

TPS3899-Q1 Nano-Power, Precision Voltage Supervisor, Push-Button Monitor with Programmable Sense and Reset Delay

1 Features

Qualified for automotive applications:

- AEC-Q100 qualified with the following results:
 - Device temperature grade 1: -40°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ambient operating temperature
 - Device HBM ESD classification level 2
 - Device CDM ESD classification level C7B

Designed for high performance:

- Nano quiescent current: 125nA (typical)
- High threshold accuracy: $\pm 0.5\%$ (typical)
- Built-in precision hysteresis (V_{HYS}): 5% (typical)

Designed for a wide range of applications:

- Operating voltage range:
 - 0.85V to 6V (DL and PL outputs)
 - 1V to 6V (PH output)
- Adjustable threshold voltage: 0.505V (typical)
- Precision voltage and push-button monitor
- Programmable sense and reset delay
- Fixed (V_{IT-}) voltage: 0.8V to 5.4V in 0.1V steps

Multiple output topologies / Package type:

- TPS3899DL-Q1: open-drain, active-low ($\overline{\text{RESET}}$)
- TPS3899PL-Q1: push-pull, active-low ($\overline{\text{RESET}}$)
- TPS3899PH-Q1: push-pull, active-high (RESET)
- Package: 1.5mm $\times$ 1.5mm WSON (DSE)

2 Applications

- [Advance Driver Assistance Systems \(ADAS\)](#)
- [Infotainment head unit](#)
- [Automotive gateway](#)
- [Camera module](#)
- [Radar ECU](#)
- [Automotive external amplifier](#)

3 Description

The TPS3899-Q1 is a nano-power, precision voltage supervisor with $\pm 0.5\%$ threshold accuracy and programmable sense and reset time delay in a 6-pin space saving 1.5mm $\times$ 1.5mm WSON package. The TPS3899-Q1 is a feature-rich voltage supervisor that offers the smallest total solution size in its class. Built-in hysteresis along with programmable delay prevent false reset signals when monitoring a voltage rail or push button signals.

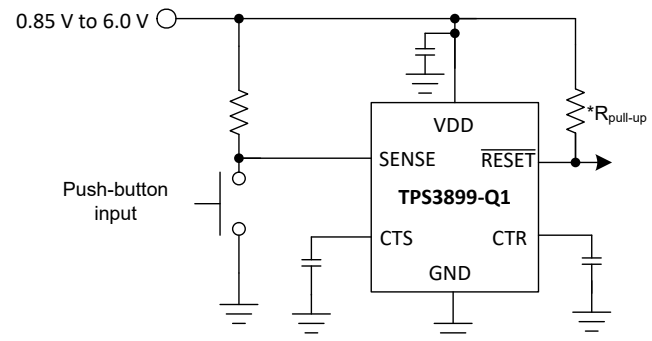
The separate VDD and SENSE pins allow for the redundancy sought by high-reliability systems. SENSE is decoupled from VDD and can monitor rail voltages other than VDD. Optional use of external resistors are supported by the high impedance input of the SENSE pin. Both CTS and CTR provide delay adjustability on the rising and falling edges of the RESET signals. CTS also functions as a debouncer by ignoring voltage glitches on the monitored voltage rails and operates as a "manual reset" that can be used to force a system reset.

The precision performance, best in-class features in a compact form factor, makes the TPS3899-Q1 an ideal solution for wide ranging automotive and battery-powered / low-power applications. The device is fully specified over a temperature range of -40°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ (T_A).

Device Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE ⁽¹⁾	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TPS3899-Q1	WSON (6) DSE	1.5mm $\times$ 1.5mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet



* $R_{pull-up}$ is required for open-drain variants only

Typical Application Circuit



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4 Device Nomenclature

Figure 4-1 shows the device naming nomenclature of the TPS3899-Q1. For all possible output types and threshold voltage options, see [Device Naming Convention](#) for a more detailed explanation. Contact TI sales representatives or on TI's [E2E forum](#) for detail and availability of other options; minimum order quantities apply.

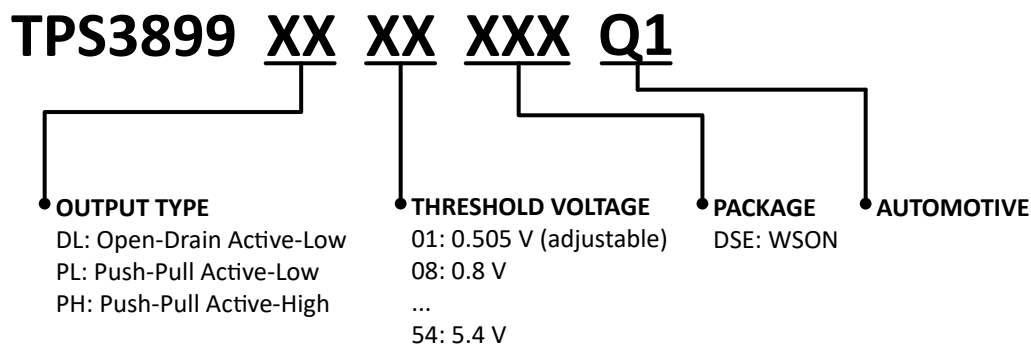
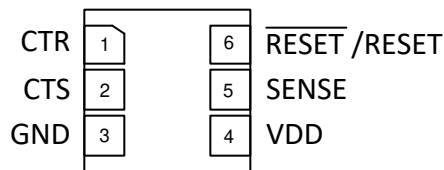


Figure 4-1. Device Naming Nomenclature

5 Pin Configuration and Functions



**Figure 5-1. DSE Package
6-Pin WSON
TPS3899-Q1 (Top View)**

Table 5-1. Pin Functions

PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION
NO.	NAME		
1	CTR	—	Capacitor programmable reset delay: The CTR pin offers a user-adjustable delay time when returning from reset condition. Connecting this pin to a ground-referenced capacitor sets the RESET/RESET delay time to deassert.
2	CTS	—	Capacitor programmable sense delay: The CTS pin offers a user-adjustable delay time when asserting reset condition. Connecting this pin to a ground-referenced capacitor sets the RESET/RESET delay time to assert.
3	GND	—	Ground
4	VDD	I	Supply voltage pin: Good analog design practice is to place a 0.1µF decoupling capacitor close to this pin.
5	SENSE	I	This pin is connected to the voltage that will be monitored for fixed variants or to a resistor divider for the adjustable variant. When the voltage on the SENSE pin transitions below the negative threshold voltage V_{IT-} , RESET/RESET asserts to active logic after the sense delay set by CTS. When the voltage on the SENSE pin transitions above the positive threshold voltage $V_{IT-} + V_{HYS}$, RESET/RESET releases to inactive logic (deasserts) after the reset delay set by CTR. For noisy applications, placing a 10nF to 100nF ceramic capacitor close to this pin may be needed for optimum performance.
6	RESET	O	RESET active-low output that asserts to a logic low state after CTS delay when the monitored voltage on the SENSE pin is lower than the negative threshold voltage V_{IT-} . RESET remains logic low (asserted) until the SENSE input rises above $V_{IT-} + V_{HYS}$ and the CTR reset delay expires.
6	RESET	O	RESET active-high output that asserts to a logic high state after CTS delay when the monitored voltage on the SENSE pin is lower than the negative threshold voltage V_{IT-} . RESET remains logic high (asserted) until the SENSE input rises above $V_{IT-} + V_{HYS}$ and the CTR reset delay expires.

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Over operating free-air temperature range, unless otherwise noted ⁽¹⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Voltage	VDD, SENSE, RESET (TPS3899DL)	−0.3	6.5	V
	CTR, CTS, RESET (TPS3899PL), RESET (TPS3899PH)	−0.3	V _{DD} +0.3 ⁽³⁾	V
Current	RESET pin and RESET pin		±20	mA
Temperature ⁽²⁾	Operating ambient temperature, T _A	−40	125	°C
Temperature ⁽²⁾	Storage, T _{stg}	−65	150	

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Rating (AMR)* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Condition*. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for long periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) As a result of the low dissipated power in this device, it is assumed that T_J = T_A.
- (3) The absolute maximum rating is (VDD + 0.3) V or 6.5 V, whichever is smaller.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002 ⁽¹⁾	±2000	V
		Charged device model (CDM), per AEC Q100-011	±750	

- (1) AEC Q100-002 indicates that HBM stressing shall be in accordance with the ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specification.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Voltage	VDD, SENSE, RESET (TPS3899DL)	0		6	V
Voltage	CTR, CTS, RESET (TPS3899PL), RESET (TPS3899PH)	0		VDD	V
Current	RESET pin and RESET pin current	0		±5	mA
T _A	Operating free air temperature	−40		125	°C
C _{CTR}	CTR pin capacitor range	0		10	μF
C _{CTS}	CTS pin capacitor range	0		10	μF

6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		TPS3899-Q1	UNIT
		DSE	
		6 PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	214.9	°C/W
R _{θJC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	153.7	°C/W
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	112.3	°C/W
Ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	25.5	°C/W
Ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	111.8	°C/W
R _{θJC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	°C/W

