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	5	0.6	°C/W
Ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	13.5	18.3	°C/W
R _{θJcbot}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	7.1	4.7	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report, [SPRA953](#).

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range, V_{IN} = 12 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SUPPLY CURRENT						
I _{VIN}	Operating - non-switching supply current	V _{IN} current, T _A = 25°C, EN = 5 V, V _{FB} = 0.8 V		950	1400	μA
I _{VINSDN}	Shutdown supply current	V _{IN} current, T _A = 25°C, EN = 0 V		3.0	10	μA
LOGIC THRESHOLD						
V _{ENH}	EN high-level input voltage	EN	1.6			V
V _{ENL}	EN low-level input voltage	EN			0.6	V
R _{EN}	EN pin resistance to GND	V _{EN} = 12 V	225	450	900	kΩ
V_{FB} VOLTAGE AND DISCHARGE RESISTANCE						
V _{FBTH}	V _{FB} threshold voltage	T _A = 25°C, V _O = 1.05 V, I _O = 10 mA, Eco-mode™ operation		771		mV
		T _A = 25°C, V _O = 1.05 V, continuous mode operation	757	765	773	
		T _A = -40°C to 85°C, V _O = 1.05V, continuous mode operation ⁽¹⁾	751	765	779	
I _{VFB}	V _{FB} input current	V _{FB} = 0.8 V, T _A = 25°C		0	±0.1	μA
V_{REG5} OUTPUT						
V _{VREG5}	V _{REG5} output voltage	T _A = 25°C, 6.0 V < V _{IN} < 18 V, 0 < I _{VREG5} < 5 mA	5.2	5.5	5.7	V
V _{LN5}	Line regulation	6 V < V _{IN} < 18 V, I _{VREG5} = 5 mA			25	mV
V _{LD5}	Load regulation	0 mA < I _{VREG5} < 5 mA			100	mV
I _{VREG5}	Output current	V _{IN} = 6 V, V _{REG5} = 4.0 V, T _A = 25°C		60		mA
MOSFET						
R _{DS(on)h}	High side switch resistance, DDA	25°C, V _{BST} - SW = 5.5 V		70		mΩ
R _{DS(on)h}	High side switch resistance, DRC	25°C, V _{BST} - SW = 5.5 V		74		mΩ
R _{DS(on)l}	Low side switch resistance	25°C		53		mΩ
CURRENT LIMIT						
I _{ocl}	Current limit	L out = 1.5 μH ⁽¹⁾	4.6	5.3	6.8	A

(1) Not production tested.

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

over operating free-air temperature range, $V_{IN} = 12\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
THERMAL SHUTDOWN						
T _{SDN}	Thermal shutdown threshold	Shutdown temperature ⁽¹⁾	170			°C
		Hysteresis ⁽¹⁾	35			
ON-TIME TIMER CONTROL						
t _{ON}	On time	V _{IN} = 12 V, V _O = 1.05 V	150			ns
t _{OFF(MIN)}	Minimum off time	T _A = 25°C, V _{FB} = 0.7 V	260 310			ns
SOFT START						
I _{SSC}	SS charge current	V _{SS} = 0 V	4.2	6.0	7.8	μA
I _{SSD}	SS discharge current	V _{SS} = 1 V	0.1	0.2		mA
UVLO						
UVLO	UVLO threshold	Wake up V _{REG5} voltage	3.45	3.75	4.05	V
		Hysteresis V _{REG5} voltage	0.19	0.32	0.45	

6.6 Typical Characteristics

$V_{IN} = 12\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

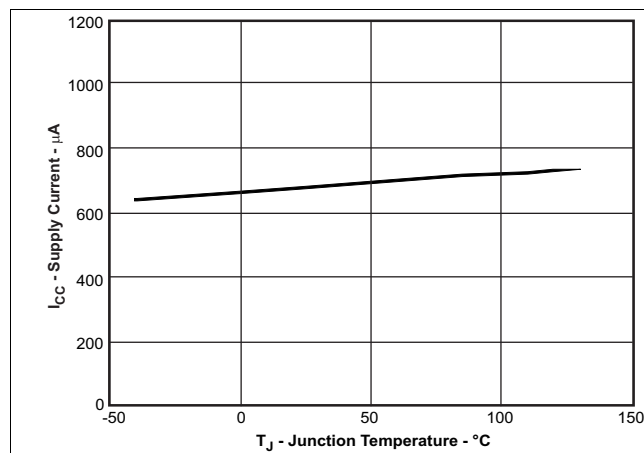


Figure 1. VIN Current vs Junction Temperature

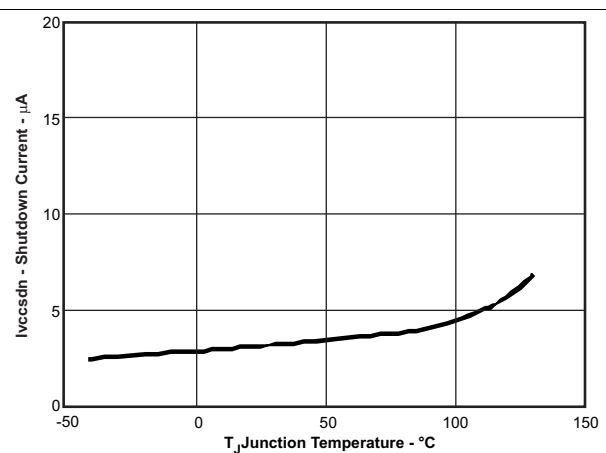


Figure 2. VIN Shutdown Current vs Junction Temperature

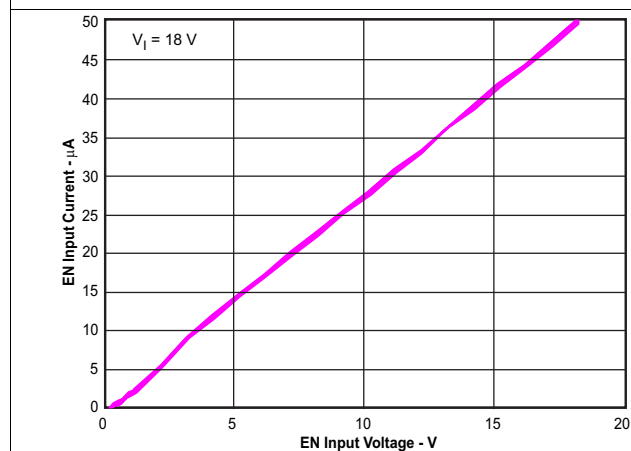


Figure 3. EN Current vs EN Voltage

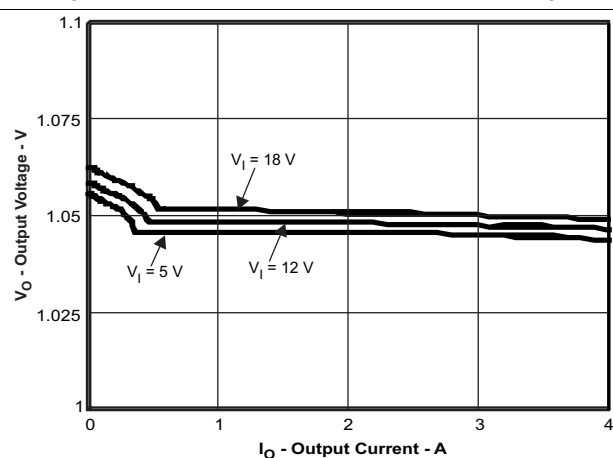


Figure 4. 1.05-V Output Voltage vs Output Current

Typical Characteristics (continued)