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

CTR = CTS = Open, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pull-up resistor ($R_{\text{pull-up}}$) = 100 k Ω to V_{DD} , output reset load (C_{LOAD}) = 10 pF and over the operating free-air temperature range -40°C to 125°C , unless otherwise noted. V_{DD} ramp rate $\leq 1 \text{ V} / \mu\text{s}$. Typical values are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
COMMON PARAMETERS						
V _{DD}	Input supply voltage (Open Drain Low and Push Pull Low)		0.85		6	V
V _{DD}	Input supply voltage (Push Pull High)		1		6	V
V _{IT-} ⁽¹⁾	Negative-going input threshold range	for all output configs	0.8		5.4	V
V _{ADJ-VIT-}	Negative-going input threshold for adjustable sense threshold version			0.505		V
V _{IT-} accuracy	Negative-going input threshold accuracy	V _{IT-} = 0.505 V (ADJ version) or 0.8 V to 1.7 V (Fixed threshold)	-2.5	±0.5	2.5	%
		V _{IT-} = 1.8 V to 5.4 V (Fixed threshold)	-2	±0.5	2	
V _{HYS}	Hysteresis on V _{IT-}	V _{IT-} = 0.505 V and 0.8 V	3	5	8	%
		V _{IT-} = 0.9 V to 5.4 V	3	5	7	%
I _{SENSE}	Current into Sense pin, fixed threshold version	V _{DD} = V _{SENSE} = 6 V		0.025	0.1	µA
	Current into Sense pin, ADJ version	V _{DD} = V _{SENSE} = 6 V		0.025	0.05	µA
I _{DD}	Supply current into VDD pin when sense pin is separate	V _{DD} = V _{SENSE} = 6 V V _{IT-} = 0.505 V and 0.8 V to 5.4 V		0.125	1	µA
V _{TH_CTS}	Voltage threshold to stop CTS capacitor charge and assert RESET			0.73 * V _{DD}		V
V _{TH_CTR}	Voltage threshold to stop CTR capacitor charge and deassert RESET			0.73 * V _{DD}		V
R _{CTS}	CTS pin internal pull up resistance			500		kΩ
R _{CTR}	CTR pin internal pull up resistance			500		kΩ
TPS3899DL (Open-drain active-low)						
V _{POR}	Power on reset voltage ⁽²⁾	V _{OL(max)} = 300 mV I _{RESET(Sink)} = 15 µA			700	mV
V _{OL}	Low level output voltage	V _{DD} = 0.85 V I _{RESET(Sink)} = 15 µA			300	mV
		V _{DD} = 3.3 V I _{RESET(Sink)} = 2 mA			300	mV
I _{lk(OD)}	Open-Drain output leakage current	V _{DD} = V _{PULLUP} = 6 V, T _A = -40°C to 85°C		10	100	nA
		V _{DD} = V _{PULLUP} = 6 V		10	350	nA
TPS3899PL (Push-pull active-low)						
V _{POR}	Power on reset voltage ⁽²⁾	V _{OL(max)} = 300 mV I _{RESET(Sink)} = 15 µA			700	mV
V _{OL}	Low level output voltage	V _{DD} = 0.85 V I _{RESET(Sink)} = 15 µA			300	mV
		V _{DD} = 3.3 V I _{RESET(Sink)} = 2 mA			300	mV
V _{OH}	High level output voltage	V _{DD} = 1.8 V I _{RESET(Source)} = 500 µA	0.8V _{DD}			V
		V _{DD} = 3.3 V I _{RESET(Source)} = 500 µA	0.8V _{DD}			V
		V _{DD} = 6 V I _{RESET(Source)} = 2 mA	0.8V _{DD}			V

6.5 Electrical Characteristics (continued)

CTR = CTS = Open, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pull-up resistor ($R_{\text{pull-up}}$) = 100 k Ω to V_{DD} , output reset load (C_{LOAD}) = 10 pF and over the operating free-air temperature range -40°C to 125°C , unless otherwise noted. V_{DD} ramp rate $\leq 1 \text{ V} / \mu\text{s}$. Typical values are at $T_{\text{A}} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
TPS3899PH (Push-pull active-high)						
V_{POR}	Power on reset voltage ⁽²⁾	$V_{\text{OH(min)}} = 0.8V_{\text{DD}}$ $I_{\text{RESET (Source)}} = 15 \mu\text{A}$			900	mV
V_{OL}	Low level output voltage	$V_{\text{DD}} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ $I_{\text{RESET(Sink)}} = 500 \mu\text{A}$			300	mV
		$V_{\text{DD}} = 6 \text{ V}$ $I_{\text{RESET(Sink)}} = 2 \text{ mA}$			300	mV
V_{OH}	High level output voltage	$V_{\text{DD}} = 1 \text{ V}$ $I_{\text{RESET(Sink)}} = 15 \mu\text{A}$	$0.8V_{\text{DD}}$			V
		$V_{\text{DD}} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ $I_{\text{RESET(Sink)}} = 500 \mu\text{A}$	$0.8V_{\text{DD}}$			V
		$V_{\text{DD}} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ $I_{\text{RESET(Sink)}} = 2 \text{ mA}$	$0.8V_{\text{DD}}$			V

- (1) $V_{\text{IT-}}$ threshold voltage range from 0.8 V to 5.4 V (for DL, PL) and 1 to 5.4 V (for PH) in 100 mV steps, for released versions see Device Voltage Thresholds table.
(2) Minimum V_{DD} voltage level for a controlled output state. Below V_{POR} , the output cannot be determined.

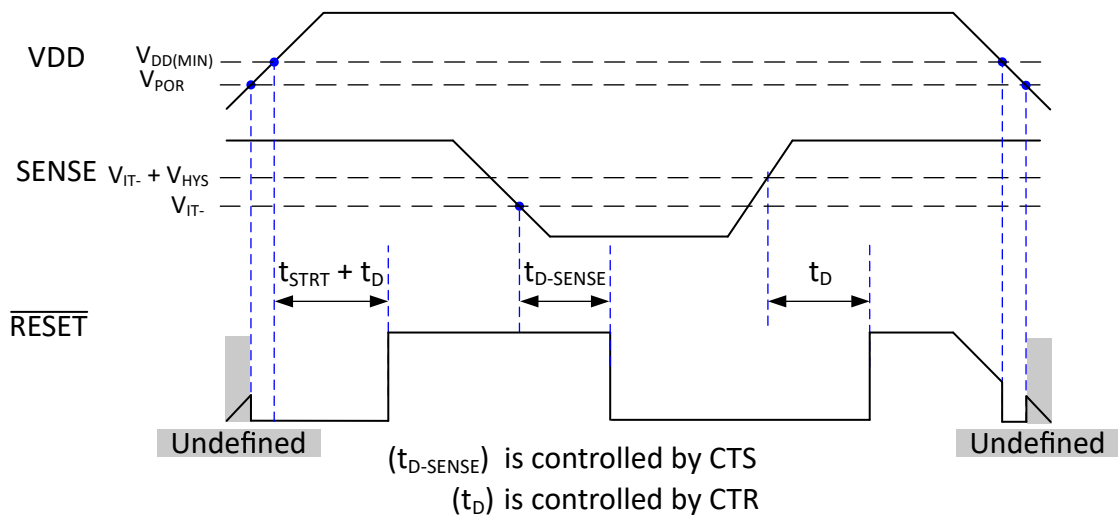
6.6 Timing Requirements

At $0.85 \text{ V} \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 6 \text{ V}$, CTR = CTS = Open, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pull-up resistor ($R_{\text{pull-up}}$) = 100 k Ω to V_{DD} , output reset load (C_{LOAD}) = 10 pF and over the operating free-air temperature range -40°C to 125°C , unless otherwise noted. V_{DD} ramp rate $\leq 1 \text{ V} / \mu\text{s}$. Typical values are at $T_{\text{A}} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{STRT}	Startup Delay ⁽¹⁾	CTR pin = Open or NC			300	μs
$t_{\text{D-SENSE}}$	Detect time delay $V_{\text{DD}} = (V_{\text{IT+}} + 10\%)$ to $(V_{\text{IT-}} - 10\%)$ ⁽²⁾	CTS pin = Open or NC		30	50	μs
		CTS pin = 10 nF		6.2		ms
		CTS pin = 1 μF		619		ms
t_{D}	Reset time delay	CTR pin = Open or NC		40	80	μs
		CTR pin = 10 nF ⁽³⁾		6.2		ms
		CTR pin = 1 μF ⁽³⁾		619		ms
$t_{\text{GL_VIT-}}$	Glitch immunity $V_{\text{IT-}}$	5% $V_{\text{IT-}}$ overdrive ⁽⁴⁾		10		μs

- (1) When V_{DD} starts from less than V_{POR} and then exceeds the specified minimum V_{DD} , reset is asserted till startup delay (t_{STRT}) + t_{D} delay based on capacitor on CTR pin. After this time, the device controls the RESET pin based on the SENSE pin voltage.
(2) $t_{\text{D-SENSE}}$ measured from threshold trip point ($V_{\text{IT-}}$) to V_{OL} for active low variants and V_{OH} for active high variants.
(3) Ideal capacitor
(4) Overdrive % = $[(V_{\text{DD}} / V_{\text{IT-}}) - 1] \times 100\%$

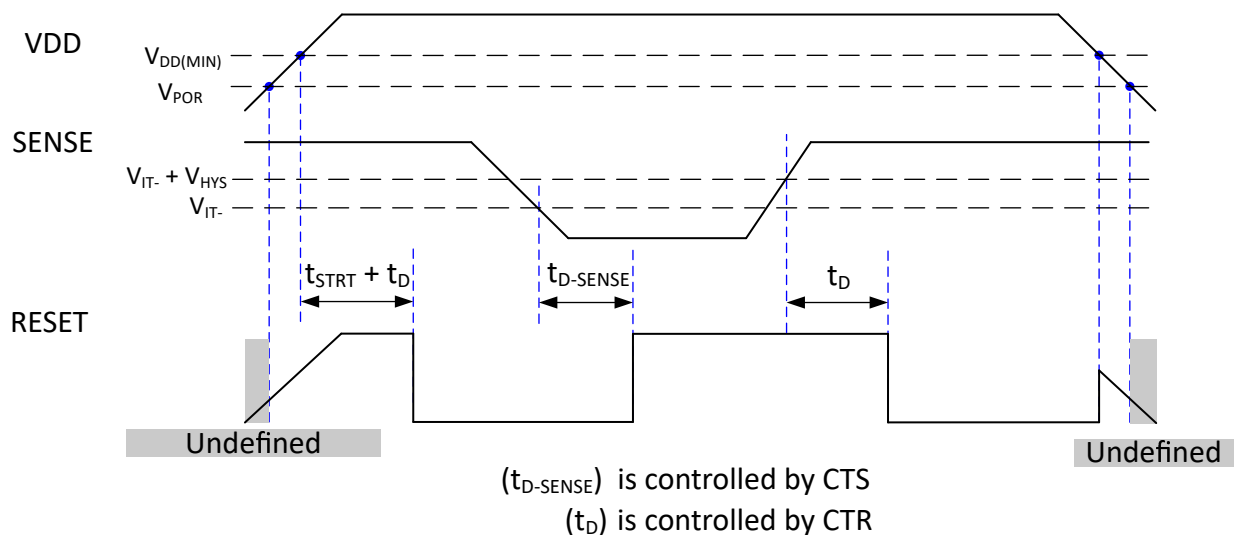
6.7 Timing Diagrams



(1) t_D (no cap) is included in t_{STRT} time delay. If t_D delay is programmed by an external capacitor connected to the CTR pin then t_D programmed time is added to the startup time.

(2) Be advised, in some instances, the VDD falling slew rate in Figure 6-1 can be slow or such that VDD decay time is much larger than the SENSE delay time (t_{D-SENSE}) time allowing the output to assert. If the VDD falling slew rate is much faster than the (t_{D-SENSE}), the output appears to be not asserted.

Figure 6-1. TPS3899DL01-Q1 and TPS3899PL01-Q1 Timing Diagram



(1) t_D (no cap) is included in t_{STRT} time delay. If t_D delay is programmed by an external capacitor connected to the CTR pin then t_D programmed time is added to the startup time.

(2) Be advised, in some instances, that the VDD falling slew rate in Figure 6-2 can be slow or such that VDD decay time is much larger than the SENSE delay time (t_{D-SENSE}) time allowing the output to assert. If the VDD falling slew rate is much faster than the (t_{D-SENSE}), the output appears to be not asserted.

Figure 6-2. TPS3899PH01-Q1 Timing Diagram

6.8 Typical Characteristics

Typical characteristics show the typical performance of the TPS3899-Q1 device. Test conditions are $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$, and $R_{\text{pull-up}} = 100\text{k}\Omega$, unless otherwise noted.

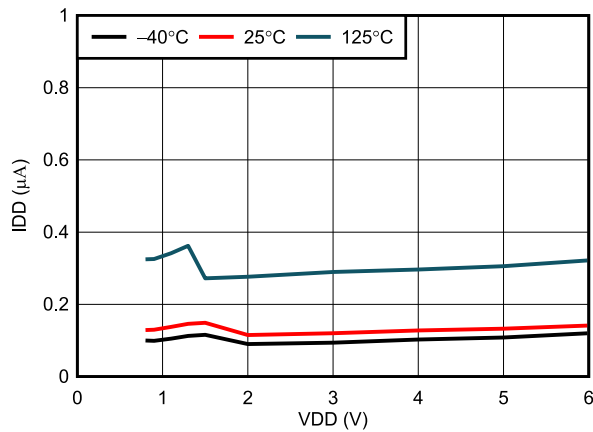


Figure 6-3. Supply Current vs Supply Voltage

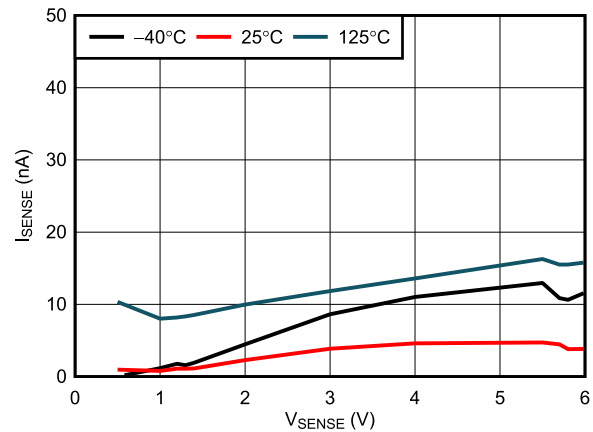


Figure 6-4. SENSE Current vs V_{SENSE}

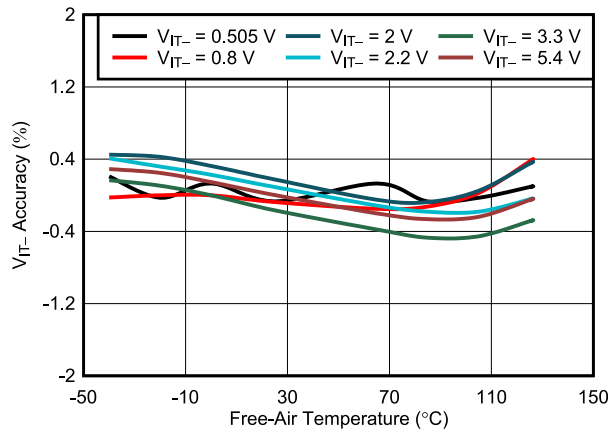


Figure 6-5. $V_{\text{IT-}}$ Accuracy vs Temperature

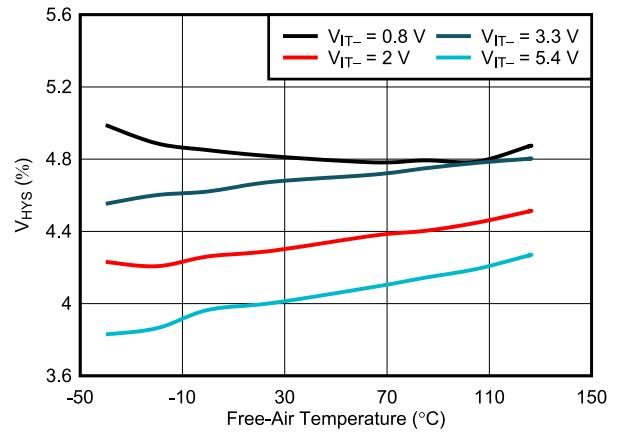


Figure 6-6. V_{HYS} vs Temperature

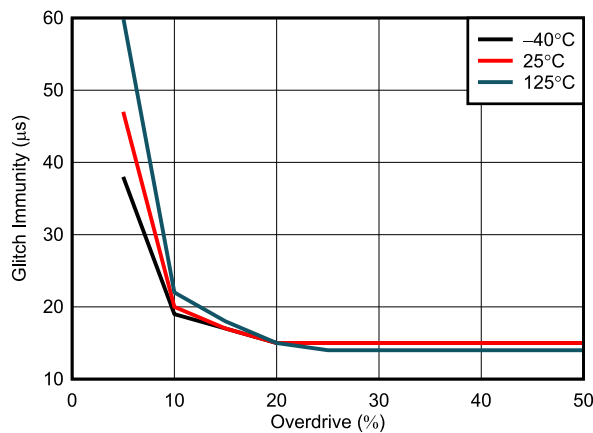


Figure 6-7. SENSE Glitch Immunity ($V_{\text{IT-}}$) vs Overdrive

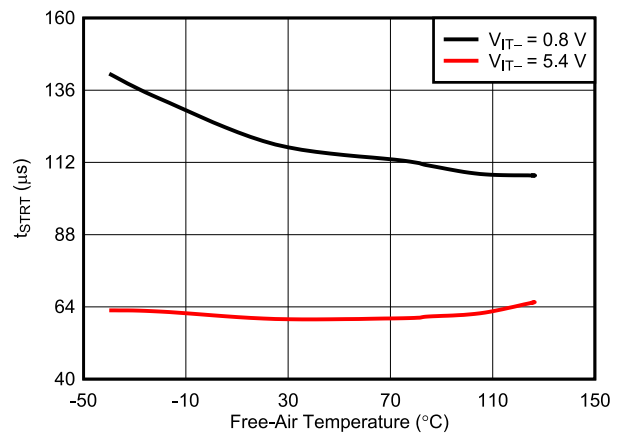


Figure 6-8. Startup Delay vs Temperature

6.8 Typical Characteristics (continued)

Typical characteristics show the typical performance of the TPS3899-Q1 device. Test conditions are $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$, and $R_{\text{pull-up}} = 100\text{k}\Omega$, unless otherwise noted.