VIN = 12 V, TA = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

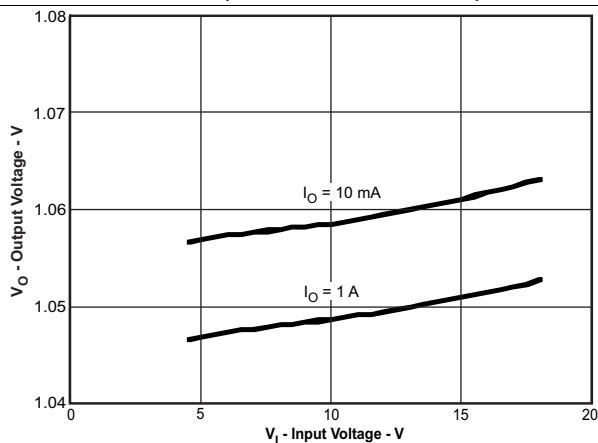


Figure 5. 1.05-V Output Voltage vs VIN Voltage

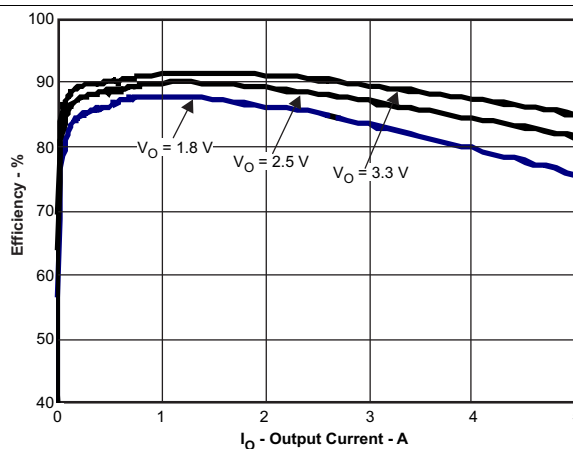


Figure 6. Efficiency vs Output Current

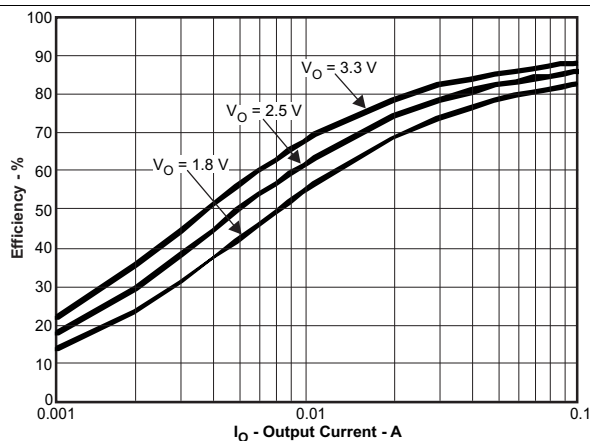


Figure 7. Light Load Efficiency vs Output Current

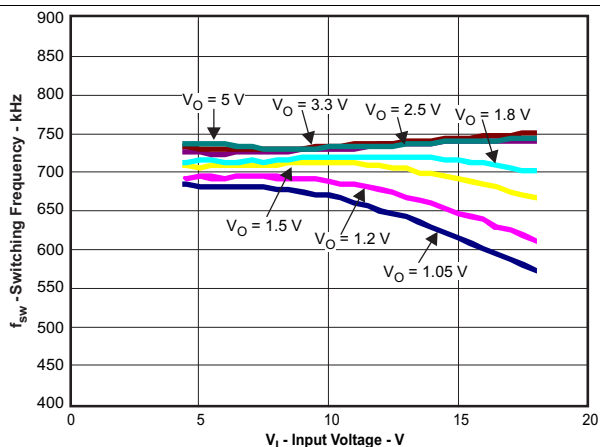


Figure 8. Switching Frequency vs Input Voltage

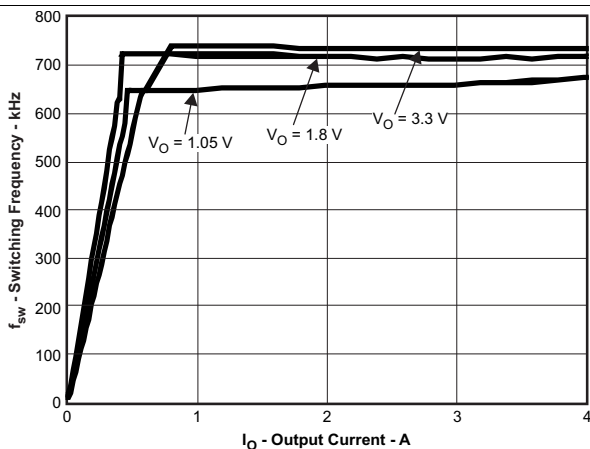


Figure 9. Switching Frequency vs Output Current

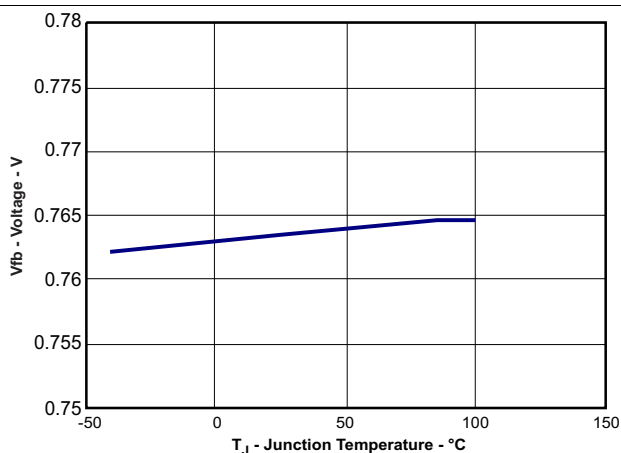


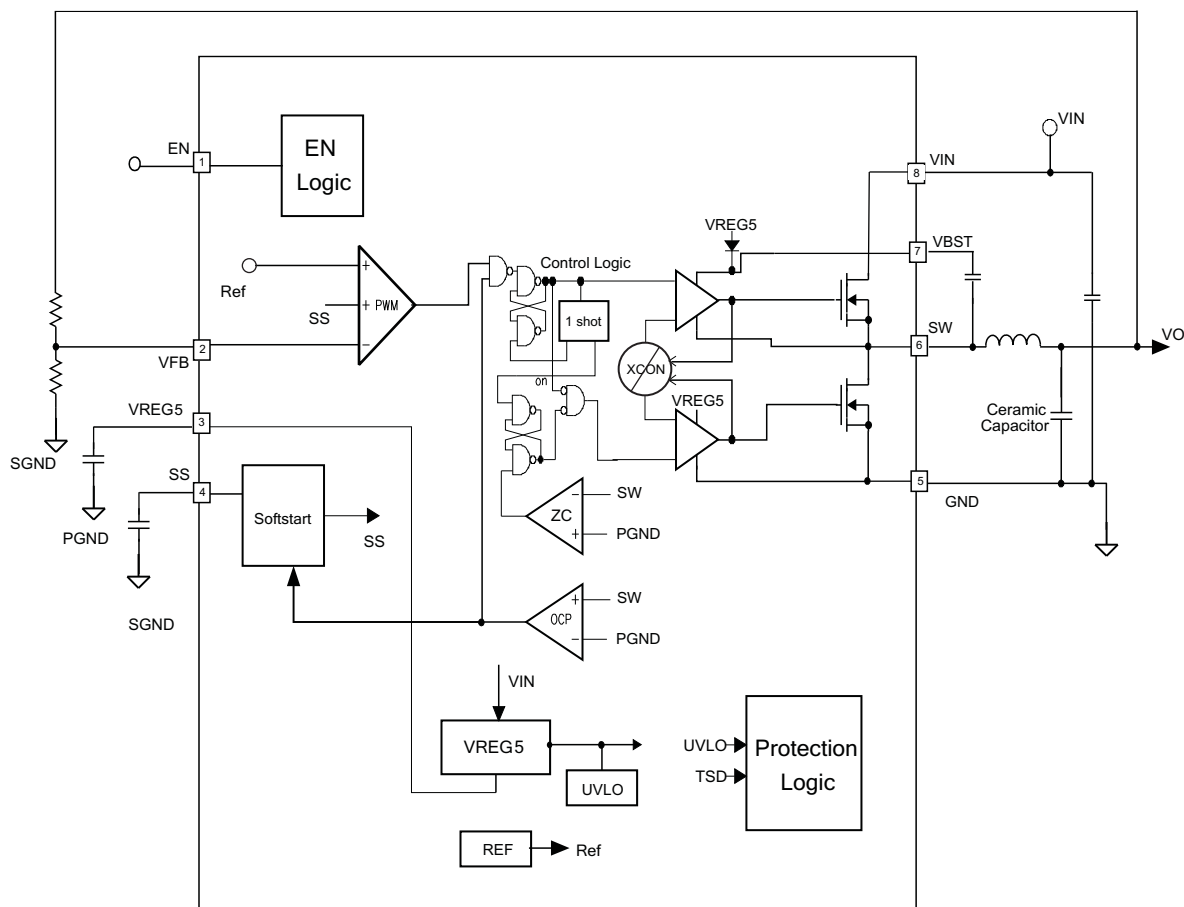
Figure 10. VFB Voltage vs Junction Temperature

7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The TPS54428 is a 4-A synchronous step-down (buck) converter with two integrated N-channel MOSFETs. It operates using D-CAP2™ mode control. The fast transient response of D-CAP2™ control reduces the output capacitance required to meet a specific level of performance. Proprietary internal circuitry allows the use of low ESR output capacitors including ceramic and special polymer types.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 PWM Operation

The main control loop of the TPS54428 is an adaptive on-time pulse width modulation (PWM) controller that supports a proprietary D-CAP2™ mode control. D-CAP2™ mode control combines constant on-time control with an internal compensation circuit for pseudo-fixed frequency and low external component count configuration with both low ESR and ceramic output capacitors. It is stable even with virtually no ripple at the output.

At the beginning of each cycle, the high-side MOSFET is turned on. This MOSFET is turned off after internal one shot timer expires. This one shot is set by the converter input voltage, VIN, and the output voltage, VO, to maintain a pseudo-fixed frequency over the input voltage range, hence it is called adaptive on-time control. The one-shot timer is reset and the high-side MOSFET is turned on again when the feedback voltage falls below the reference voltage. An internal ramp is added to reference voltage to simulate output ripple, eliminating the need for ESR induced output ripple from D-CAP2™ mode control.

Feature Description (continued)

7.3.2 PWM Frequency and Adaptive On-Time Control

TPS54428 uses an adaptive on-time control scheme and does not have a dedicated on board oscillator. The TPS54428 runs with a pseudo-constant frequency of 650 kHz by using the input voltage and output voltage to set the on-time one-shot timer. The on-time is inversely proportional to the input voltage and proportional to the output voltage, therefore, when the duty ratio is V_{OUT}/V_{IN} , the frequency is constant.

7.3.3 Auto-Skip Eco-Mode™ Control

The TPS54428 is designed with Auto-Skip Eco-mode™ to increase light load efficiency. As the output current decreases from heavy load condition, the inductor current is also reduced and eventually comes to point that its rippled valley touches zero level, which is the boundary between continuous conduction and discontinuous conduction modes. The rectifying MOSFET is turned off when its zero inductor current is detected. As the load current further decreases the converter run into discontinuous conduction mode. The on-time is kept almost the same as is was in the continuous conduction mode so that it takes longer time to discharge the output capacitor with smaller load current to the level of the reference voltage. The transition point to the light load operation $I_{OUT(LL)}$ current can be calculated in Equation 1.

$$I_{OUT(LL)} = \frac{1}{2 \times L \times f_{SW}} \times \frac{(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} \quad (1)$$

7.4 Device Functional Modes

7.4.1 Soft Start and Pre-Biased Soft Start

The soft start function is adjustable. When the EN pin becomes high, 6-μA current begins charging the capacitor which is connected from the SS pin to GND. Smooth control of the output voltage is maintained during start up. The equation for the slow start time is shown in Equation 2. VFB voltage is 0.765 V and SS pin source current is 6-μA.

$$T_{SS}(ms) = \frac{C6(nF) \times V_{ref} \times 1.1}{I_{SS}(\mu A)} = \frac{C6(nF) \times 0.765 \times 1.1}{6} \quad (2)$$

The TPS54428 contains a unique circuit to prevent current from being pulled from the output during startup if the output is pre-biased. When the soft-start commands a voltage higher than the pre-bias level (internal soft start becomes greater than feedback voltage V_{FB}), the controller slowly activates synchronous rectification by starting the first low side FET gate driver pulses with a narrow on-time. It then increments that on-time on a cycle-by-cycle basis until it coincides with the time dictated by $(1-D)$, where D is the duty cycle of the converter. This scheme prevents the initial sinking of the pre-bias output, and ensure that the out voltage (V_O) starts and ramps up smoothly into regulation and the control loop is given time to transition from pre-biased start-up to normal mode operation.

7.4.2 Current Protection

The output over-current protection (OCP) is implemented using a cycle-by-cycle valley detect control circuit. The switch current is monitored by measuring the low-side FET switch voltage between the SW pin and GND. This voltage is proportional to the switch current. To improve accuracy, the voltage sensing is temperature compensated.

During the on time of the high-side FET switch, the switch current increases at a linear rate determined by V_{in} , V_{out} , the on-time and the output inductor value. During the on time of the low-side FET switch, this current decreases linearly. The average value of the switch current is the load current I_{out} . The TPS54428 constantly monitors the low-side FET switch voltage, which is proportional to the switch current, during the low-side on-time. If the measured voltage is above the voltage proportional to the current limit, an internal counter is incremented per each SW cycle and the converter maintains the low-side switch on until the measured voltage is below the voltage corresponding to the current limit at which time the switching cycle is terminated and a new switching cycle begins. In subsequent switching cycles, the on-time is set to a fixed value and the current is monitored in the same manner. If the over current condition exists for 7 consecutive switching cycles, the internal OCL threshold is set to a lower level, reducing the available output current. When a switching cycle occurs where the switch current is not above the lower OCL threshold, the counter is reset and the OCL limit is returned to the higher value.

Device Functional Modes (continued)

There are some important considerations for this type of over-current protection. The load current one half of the peak-to-peak inductor current is higher than the over-current threshold also when the current is being limited, the output voltage tends to fall as the demanded load current may be higher than the current available from the converter. This may cause the output voltage to fall. When the over current condition is removed, the output voltage returns to the regulated value. This protection is non-latching.

7.4.3 UVLO Protection

Undervoltage lock out protection (UVLO) monitors the voltage of the VREG5 pin. When the VREG5 voltage is lower than UVLO threshold voltage, the TPS54428 is shut off. This protection is non-latching.