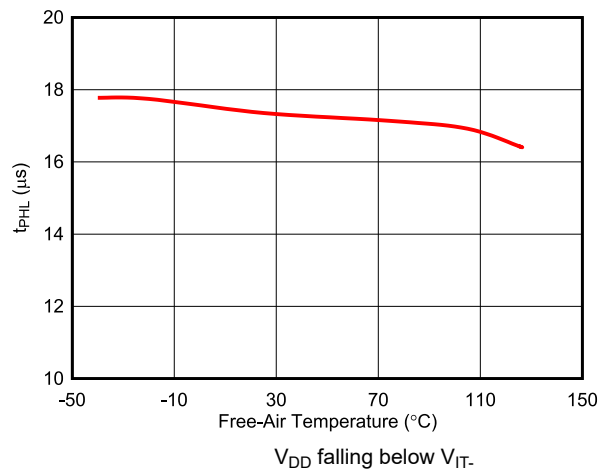


Figure 6-9. Propagation Delay vs Temperature

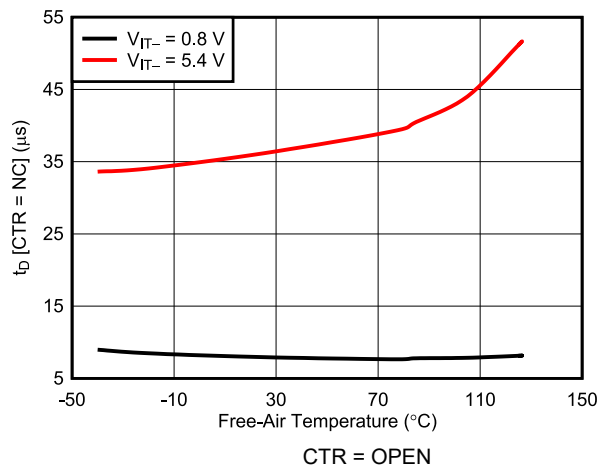


Figure 6-10. Reset Time Delay vs Temperature

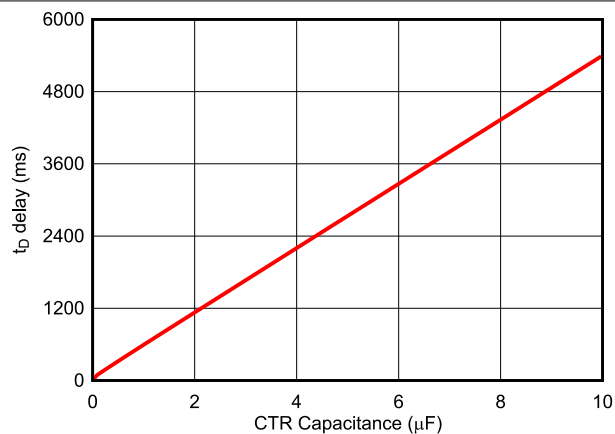


Figure 6-11. RESET Delay vs CTR Capacitance

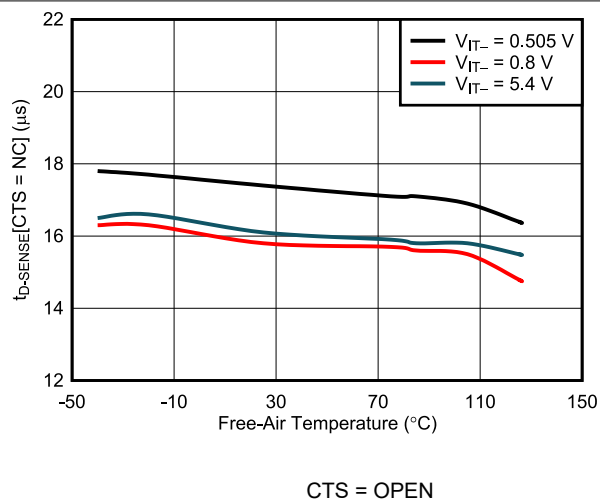


Figure 6-12. SENSE Delay vs Temperature

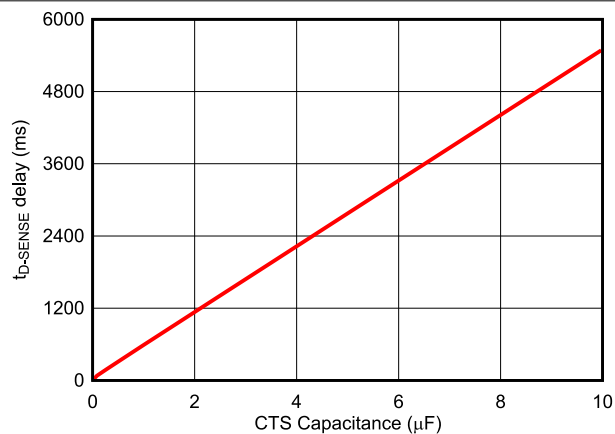


Figure 6-13. SENSE Delay vs CTS Capacitance

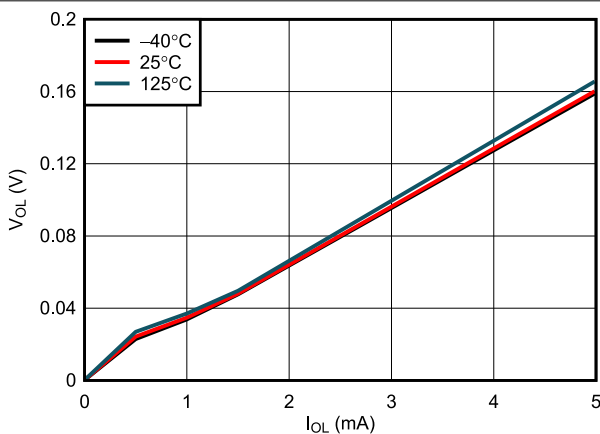


Figure 6-14. V_{OL} vs I_{OL}

6.8 Typical Characteristics (continued)

Typical characteristics show the typical performance of the TPS3899-Q1 device. Test conditions are $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}$, and $R_{\text{pull-up}} = 100\text{k}\Omega$, unless otherwise noted.

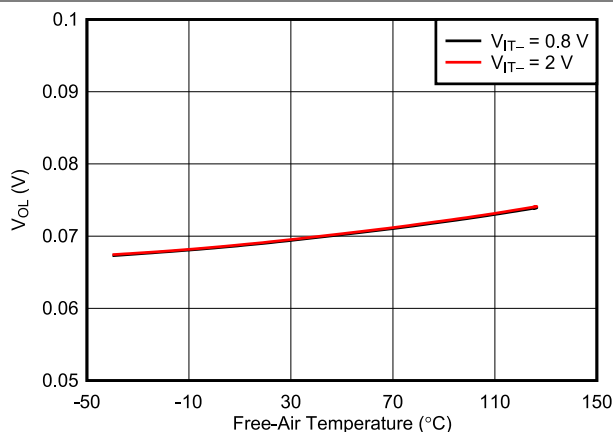


Figure 6-15. V_{OL} vs Temperature

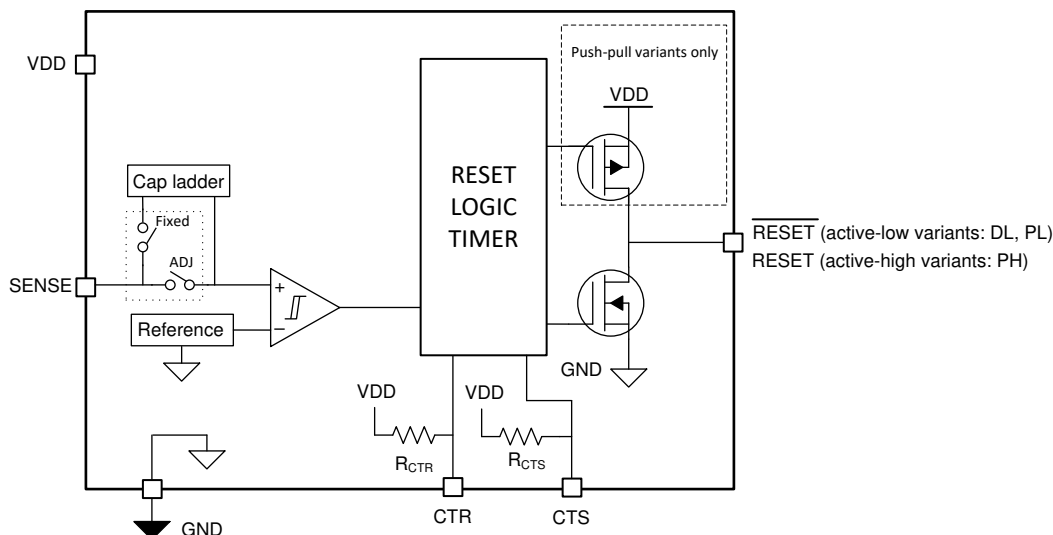
7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The TPS3899-Q1 Voltage supervisor with separate SENSE monitor asserts a $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ /RESET signal when the SENSE pin voltage drops below V_{IT-} for the duration of the sense delay set by CTS. If the SENSE pin voltage rises above $V_{IT-} + V_{HYS}$ before the sense delay expires, the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ /RESET pin does not assert. When asserted, the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ /RESET output remains asserted until SENSE voltage returns above $V_{IT-} + V_{HYS}$ for the duration of the reset delay set by CTR. If the SENSE pin voltage falls below V_{IT-} before the reset delay expires while $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ is asserted, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ /RESET will remain asserted.

Like most voltage supervisors, the TPS3899-Q1 includes a reset delay t_D to provide time for the power and clocks to settle before letting the processor out of reset. At power up, the circuits inside the TPS3899-Q1 need additional time to start the reset delay timer after its power supply VDD has reached minimum $V_{DD(MIN)}$ for these circuits to start operating properly. This additional time is specified with the parameter start-up delay t_{STRT} . Figure 6-1 shows the timing diagram indicating this additional delay. After VDD is stable and above $V_{DD(MIN)}$ subsequent changes of the sense voltage across the threshold voltage will trigger reset after only the reset delay. The reset time delay t_D is set by a capacitor on the CTR pin. The start-up delay has a maximum limit of $300\mu\text{s}$ for a ramp rate of $V_{DD} \leq 1\text{V} / \mu\text{s}$.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



7.3 Feature Description

The combination of user-adjustable sense delay time via CTS and reset delay time via CTR with a broad range of threshold voltages allow these devices to be used in a wide array of applications. Fixed negative threshold voltages V_{IT-} can be factory set from 0.8V to 5.4V in steps of 100mV [1.1V to 5.4V for the -PH (push-pull active high) variants]. CTS and CTR pins allow the sense delay and reset delay to be set to typical values of $30\mu\text{s}$ and $40\mu\text{s}$, respectively, by leaving these pins floating. External capacitors can be placed on the CTS and CTR pins to program the sense and reset delays independently.

7.3.1 VDD Hysteresis

The internal comparator has built-in hysteresis to avoid erroneous output reset release. If the voltage at the VDD pin falls below V_{IT-} , the output reset is asserted. When the voltage at the VDD pin goes above V_{IT-} plus hysteresis (V_{HYS}) the output reset is deasserted after t_D delay.

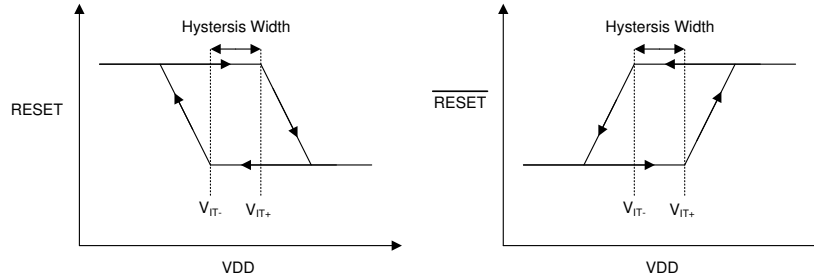


Figure 7-1. Hysteresis Diagram

7.3.2 User-Programmable Sense and Reset Time Delay

The sense delay corresponds to the configuration of CTS and the reset delay corresponds to the configuration of CTR. The sense and reset time delay can be set to a minimum value of 50μs and 80μs by leaving the CTS and CTR pins floating respectively, or a maximum value of approximately 6.2 seconds by connecting 10μF delay capacitor.

The relationship between external capacitor (C_{CT_EXT}) in Farads at CTS or CTR pins and the time delay in seconds is given by Equation 1.

$$t_{D-SENSE} (typ) \text{ or } t_D (typ) = -\ln(0.27) \times R_{CT} (typ) \times C_{CT_EXT} + t_D (CTS \text{ or } CTR = OPEN) \quad (1)$$

Equation 1 is simplified to Equation 2 and Equation 3 by plugging $R_{CT} (typ)$ and $t_D (CTS \text{ or } CTR = OPEN)$ given in Section 6.5 and Section 6.6 section:

$$t_{D-SENSE} = 654666 \times C_{CTS_EXT} + 50\mu s \quad (2)$$

$$t_D = 654666 \times C_{CTR_EXT} + 80\mu s \quad (3)$$

Equation 4 and Equation 5 solves for both external capacitor values (C_{CTS_EXT}) and (C_{CTR_EXT}) in units of Farads where $t_{D-SENSE}$ and t_D are in units of seconds:

$$C_{CTS_EXT} = (t_{D-SENSE} - 50\mu s) \div 654666 \quad (4)$$

$$C_{CTR_EXT} = (t_D - 80\mu s) \div 654666 \quad (5)$$

The sense or reset delay varies according to three variables: the external capacitor (C_{CT_EXT}), CTS and CTR pin internal resistance (R_{CT}) provided in Section 6.5, and a constant. The minimum and maximum variance due to the constant is show in Equation 6 and Equation 7:

$$t_{D-SENSE} (min) \text{ or } t_D (min) = -\ln(0.29) \times R_{CT} (min) \times C_{CT_EXT} (min) + t_D (no \text{ cap, min}) \quad (6)$$

$$t_{D-SENSE} (max) \text{ or } t_D (max) = -\ln(0.25) \times R_{CT} (max) \times C_{CT_EXT} (max) + t_D (no \text{ cap, max}) \quad (7)$$

The recommended maximum sense and reset delay capacitors for the TPS3899-Q1 is limited to 10μF as this makes sure there is enough time for either capacitors to fully discharge when a voltage fault occurs. When a voltage fault occurs, the previously charged up capacitor discharges and if the monitored voltage returns from the fault condition before either delay capacitors discharges completely, both delays will be shorter than expected. The capacitors will begin charging from a voltage above zero and resulting in shorter than expected time delays. Larger delay capacitors can be used so long as the capacitors have enough time to fully discharge

during the duration of the voltage fault. To ensure the capacitors are fully discharged, the time period or duration of the voltage fault needs to be greater than 10% of the programmed reset time delay.

Figure 7-2 shows the charge and discharge behavior on CTS and CTR that defines the sense and reset delays respectively. When SENSE transitions below V_{IT-} , the capacitor connected to CTS begins to charge. Once the CTS capacitor charges to an internal threshold shown as V_{TH_CTS} , $\overline{RESET}$ transitions to active-low logic state and the CTS capacitor then begins to discharge immediately. When SENSE transitions above $V_{IT-} + V_{HYS}$, the capacitor connected to CTR begins to charge. Once the CTR capacitor charges to the internal threshold V_{TH_CTR} , $\overline{RESET}$ releases back to inactive logic high state and the CTR capacitor begins to discharge immediately. Please note that for active-high variants, $\overline{RESET}$ follows the inverse behavior of $\overline{RESET}$.

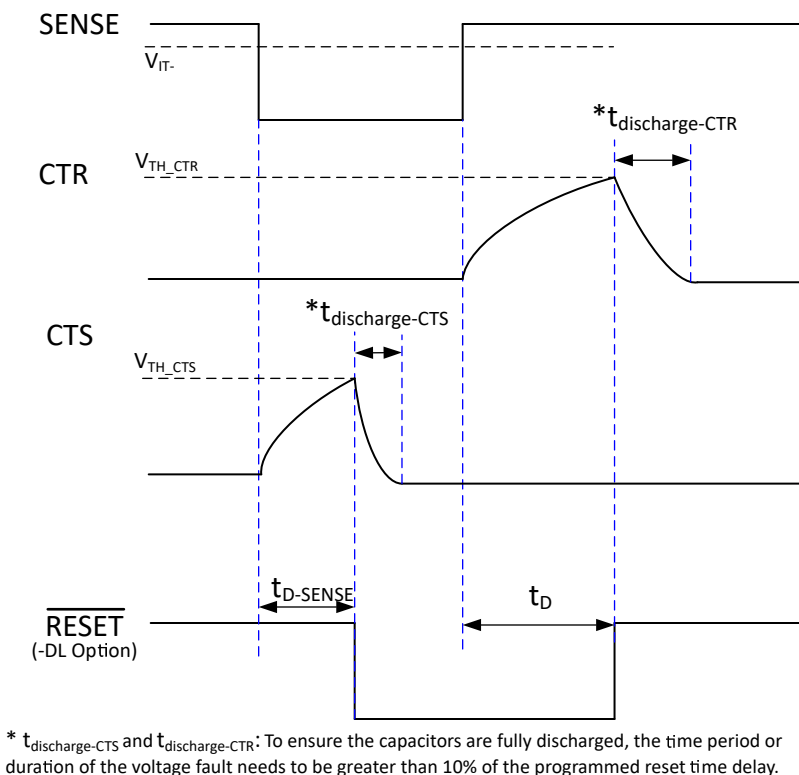
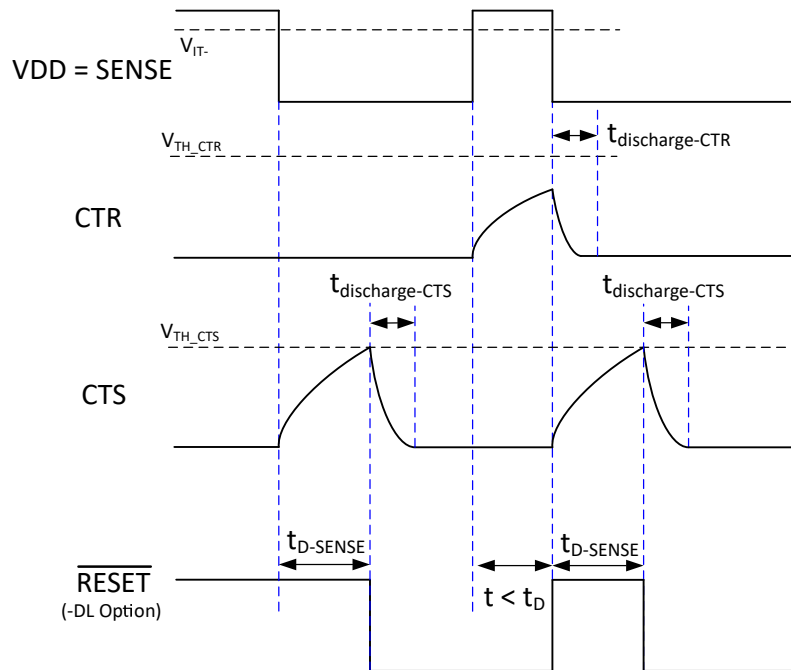


Figure 7-2. CTS and CTR Charge and Discharge Behavior Relative to SENSE and $\overline{RESET}$

Figure 7-3 shows the charge and discharge behavior on CTS and CTR where the monitored voltage is VDD. Similar to Figure 7-2, Figure 7-3 illustrates a SENSE signal that is transitioning below V_{IT-} before the CTR capacitor reaches to an internal threshold voltage V_{TH_CTR} and $t < t_D$. The result of the CTR capacitor not reaching the internal threshold voltage V_{TH_CTR} is $\overline{RESET}$ will become deasserted. Once $\overline{RESET}$ is deasserted, charging begins for the CTS capacitor. When the CTS voltage reaches the internal threshold V_{TH_CTS} , $\overline{RESET}$ will become asserted. This phenomenon is caused by the SENSE falling edge triggering the discharging of the CTR capacitor and producing a deassert signal on the $\overline{RESET}$ output.