7.4.4 Thermal Shutdown

TPS54428 monitors the temperature of itself. If the temperature exceeds the threshold value (typically 170°C), the device is shut off. This is non-latch protection.

8 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

The TPS54428 is designed to provide up to 4-A output current from an input voltage source of 4.5 V to 17 V. The output voltage range is from 0.76 V to 6 V.

8.2 Typical Application

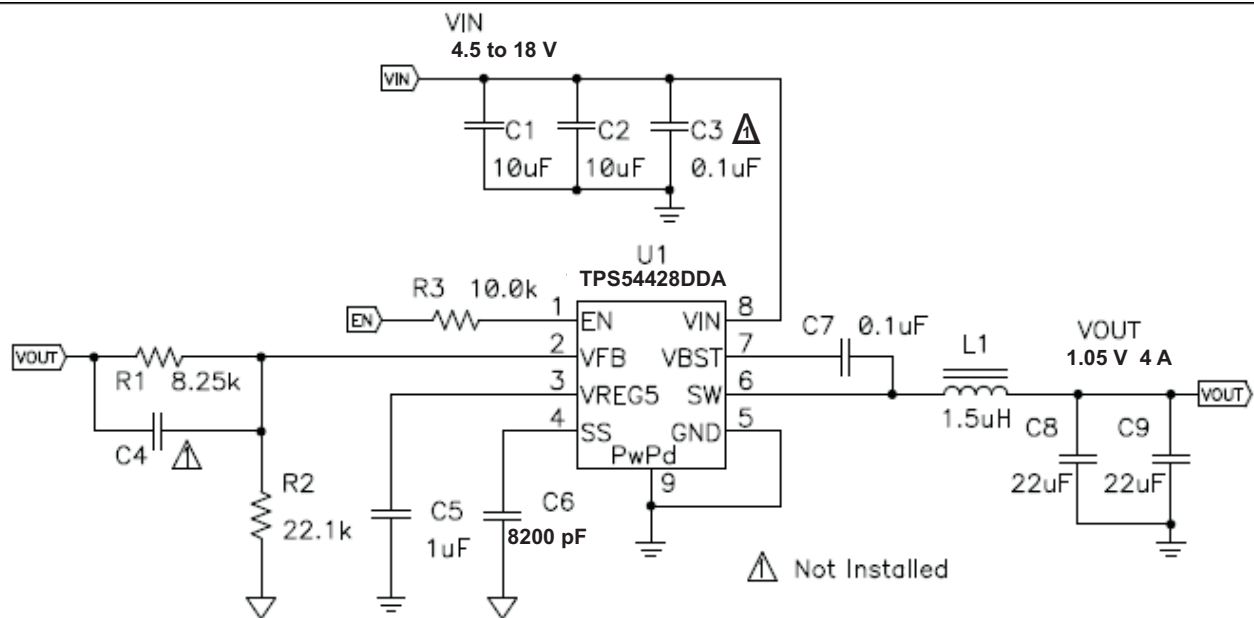


Figure 11. Schematic Diagram for This Design Example

8.2.1 Design Requirements

To begin the design process, you must know a few application parameters:

- Input voltage range
- Output voltage
- Output current
- Output voltage ripple
- Input voltage ripple

Table 1. Performance Specifications Summary

SPECIFICATIONS	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Input voltage range (V_{IN})		4.5	12	18	V
Output voltage (V_{OUT})			1.05		V
Operating frequency	$V_{IN} = 12\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 2\text{ A}$		650		kHz
Output current range		0		4	A
Line regulation	$I_O = 2.5\text{ A}$		$\pm 0.33\%$		

Typical Application (continued)

Table 1. Performance Specifications Summary (continued)

SPECIFICATIONS	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Load regulation	$V_{IN} = 12\text{ V}$		+0.9/–0.1%		
Overcurrent limit	$V_{IN} = 12\text{ V}$, $L = 1.5\text{ }\mu\text{H}$	4.6	5.3	6.8	A
Output ripple voltage	$V_{IN} = 12\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 4\text{ A}$		15		mV _{PP}
Maximum efficiency	$V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$, $I_{OUT} = 0.7\text{ A}$		88%		

8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

8.2.2.1 Output Voltage Resistors Selection

The output voltage is set with a resistor divider from the output node to the VFB pin. It is recommended to use 1% tolerance or better divider resistors. Start by using Equation 3 to calculate V_{OUT} .

To improve efficiency at very light loads consider using larger value resistors, too high of resistance will be more susceptible to noise and voltage errors from the VFB input current will be more noticeable.

$$V_{OUT} = 0.765 \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right) \quad (3)$$

8.2.2.2 Output Filter Selection

The output filter used with the TPS54428 is an LC circuit. This LC filter has double pole at:

$$F_P = \frac{1}{2\pi \sqrt{L_{OUT} \times C_{OUT}}} \quad (4)$$

At low frequencies, the overall loop gain is set by the output set-point resistor divider network and the internal gain of the TPS54428. The low frequency phase is 180 degrees. At the output filter pole frequency, the gain rolls off at a –40 dB per decade rate and the phase drops rapidly. D-CAP2™ introduces a high frequency zero that reduces the gain roll off to –20 dB per decade and increases the phase to 90 degrees one decade above the zero frequency. The inductor and capacitor selected for the output filter must be selected so that the double pole of Equation 4 is located below the high frequency zero but close enough that the phase boost provided by the high frequency zero provides adequate phase margin for a stable circuit. To meet this requirement use the values recommended in Table 2.

Table 2. Recommended Component Values

Output Voltage (V)	R1 (kΩ)	R2 (kΩ)	C4 (pF) ⁽¹⁾	L1 (μH)	C8 + C9 (μF)
1	6.81	22.1		1.5	22 - 68
1.05	8.25	22.1		1.5	22 - 68
1.2	12.7	22.1		1.5	22 - 68
1.5	21.5	22.1		1.5	22 - 68
1.8	30.1	22.1	5 - 22	2.2	22 - 68
2.5	49.9	22.1	5 - 22	2.2	22 - 68
3.3	73.2	22.1	5 - 22	2.2	22 - 68
5	124	22.1	5 - 22	3.3	22 - 68
6.5	165	22.1	5 - 22	3.3	22 - 68

(1) Optional

For higher output voltages at or above 1.8 V, additional phase boost can be achieved by adding a feed forward capacitor (C4) in parallel with R1

The inductor peak-to-peak ripple current, peak current and RMS current are calculated using Equation 5, Equation 6 and Equation 7. The inductor saturation current rating must be greater than the calculated peak current and the RMS or heating current rating must be greater than the calculated RMS current. Use 650 kHz for f_{SW} .

Use 650 kHz for f_{SW} . Make sure the chosen inductor is rated for the peak current of [Equation 6](#) and the RMS current of [Equation 7](#).

$$I_{P-P} = \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN(MAX)}} \times \frac{V_{IN(MAX)} - V_{OUT}}{L_O \times f_{SW}} \quad (5)$$

$$I_{PEAK} = I_O + \frac{I_{P-P}}{2} \quad (6)$$

$$I_{O(RMS)} = \sqrt{I_O^2 + \frac{1}{12} I_{P-P}^2} \quad (7)$$

For this design example, the calculated peak current is 4.51 A and the calculated RMS current is 4.01 A. The inductor used is a TDK SPM6530-1R5M100 with a peak current rating of 11.5 A and an RMS current rating of 11 A.

The capacitor value and ESR determines the amount of output voltage ripple. The TPS54428 is intended for use with ceramic or other low ESR capacitors. Recommended values range from 22µF to 68µF. Use [Equation 8](#) to determine the required RMS current rating for the output capacitor.

$$I_{CO(RMS)} = \frac{V_{OX} \times (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})}{\sqrt{12} \times V_{IN} \times L_O \times f_{SW}} \quad (8)$$

For this design two TDK C3216X5R0J226M 22µF output capacitors are used. The typical ESR is 2 mΩ each. The calculated RMS current is 0.286A and each output capacitor is rated for 4A.

8.2.2.3 Input Capacitor Selection

The TPS54428 requires an input decoupling capacitor and a bulk capacitor is needed depending on the application. A ceramic capacitor over 10µF is recommended for the decoupling capacitor. An additional 0.1 µF capacitor from pin 8 to ground is optional to provide additional frequency filtering. The capacitor voltage rating needs to be greater than the maximum input voltage.

8.2.2.4 Bootstrap Capacitor Selection

A 0.1-µF ceramic capacitor must be connected between the VBST to SW pin for proper operation. It is recommended to use a ceramic capacitor.

8.2.2.5 VREG5 Capacitor Selection

A 1-µF ceramic capacitor must be connected between the VREG5 to GND pin for proper operation. It is recommended to use a ceramic capacitor

8.2.3 Application Curves

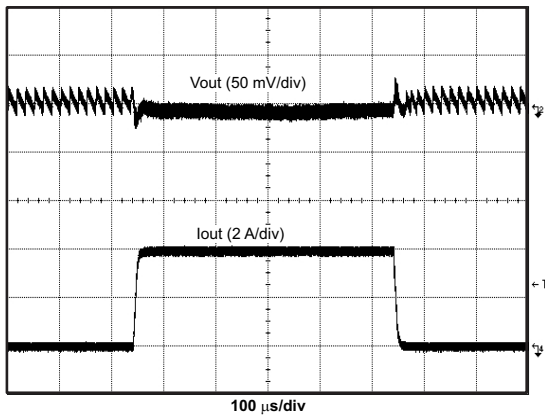


Figure 12. 1.05-V Load Transient Response

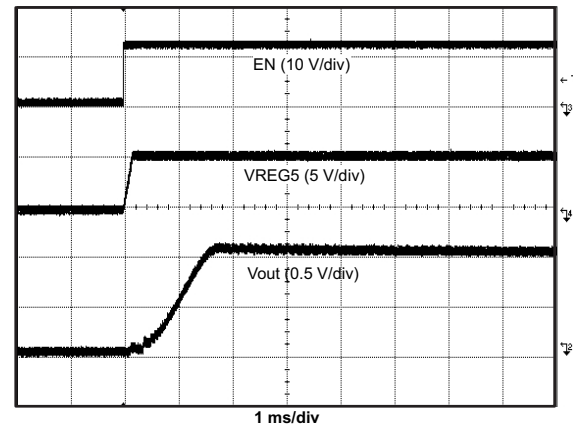


Figure 13. Start Up Waveform

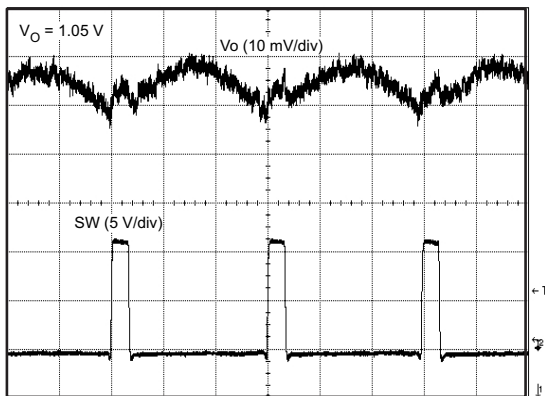


Figure 14. Voltage Ripple vs Ripple at Output ($I_O = 4$ A)