* $t_{discharge-CTS}$ and $t_{discharge-CTR}$: To ensure the capacitors are fully discharged, the time period or duration of the voltage fault needs to be greater than 10% of the programmed reset time delay.

Figure 7-3. CTS and CTR Charge and Discharge Behavior Relative to VDD, SENSE and RESET

7.3.3 RESET/RESET Output

Upon power up, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ /RESET begins asserted and remains asserted until the SENSE pin voltage rises above the positive voltage threshold $V_{IT-} + V_{HYS}$ for the duration of the reset delay set by CTR. After the SENSE pin voltage is above $V_{IT-} + V_{HYS}$ for the reset delay, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ /RESET deasserts. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ /RESET remains deasserted long as the SENSE pin voltage is above the positive threshold. If the SENSE pin voltage falls below the negative threshold (V_{IT-}) for the duration of the sense delay set by CTS, then $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ /RESET is asserted.

An external pull-up resistor is required for the open-drain variants. Connect the external pull-up resistor to the proper voltage rail to enable the outputs to be connected to other devices at the correct interface voltage level. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ /RESET can be pulled up to any voltage up to 6.0V, independent of the device supply voltage.

7.3.4 SENSE Input

The SENSE input can vary from 0V to 6.0V, regardless of the device supply voltage used. The SENSE pin is used to monitor a critical voltage rail or push-button input. If the voltage on this pin drops below V_{IT-} , then $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ /RESET is asserted after the sense delay time set by CTS. When the voltage on the SENSE pin rises above the positive threshold voltage $V_{IT-} + V_{HYS}$, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ /RESET deasserts after the reset delay time set by CTR. The internal comparator has built-in hysteresis to make sure well-defined $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ /RESET assertions and deassertions even when there are small changes on the voltage rail being monitored.

The TPS3899-Q1 device is relatively immune to short transients on the SENSE pin. Glitch immunity ($t_{GL_V_{IT-SENSE}}$), found in [Section 6.6](#), is dependent on threshold overdrive, as illustrated in [Figure 6-7](#). Although not required in most cases, for noisy applications, good analog design practice is to place a 10nF to 100nF bypass capacitor at the SENSE input to reduce sensitivity to transient voltages on the monitored signal.

7.3.4.1 Immunity to SENSE Pin Voltage Transients

The TPS3899-Q1 is immune to short voltage transient spikes on the input pins. To further improve the noise immunity on the SENSE pin, placing a 10nF to 100nF capacitor between the SENSE pin and GND can reduce the sensitivity to transient voltages on the monitored signal.

Sensitivity to transients depends on both transient duration and overdrive (amplitude) of the transient. Overdrive is defined by how much V_{SENSE} exceeds the specified threshold, and is important to know because the smaller the overdrive, the slower the response of the outputs. Threshold overdrive is calculated as a percent of the threshold in question, as shown in Equation 8.

$$\text{Overdrive} = |((V_{SENSE} / V_{IT-}) - 1) \times 100\%| \quad (8)$$

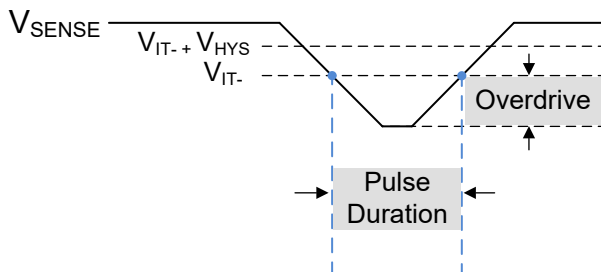


Figure 7-4. Overdrive vs Pulse Duration

7.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 7-1 summarizes the various functional modes of the device.

Table 7-1. Truth Table

V_{DD}	SENSE ⁽¹⁾	RESET	RESET
$V_{DD} < V_{POR}$	—	Undefined	Undefined
$V_{POR} < V_{DD} < V_{DD(MIN)}$ ⁽²⁾	—	L	H
$V_{DD} \geq V_{DD(MIN)}$	$V_{SENSE} < V_{IT-}$	L	H
$V_{DD} \geq V_{DD(MIN)}$	$V_{SENSE} > V_{IT-} + V_{HYS}$	H	L

- (1) SENSE pin voltage must be less than V_{IT-} for the sense delay set by CTS or greater than $V_{IT-} + V_{HYS}$ for the reset delay set by CTR before RESET transitions
- (2) When V_{DD} falls below $V_{DD(MIN)}$, the internal undervoltage-lockout takes effect and $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ is held logic low (RESET is held logic high) until V_{DD} falls below V_{POR} at which the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ /RESET output is undefined.

7.4.1 Normal Operation ($V_{DD} > V_{DD(min)}$)

When V_{DD} is greater than $V_{DD(min)}$, the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ /RESET pin is determined by the voltage on the SENSE pin and the sense delay and reset delay set by CTS and CTR respectively.

7.4.2 Above Power-On-Reset But Less Than $V_{DD(min)}$ ($V_{POR} < V_{DD} < V_{DD(min)}$)

When the voltage on V_{DD} is less than the $V_{DD(min)}$ voltage, and greater than the power-on-reset voltage V_{POR} , the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ /RESET signal is asserted regardless of the voltage on the SENSE pin.

7.4.3 Below Power-On-Reset ($V_{DD} < V_{POR}$)

When the voltage on V_{DD} is lower than V_{POR} , the device does not have enough voltage to assert the output $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ /RESET to the correct logic state. The output results in being undefined as shown in Figure 6-1 or in Figure 6-2. If the output $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ /RESET is an open-drain variant, the voltage can be pulled up to V_{DD} or to the pull-up voltage. Neither output can be relied upon for proper device function.

8 Application and Implementation

Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

The following sections describe in detail how to properly use this device, depending on the requirements of the final application.

8.2 Typical Application

8.2.1 Design 1: Dual Rail Monitoring with Power-Up Sequencing

A typical application for the TPS3899-Q1 is voltage rail monitoring and power-up sequencing as shown in Figure 8-1. The TPS3899-Q1 can be used to monitor any rail above 0.8V. In this design application, two TPS3899-Q1 devices monitor two separate voltage rails and sequences the rails upon power-up. The TPS3899DL01-Q1 is used to monitor the 3.3V main power rail and the TPS3899PL16-Q1 is used to monitor the 1.8V rail provided by the LDO for other system peripherals. The RESET output of the TPS3899DL01-Q1 is connected to the enable (EN) input of the LDO with an external pull-up resistor $R_{PULL-UP}$ to the 3.3V power rail. The RESET output of the TPS3899PL16-Q1 is connected to the (RESET) input of the microcontroller. A reset event is initiated on either voltage supervisor when the VDD voltage is less than V_{IT} , falling threshold voltage. For a system reset event, a push-button input is placed at the SENSE pin of the TPS3899DL01-Q1.

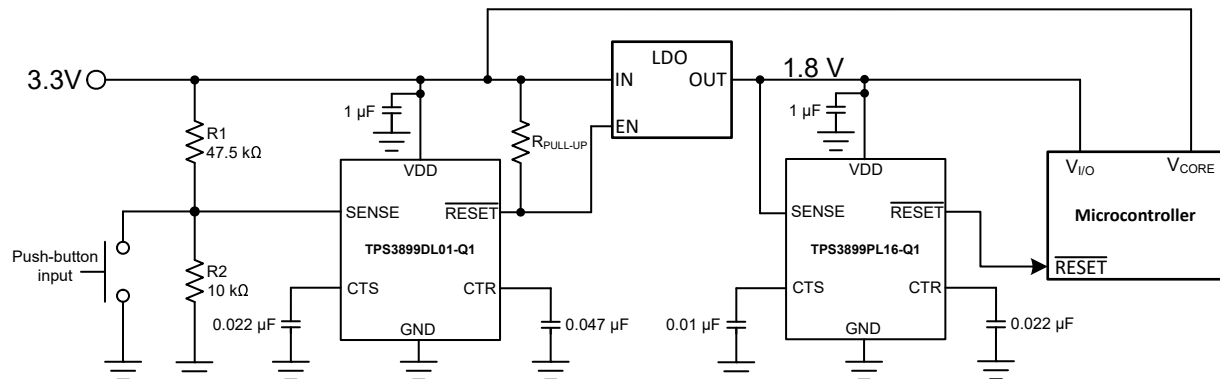


Figure 8-1. TPS3899-Q1 Voltage Rail Monitor and Power-Up Sequencer Design Block Diagram

8.2.1.1 Design Requirements

This design requires voltage supervision on two voltage rails: 3.3V and 1.8V. The voltage rails need to sequence upon power up with the 3.3V coming up at least 25ms followed by the 1.8V rail.