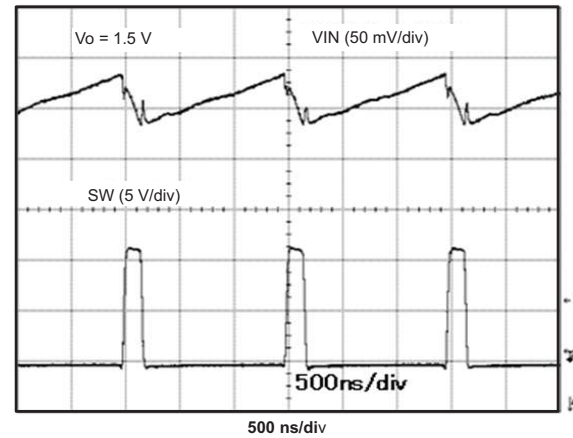


Figure 15. Voltage Ripple vs Ripple at Input ($I_O = 4$ A)

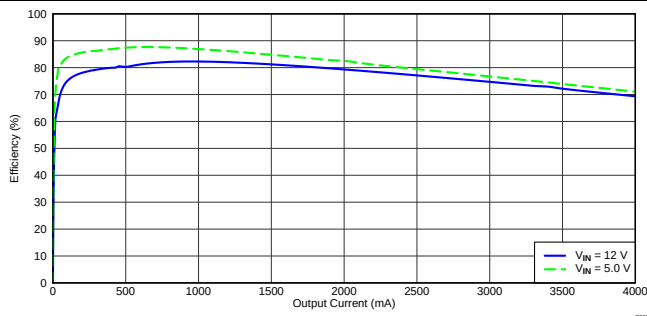


Figure 16. Efficiency

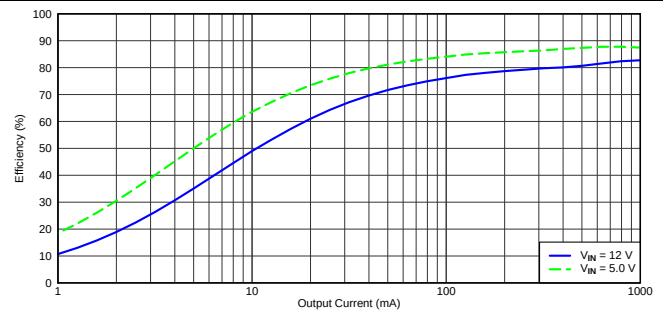
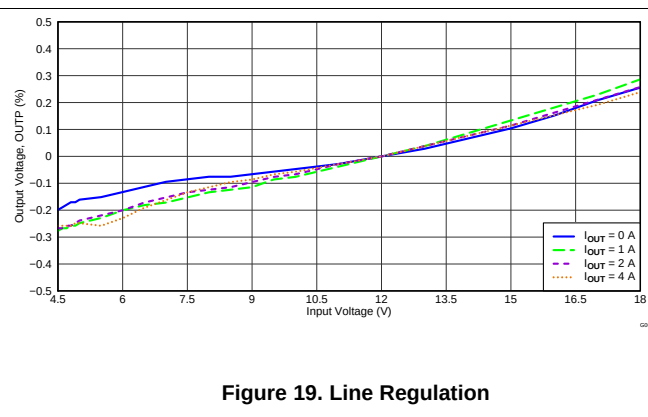
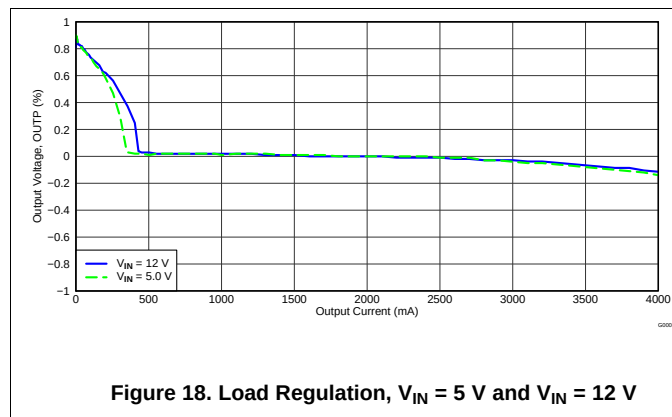


Figure 17. Light-Load Efficiency



9 Power Supply Recommendations

The TPS54428 is designed to operate from input supply voltage in the range of 4.5 V to 18 V.

Buck converters require the input voltage to be higher than the output voltage for proper operation. The maximum recommended operating duty cycle is 65%. Using that criteria, the minimum recommended input voltage is $V_O / 0.65$.

10 Layout

10.1 Layout Guidelines

1. Keep the input switching current loop as small as possible.
2. Keep the SW node as physically small and short as possible to minimize parasitic capacitance and inductance and to minimize radiated emissions. Kelvin connections should be brought from the output to the feedback pin of the device.
3. Keep analog and non-switching components away from switching components.
4. Make a single point connection from the signal ground to power ground.
5. Do not allow switching current to flow under the device.
6. Keep the pattern lines for VIN and PGND broad.
7. Exposed pad of device must be connected to PGND with solder.
8. VREG5 capacitor should be placed near the device, and connected PGND.
9. Output capacitor should be connected to a broad pattern of the PGND.
10. Voltage feedback loop should be as short as possible, and preferably with ground shield.
11. Lower resistor of the voltage divider which is connected to the VFB pin should be tied to SGND.
12. Providing sufficient vias for VIN, SW and PGND connection.
13. PCB pattern for VIN, SW, and PGND should be as broad as possible.
14. VIN Capacitor should be placed as near as possible to the device.
15. The TPS54428 can supply relatively large current up to 4A. So heat dissipation may be a concern. The top-side area adjacent to the TPS54428 should be filled with ground as much as possible to dissipate heat.
16. The bottom-side area directly below the IC should a dedicated ground area. It should be directly connected to the thermal pad using vias as shown. The ground area should be as large as practical. Additional internal layers can be dedicated as ground planes and connected to vias as well.

10.2 Layout Examples

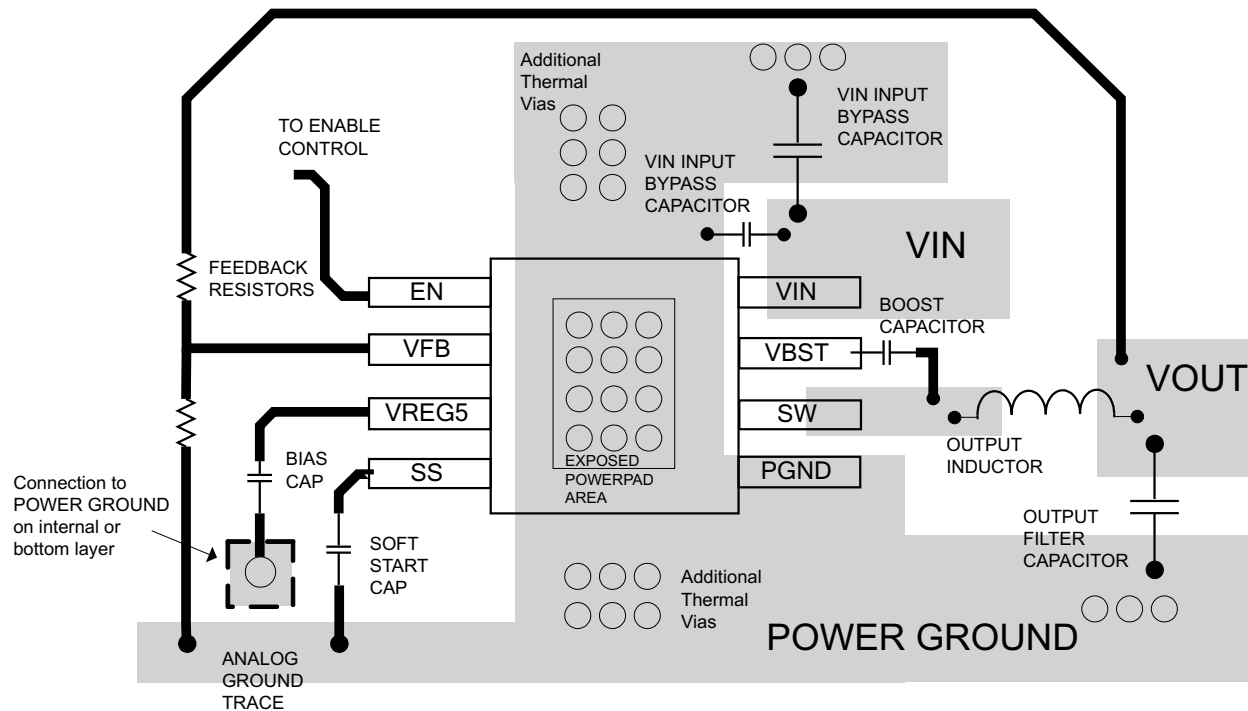


Figure 20. TPS54428 Layout for the DDA Package

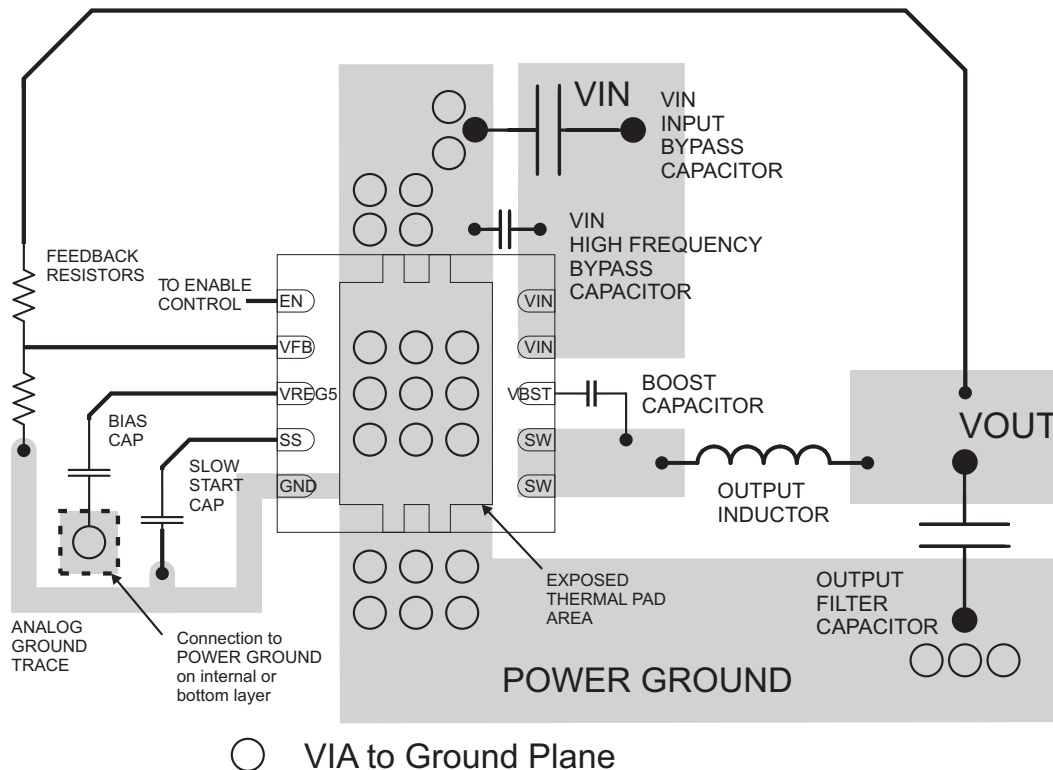


Figure 21. PCB Layout for the DRC Package

10.3 Thermal Considerations

This 8-pin DDA package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For additional information on the exposed thermal pad and how to use the advantage of its heat dissipating abilities, refer to *Technical Brief, PowerPAD™ Thermally Enhanced Package*, [SLMA002](#) and *Application Brief, PowerPAD™ Made Easy*, [SLMA004](#).