PARAMETER	DESIGN REQUIREMENT	DESIGN RESULT
Two Rail Voltage Supervision	Monitor 3.3V and 1.8V rails	Two TPS3899-Q1 devices provide voltage monitoring with 1% accuracy with either an adjustable threshold device or fixed voltage options available in 0.1V variations.
Voltage Rail Sequencing	Power up the 3.3V rail first within 25ms followed by 1.8V rail	The CTR capacitors on TPS3899DL01-Q1 and TPS3899PL16-Q1 are set to 0.047 μ F and 0.022 μ F, respectively, for a reset time delays of 29ms and 13.7ms typical.
Reset Asserting and Timing 1	Reset needs to assert under the reset condition of a push-button press or VDD < 2.9V after a period of 10ms.	Reset asserts under the reset condition of a push-button press or VDD < 2.9V after a period of 13.7ms. The RESET output deasserts after 29ms when VDD > 3.05V.
Reset Asserting and Timing 2	Reset needs to assert under the reset condition of VDD < 1.6V after a period of 5ms.	Reset asserts under the reset condition of VDD < 1.6V after a period of 6.2ms. The RESET output deasserts after 13.7ms when VDD > 1.68V.
Max device current consumption	1 μ A	Each TPS3899-Q1 requires 125nA typical.

8.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

The primary constraint for this application is choosing the correct device to monitor the supply voltage of the microprocessor. The TPS3899-Q1 can monitor any voltage with the adjustable voltage threshold option or fixed voltages between 0.8V and 5.4V. Depending on how far away from the nominal voltage rail the user wants the voltage supervisor to trigger determines the correct voltage supervisor variant to choose. In this example, [Figure 8-2](#) shows the output, RESET, of the TPS3899DL01-Q1 when the 3.3V rail falls to 2.9V after the sense time delay expires. The TPS3899PL16-Q1 triggers a reset when the 1.8V rail falls to 1.6V.

The secondary constraint for this application is the sense and reset time delay. If the monitored voltage rail 3.3V has large voltage ripple noise and goes below the programmed threshold voltage but returns above the $V_{IT+} + V_{HYS}$ before the sense time delay expires, the output does not assert. Therefore, the sense time delay prevents false sense resets by allowing the monitored voltage rail 3.3V to not assert the output during the programmed sense time delay period set by the capacitor on the CTS pin. In the application, the CTS capacitors for both the TPS3899DL01-Q1 and TPS3899PL16-Q1 are set to be 0.022 μ F and 0.01 μ F, respectively, and resulted in sense time delays of 13.7ms and 6.2ms. In addition to the sense delay time, the reset time delay for the TPS3899DL01-Q1 must be at least 25ms to allow the microprocessor, and all other devices using the 3.3V rail, enough time to startup correctly before the 1.8V rail is enabled via the LDO. Once the LDO is enabled, the reset time delay for the TPS3899PL16-Q1 must be at least 10ms to allow the 1.8V rail to settle. For applications with ambient temperatures ranging from -40°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$, CTS and CTR can be calculated using R_{CTS} and R_{CTR} . Solving for C_{CTS} and C_{CTR} in [Equation 4](#) and [Equation 5](#) for 10ms and 25ms gives a minimum capacitor value of 0.016 μ F and 0.0403 μ F which are rounded up to standard values of 0.022 μ F and 0.047 μ F, respectively, to account for capacitor tolerance.

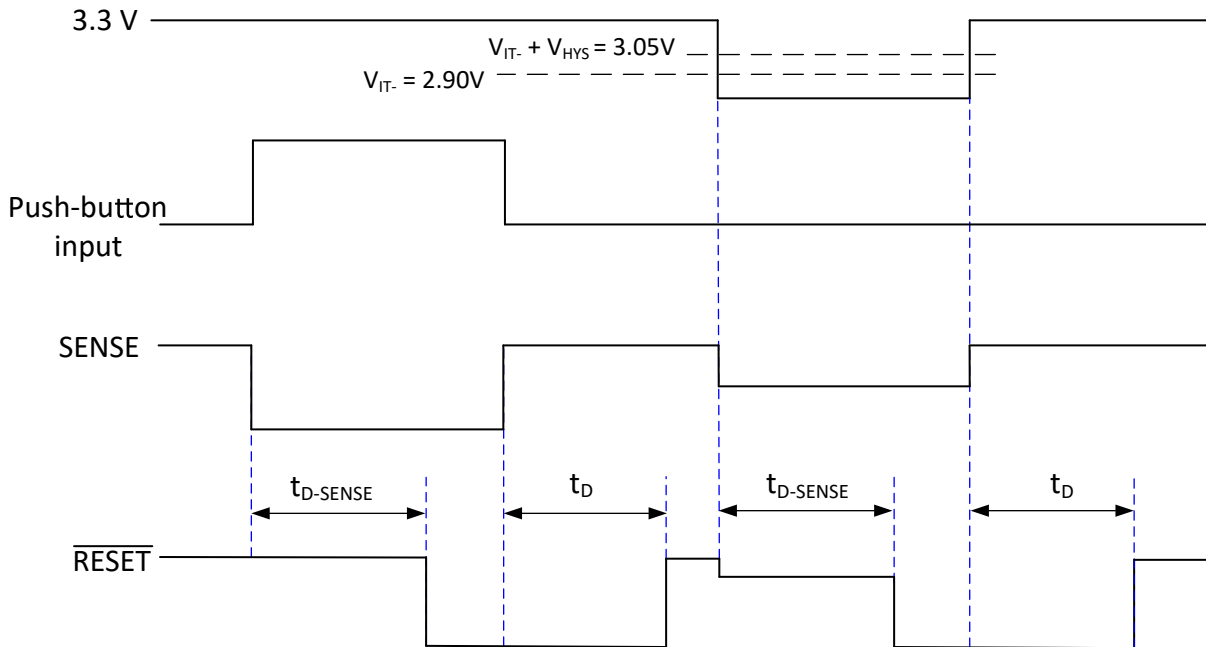


Figure 8-2. TPS3899DL01-Q1 3.3V Voltage Rail Monitor Timing Diagram

A 1 μ F decoupling capacitor is connected to the VDD pin as a good analog design practice. The pull-up resistor is only required for the open-drain device variants and is calculated to make sure that V_{OL} does not exceed the max limit given the $I_{RESET(Sink)}$ possible at the expected supply voltage. The open-drain variant is used in this design example and the nominal VDD is 3.3V but dropping to 2.9V for V_{IT-} , the voltage across the pull-up resistor can be determined. In [Section 6.5](#), max V_{OL} provides 2mA $I_{RESET(Sink)}$ for 3.3V VDD. Using 2mA of $I_{RESET(Sink)}$ and 300mV max V_{OL} , gives us 1.3k Ω for the pull-up resistor. Any value higher than 1.3k Ω makes sure that V_{OL} does not exceed the 300mV max specification.

8.3 Application Curves

These application curves were taken with the TPS3899EVM which uses the TPS3899DL01DSER. Please see the [TPS3899EVM User Guide](#) for more information.

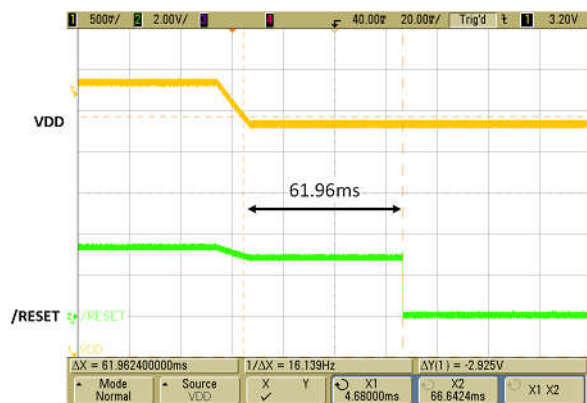


Figure 8-3. Sense Delay where $CTS = 0.1\mu F$

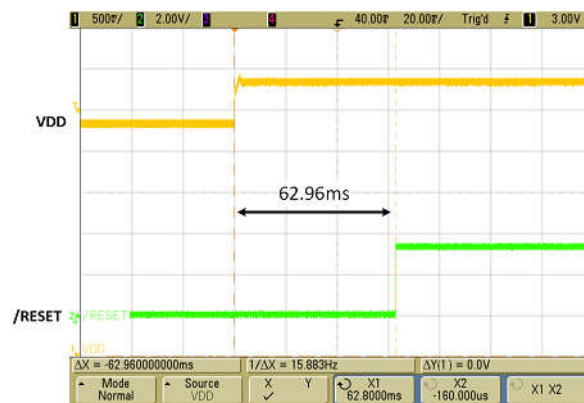


Figure 8-4. Reset Delay where $CTR = 0.1\mu F$

8.4 Power Supply Recommendations

The TPS3899-Q1 is designed to operate from an input supply with a voltage range between 0.85V and 6V. An input supply capacitor is not required for this device; however, if the input supply is noisy, then good analog practice is to place a 0.1 μ F capacitor between the VDD pin and the GND pin. Also, placing a 10nF to 100nF capacitor between the SENSE pin and GND can reduce the sensitivity to transient voltages on the monitored signal. This device has a 6.5V absolute maximum rating on the VDD pin. If the voltage supply providing power to VDD is susceptible to any large voltage transient that can exceed 6.5V, additional precautions must be taken.