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for the DDA package are shown in [Figure 22](#).

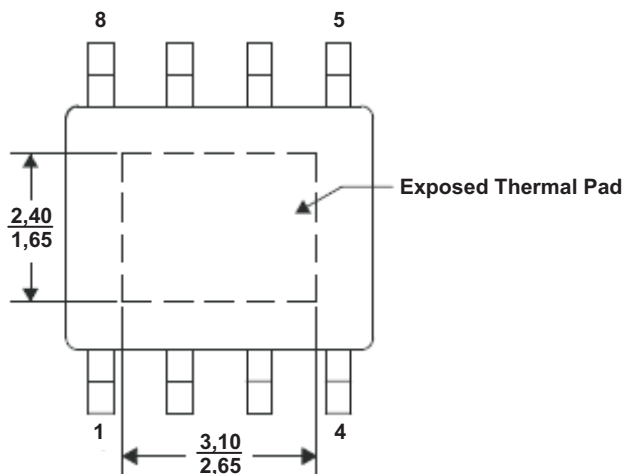


Figure 22. Thermal Pad Dimensions

11 Device and Documentation Support

11.1 Documentation Support

Technical Brief, PowerPAD™ Thermally Enhanced Package, [SLMA002](#)

Application Brief, PowerPAD™ Made Easy, [SLMA004](#).

11.2 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

TI E2E™ Online Community *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community*. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At [e2e.ti.com](#), you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

11.3 Trademarks

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Blu-ray Disc is a trademark of Blu-ray Disc Association.
All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

11.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

11.5 Glossary

[SLYZ022](#) — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
TPS54428DDA	Active	Production	SO PowerPAD (DDA) 8	75 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU SN	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	54428
TPS54428DDA.A	Active	Production	SO PowerPAD (DDA) 8	75 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	54428
TPS54428DDAR	Active	Production	SO PowerPAD (DDA) 8	2500 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU SN	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	54428
TPS54428DDAR.A	Active	Production	SO PowerPAD (DDA) 8	2500 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	54428
TPS54428DRCR	Active	Production	VSON (DRC) 10	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	54428
TPS54428DRCR.A	Active	Production	VSON (DRC) 10	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	54428
TPS54428DRCT	Active	Production	VSON (DRC) 10	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	54428
TPS54428DRCT.A	Active	Production	VSON (DRC) 10	250 SMALL T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	54428

⁽¹⁾ **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

⁽²⁾ **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

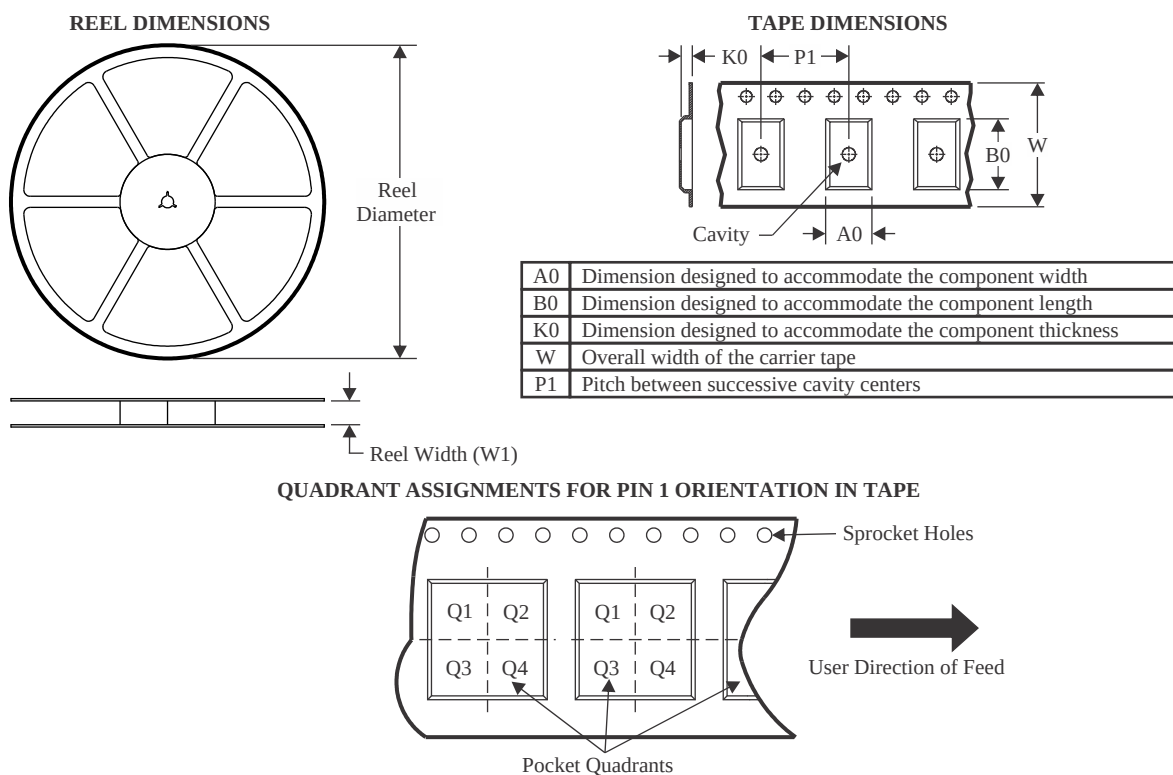
⁽⁶⁾ **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

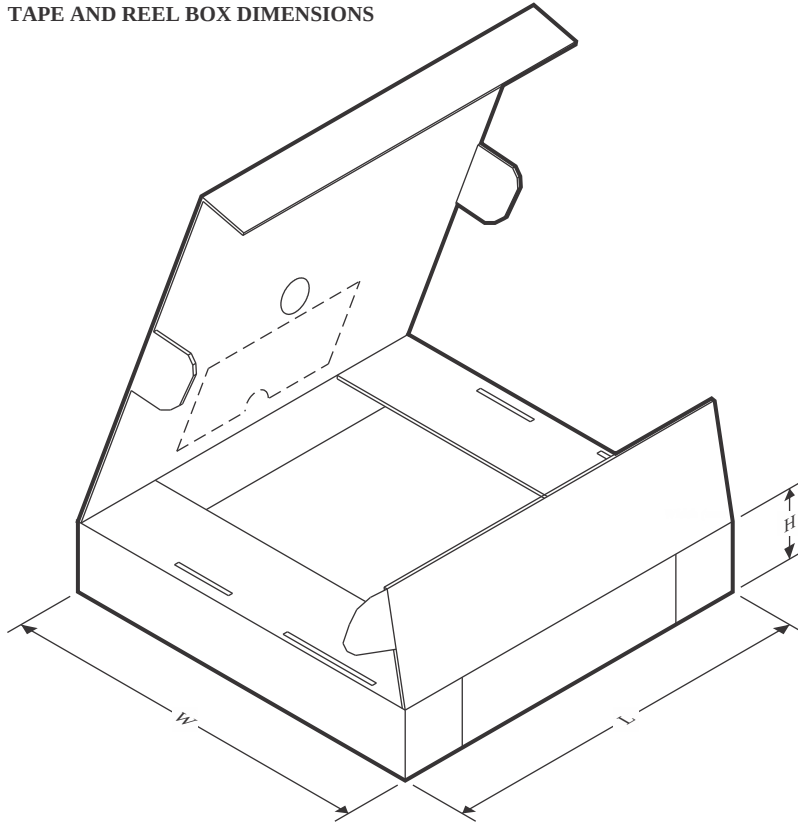
TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



*All dimensions are nominal

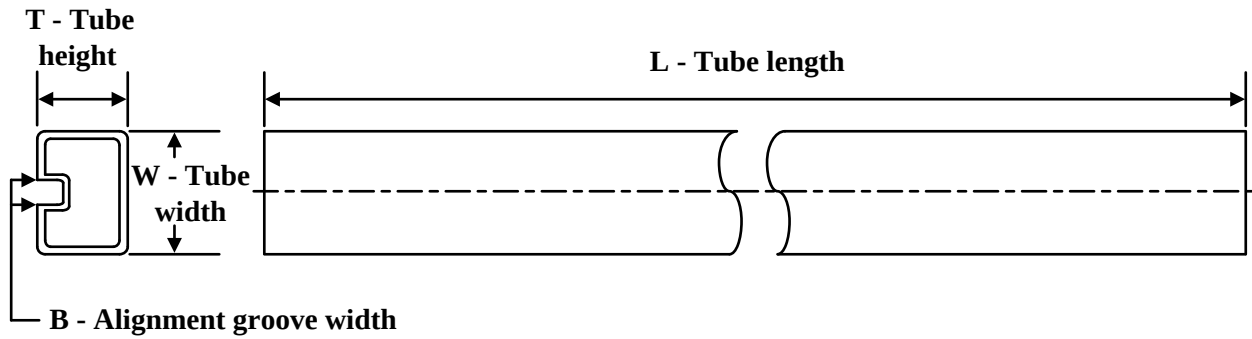
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS54428DDAR	SO PowerPAD	DDA	8	2500	330.0	12.8	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TPS54428DRCR	VSON	DRC	10	3000	330.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
TPS54428DRCT	VSON	DRC	10	250	180.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



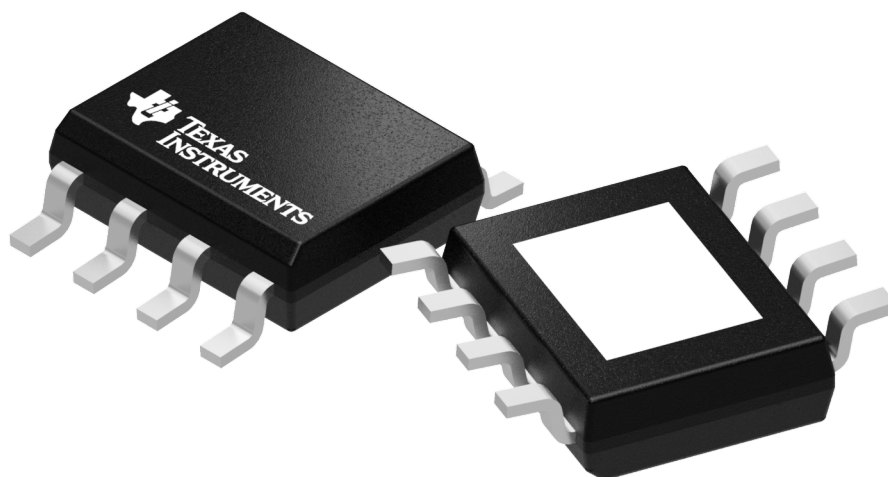
*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS54428DDAR	SO PowerPAD	DDA	8	2500	366.0	364.0	50.0
TPS54428DRCR	VSON	DRC	10	3000	346.0	346.0	33.0
TPS54428DRCT	VSON	DRC	10	250	210.0	185.0	35.0

TUBE


*All dimensions are nominal

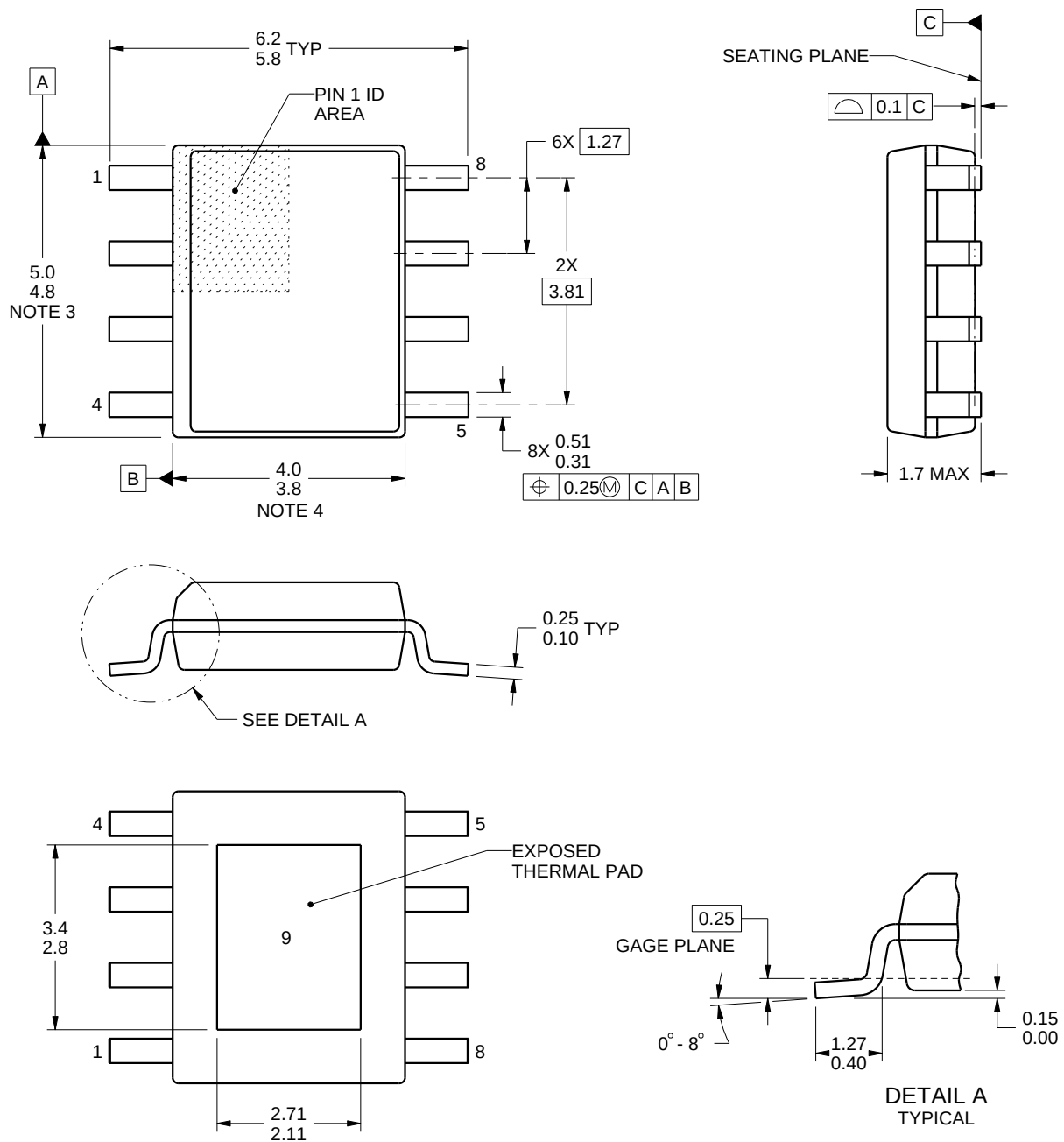
Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (μm)	B (mm)
TPS54428DDA	DDA	HSOIC	8	75	517	7.87	635	4.25
TPS54428DDA.A	DDA	HSOIC	8	75	517	7.87	635	4.25



Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.

DDA0008B**PACKAGE OUTLINE****PowerPAD™ SOIC - 1.7 mm max height**

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



4214849/A 08/2016

NOTES:

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

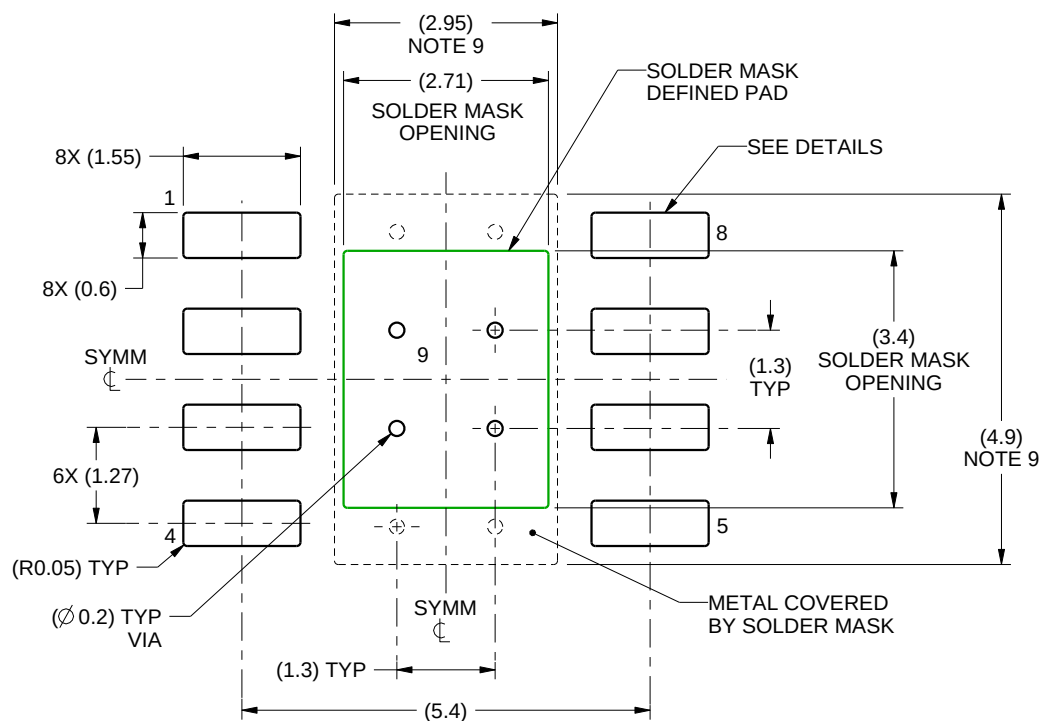
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
5. Reference JEDEC registration MS-012.

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

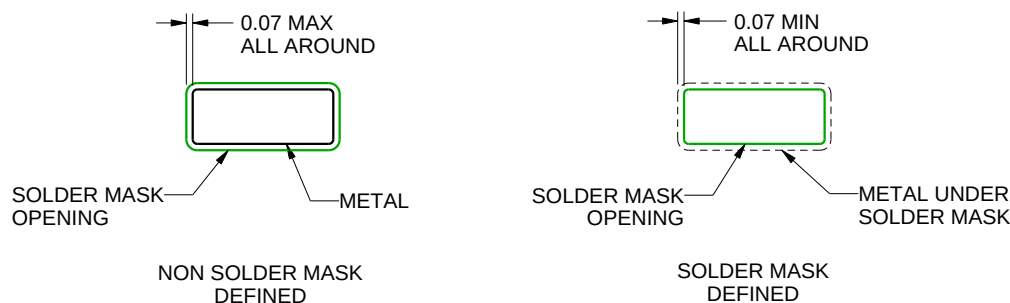
DDA0008B

PowerPAD™ SOIC - 1.7 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
SCALE:10X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS
PADS 1-8

4214849/A 08/2016

NOTES: (continued)

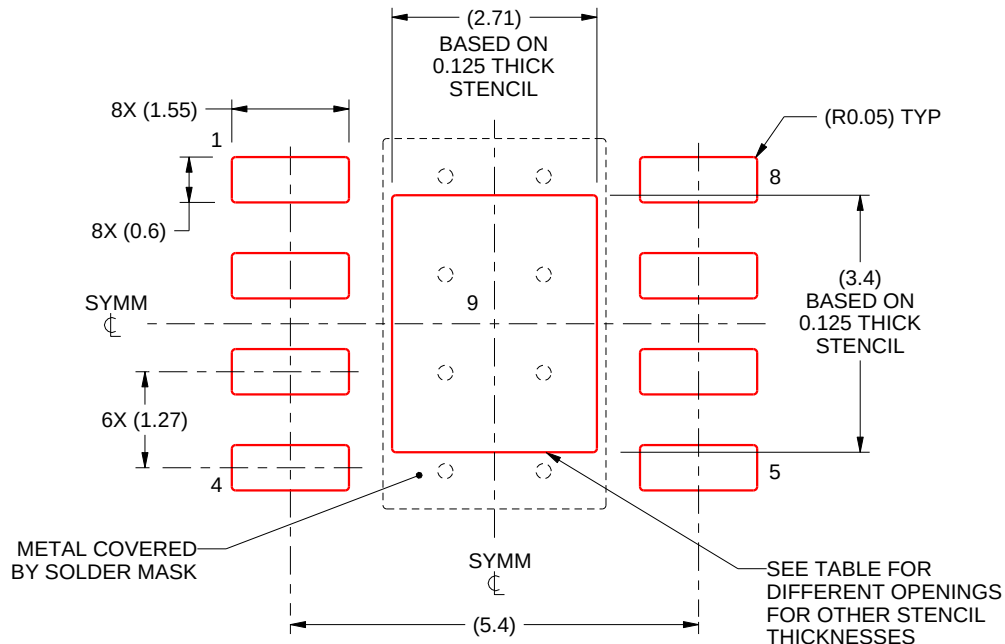
6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.
8. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature numbers SLMA002 (www.ti.com/lit/slma002) and SLMA004 (www.ti.com/lit/slma004).
9. Size of metal pad may vary due to creepage requirement.
10. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DDA0008B

PowerPAD™ SOIC - 1.7 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
EXPOSED PAD
100% PRINTED SOLDER COVERAGE BY AREA
SCALE:10X

STENCIL THICKNESS	SOLDER STENCIL OPENING
0.1	3.03 X 3.80
0.125	2.71 X 3.40 (SHOWN)
0.150	2.47 X 3.10
0.175	2.29 X 2.87

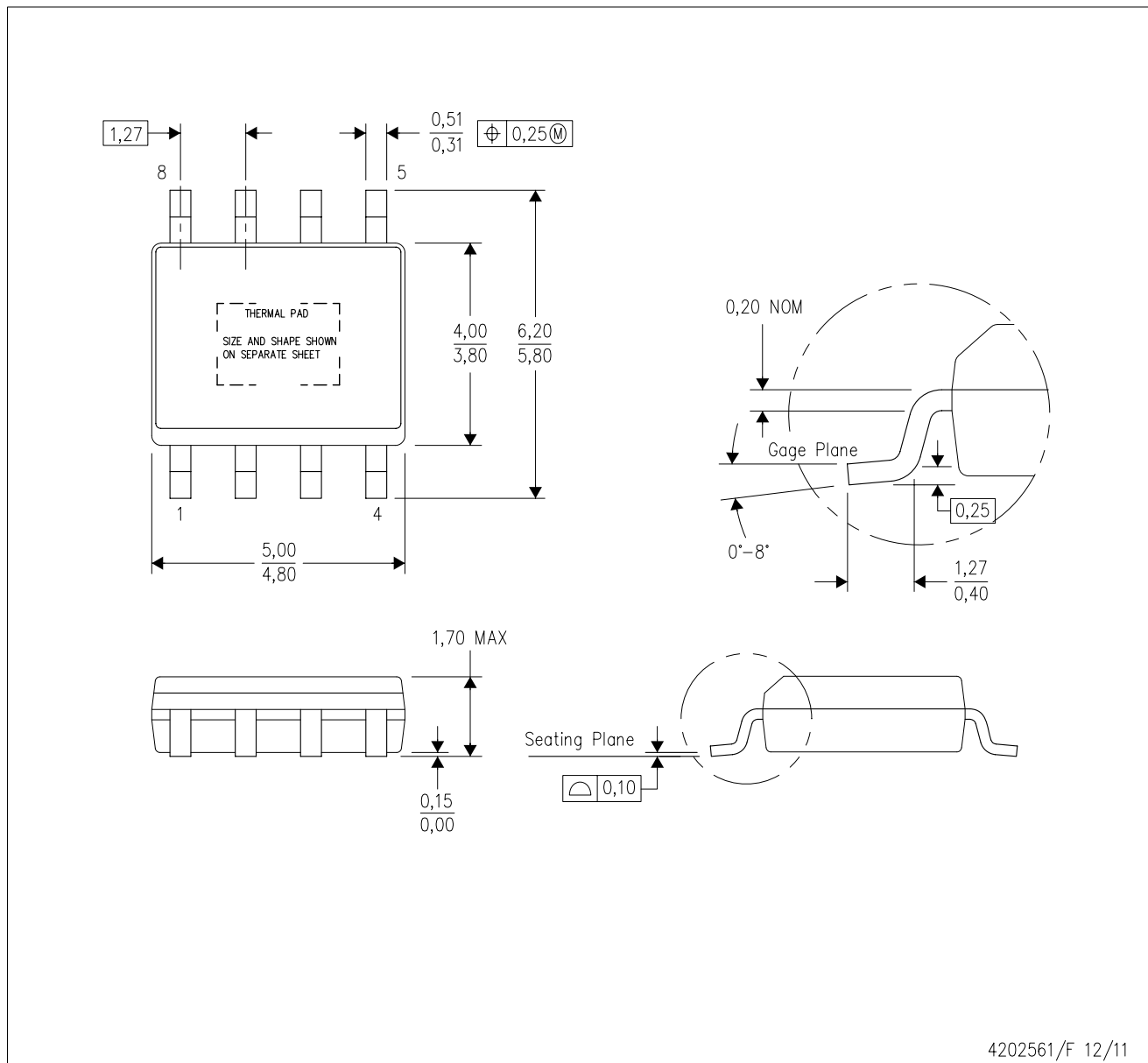
4214849/A 08/2016

NOTES: (continued)

11. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
12. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

DDA (R-PDSO-G8)

PowerPAD™ PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5-1994.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
 - D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Technical Brief, PowerPad Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 for information regarding recommended board layout. This document is available at www.ti.com <<http://www.ti.com>>.
 - E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.
 - F. This package complies to JEDEC MS-012 variation BA

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DDA (R-PDSO-G8)

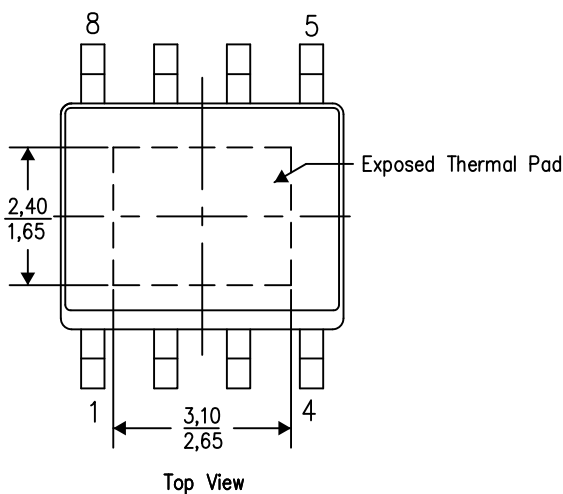
PowerPAD™ PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

THERMAL INFORMATION

This PowerPAD™ package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached to a printed circuit board (PCB). The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the PCB. After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For additional information on the PowerPAD package and how to take advantage of its heat dissipating abilities, refer to Technical Brief, PowerPAD Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002 and Application Brief, PowerPAD Made Easy, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA004. Both documents are available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

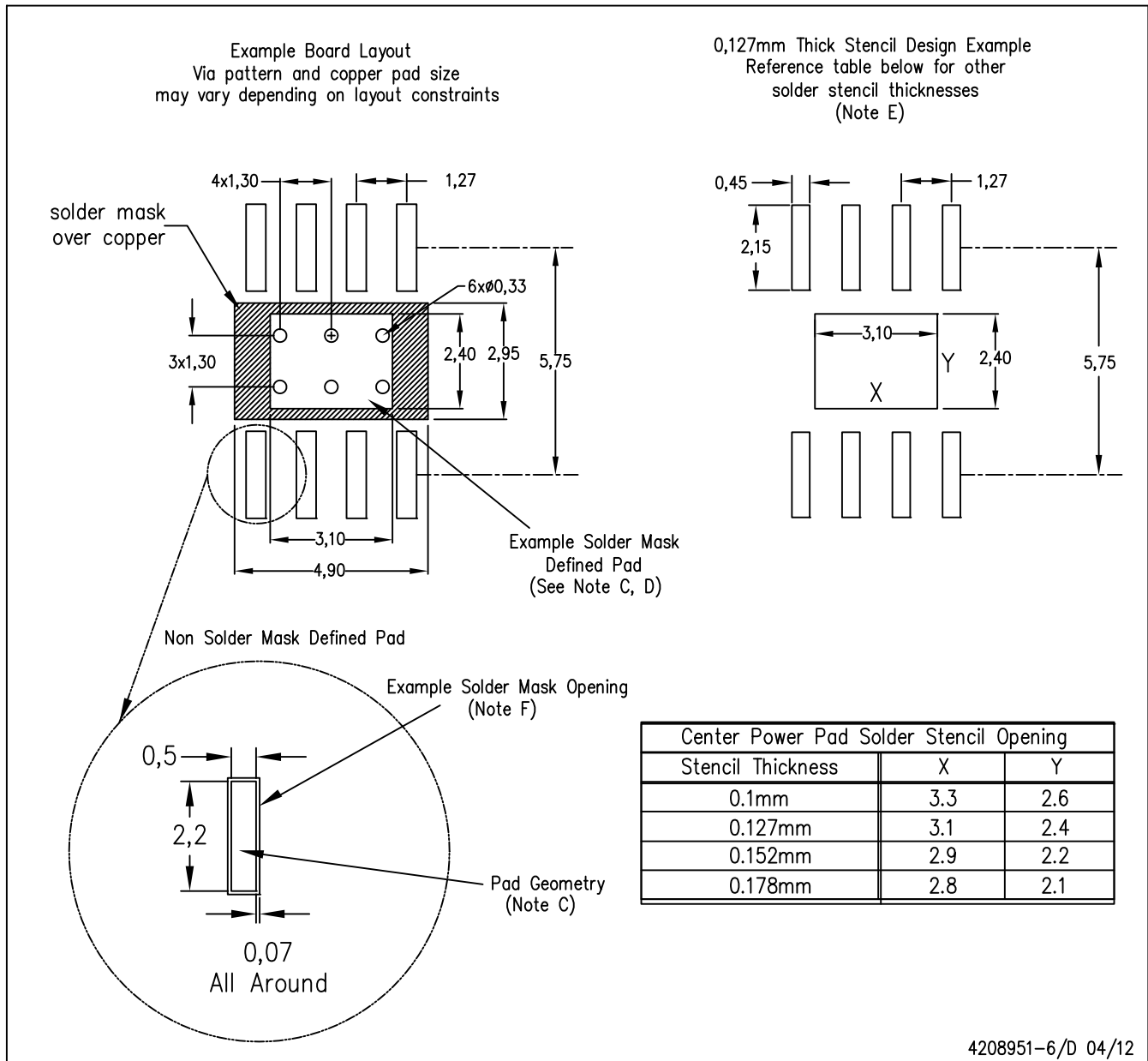
4206322-6/L 05/12

NOTE: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments

DDA (R-PDSO-G8)

PowerPAD™ PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Technical Brief, PowerPAD Thermally Enhanced Package, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLMA002, SLMA004, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <<http://www.ti.com>>. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

PowerPAD is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

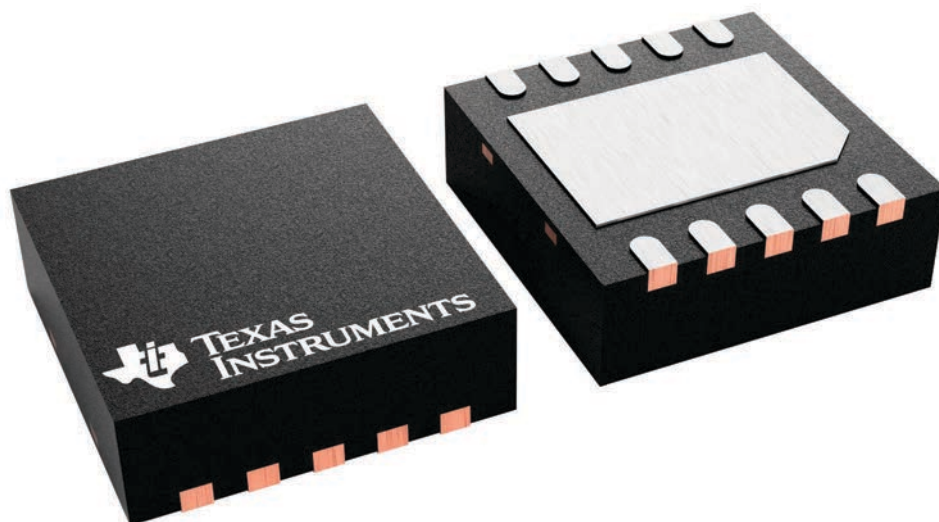
DRC 10

VSON - 1 mm max height

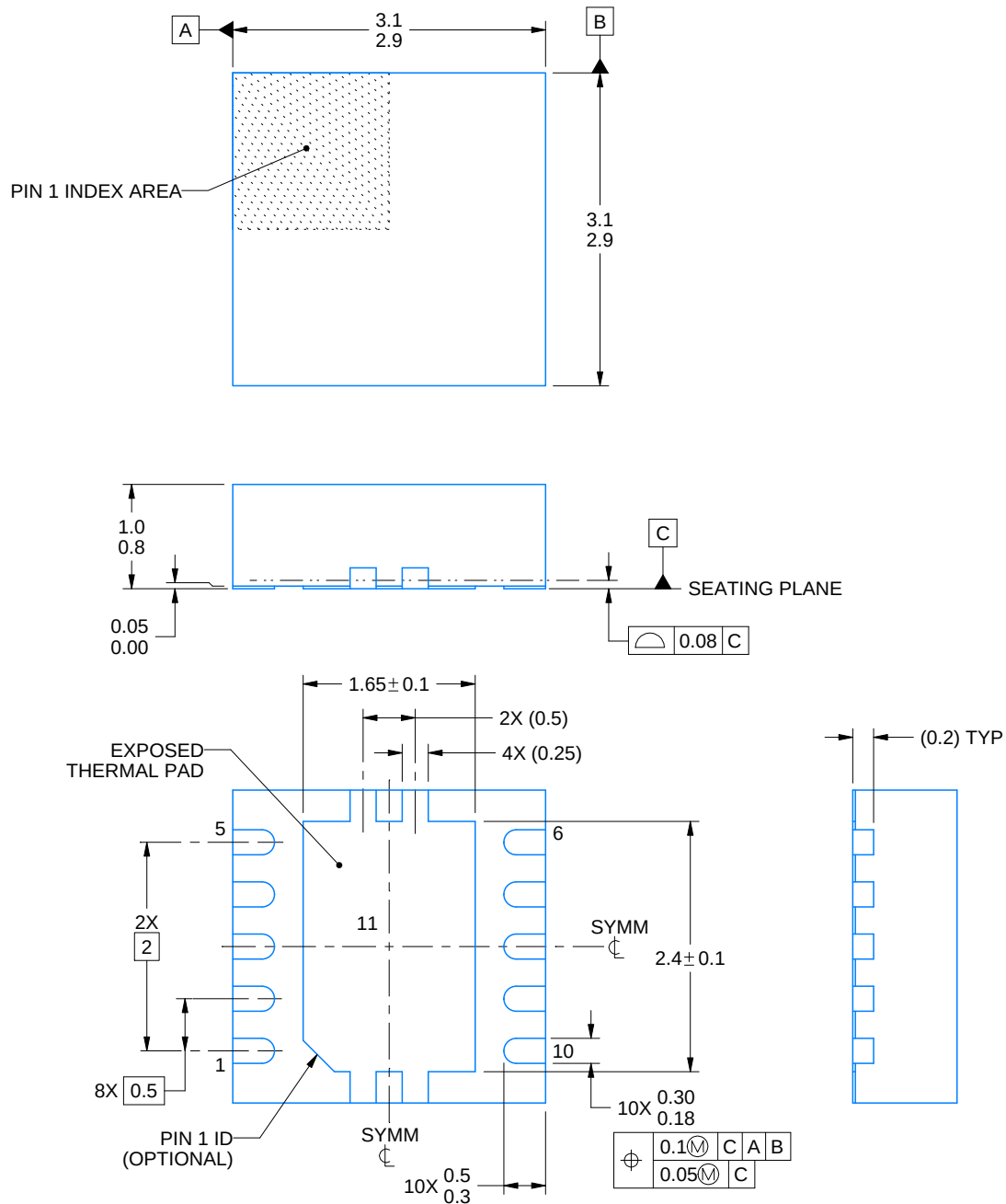
3 x 3, 0.5 mm pitch

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD

This image is a representation of the package family, actual package may vary.
Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



4226193/A



4218878/B 07/2018

NOTES:

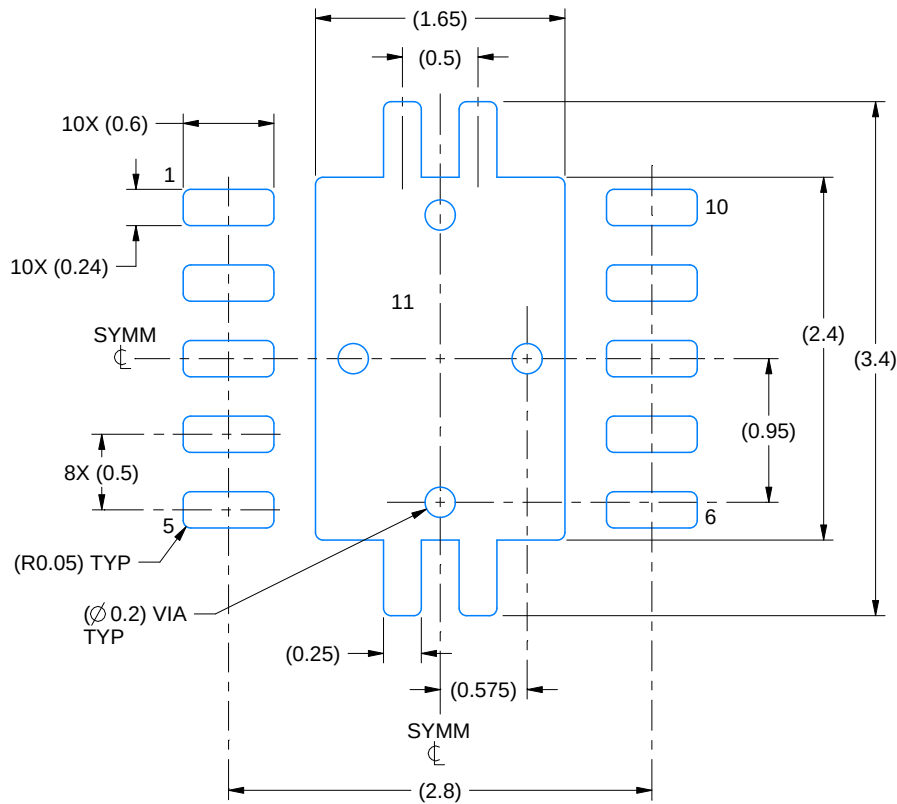
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for optimal thermal and mechanical performance.

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

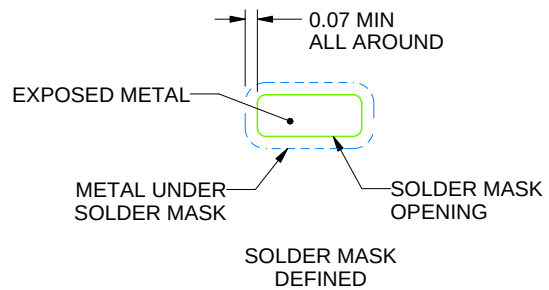
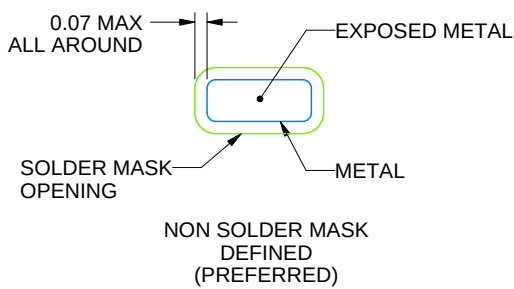
DRC0010J

VSON - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE:20X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4218878/B 07/2018

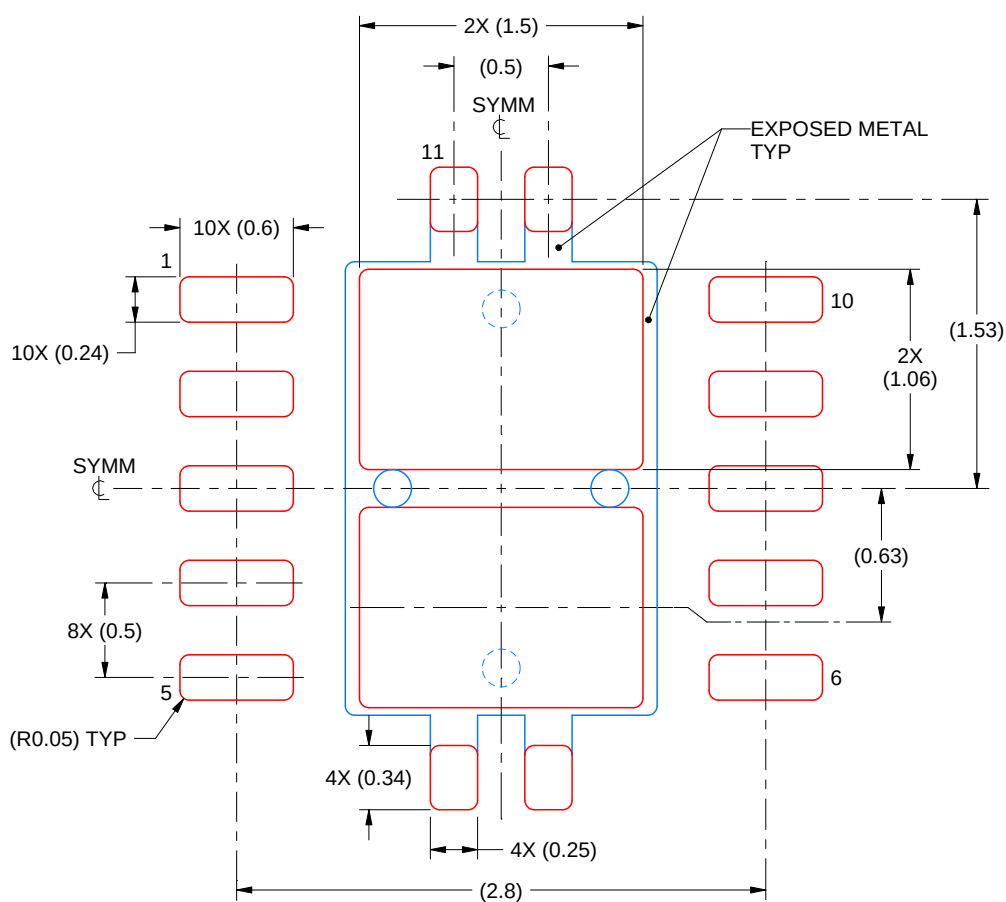
NOTES: (continued)

- This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/sluea271).
- Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.

DRC0010J

VSON - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL

EXPOSED PAD 11:
80% PRINTED SOLDER COVERAGE BY AREA
SCALE:25X

4218878/B 07/2018

NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

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