8.5 Layout

8.5.1 Layout Guidelines

Make sure that the connection to the VDD pin is low impedance. Good analog design practice is to place a 0.1 μ F ceramic capacitor near the VDD pin. If a capacitor is not connected to the CTS or CTS pins, then minimize parasitic capacitance on this pin so the sense delay or reset delay times are not adversely affected. To improve noise immunity on the SENSE pin, place a capacitor (C_{SENSE}) as close as possible to the SENSE pin. Placing a 10nF to 100nF capacitor between the SENSE pin and GND can reduce the sensitivity to transient voltages on the monitored signal.

8.5.2 Layout Example

The layout example in [Figure 8-5](#) shows how the TPS3899-Q1 is laid out on a printed circuit board (PCB) with a user-defined sense delay and reset delay.

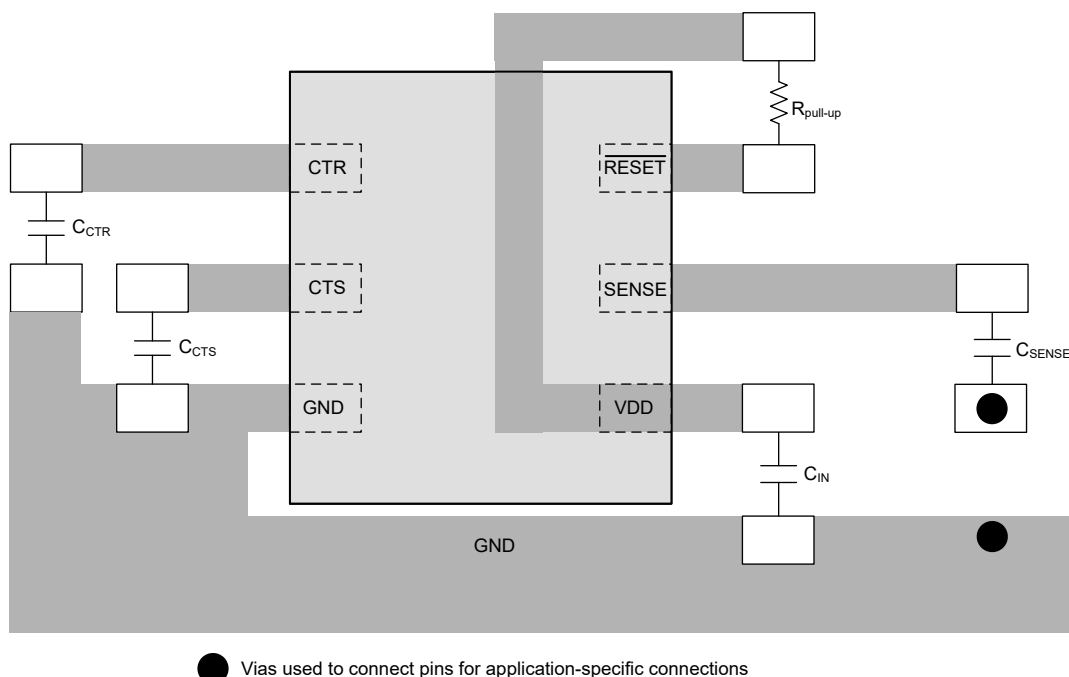


Figure 8-5. Recommended Layout

9 Device and Documentation Support

9.1 Device Support

9.1.1 Device Nomenclature

Figure 4-1 in [Device Nomenclature](#) and [Table 9-1](#) shows how to decode the function of the device based on the part number shown in [Table 9-2](#).

Table 9-1. Device Naming Convention

DESCRIPTION	NOMENCLATURE	VALUE
Generic Part number	TPS3899-Q1	TPS3899-Q1
Variant code (Output Toplogy)	DL	Open-Drain, Active-Low
	PL	Push-Pull, Active-Low
	PH	Push-Pull, Active-High
Detect Voltage Option	## (two characters)	01: 0.505V (adjustable)
		Example: 08 stands for 0.8V threshold 0.8V to 5.4V (fixed threshold voltage)
Package	DSE	WSON
Reel	R	Large Reel
Automotive Version	Q1	AEC-Q100

[Table 9-2](#) shows the possible variants of the TPS3899-Q1. Please refer to the Package Option Addendum (POA), in this data sheet, for which variant is orderable and available; minimum order quantities apply.

Table 9-2. Device Naming Convention

ORDERABLE DEVICE NAME			THRESHOLD VOLTAGE (V)
-DL (OPEN-DRAIN ACTIVE-LOW)	-PL (PUSH-PULL ACTIVE-LOW)	-PH (PUSH-PULL ACTIVE-HIGH)	
TPS3899DL01-Q1	TPS3899PL01-Q1	TPS3899PH01-Q1	0.505
TPS3899DL08-Q1	TPS3899PL08-Q1	N/A	0.80
TPS3899DL09-Q1	TPS3899PL09-Q1	N/A	0.90
TPS3899DL10-Q1	TPS3899PL10-Q1	N/A	1.00
TPS3899DL11-Q1	TPS3899PL11-Q1	TPS3899PH11-Q1	1.10
TPS3899DL12-Q1	TPS3899PL12-Q1	TPS3899PH12-Q1	1.20
TPS3899DL13-Q1	TPS3899PL13-Q1	TPS3899PH13-Q1	1.30
TPS3899DL14-Q1	TPS3899PL14-Q1	TPS3899PH14-Q1	1.40
TPS3899DL15-Q1	TPS3899PL15-Q1	TPS3899PH15-Q1	1.50
TPS3899DL16-Q1	TPS3899PL16-Q1	TPS3899PH16-Q1	1.60
TPS3899DL17-Q1	TPS3899PL17-Q1	TPS3899PH17-Q1	1.70
TPS3899DL18-Q1	TPS3899PL18-Q1	TPS3899PH18-Q1	1.80
TPS3899DL19-Q1	TPS3899PL19-Q1	TPS3899PH19-Q1	1.90
TPS3899DL20-Q1	TPS3899PL20-Q1	TPS3899PH20-Q1	2.00
TPS3899DL21-Q1	TPS3899PL21-Q1	TPS3899PH21-Q1	2.10
TPS3899DL22-Q1	TPS3899PL22-Q1	TPS3899PH22-Q1	2.20
TPS3899DL23-Q1	TPS3899PL23-Q1	TPS3899PH23-Q1	2.30
TPS3899DL24-Q1	TPS3899PL24-Q1	TPS3899PH24-Q1	2.40
TPS3899DL25-Q1	TPS3899PL25-Q1	TPS3899PH25-Q1	2.50
TPS3899DL26-Q1	TPS3899PL26-Q1	TPS3899PH26-Q1	2.60

Table 9-2. Device Naming Convention (continued)

ORDERABLE DEVICE NAME			THRESHOLD VOLTAGE (V)
-DL (OPEN-DRAIN ACTIVE-LOW)	-PL (PUSH-PULL ACTIVE-LOW)	-PH (PUSH-PULL ACTIVE-HIGH)	
TPS3899DL27-Q1	TPS3899PL27-Q1	TPS3899PH27-Q1	2.70
TPS3899DL28-Q1	TPS3899PL28-Q1	TPS3899PH28-Q1	2.80
TPS3899DL29-Q1	TPS3899PL29-Q1	TPS3899PH29-Q1	2.90
TPS3899DL30-Q1	TPS3899PL30-Q1	TPS3899PH30-Q1	3.00
TPS3899DL31-Q1	TPS3899PL31-Q1	TPS3899PH31-Q1	3.10
TPS3899DL32-Q1	TPS3899PL32-Q1	TPS3899PH32-Q1	3.20
TPS3899DL33-Q1	TPS3899PL33-Q1	TPS3899PH33-Q1	3.30
TPS3899DL34-Q1	TPS3899PL34-Q1	TPS3899PH34-Q1	3.40
TPS3899DL35-Q1	TPS3899PL35-Q1	TPS3899PH35-Q1	3.50
TPS3899DL36-Q1	TPS3899PL36-Q1	TPS3899PH36-Q1	3.60
TPS3899DL37-Q1	TPS3899PL37-Q1	TPS3899PH37-Q1	3.70
TPS3899DL38-Q1	TPS3899PL38-Q1	TPS3899PH38-Q1	3.80
TPS3899DL39-Q1	TPS3899PL39-Q1	TPS3899PH39-Q1	3.90
TPS3899DL40-Q1	TPS3899PL40-Q1	TPS3899PH40-Q1	4.00
TPS3899DL41-Q1	TPS3899PL41-Q1	TPS3899PH41-Q1	4.10
TPS3899DL42-Q1	TPS3899PL42-Q1	TPS3899PH42-Q1	4.20
TPS3899DL43-Q1	TPS3899PL43-Q1	TPS3899PH43-Q1	4.30
TPS3899DL44-Q1	TPS3899PL44-Q1	TPS3899PH44-Q1	4.40
TPS3899DL45-Q1	TPS3899PL45-Q1	TPS3899PH45-Q1	4.50
TPS3899DL46-Q1	TPS3899PL46-Q1	TPS3899PH46-Q1	4.60
TPS3899DL47-Q1	TPS3899PL47-Q1	TPS3899PH47-Q1	4.70
TPS3899DL48-Q1	TPS3899PL48-Q1	TPS3899PH48-Q1	4.80
TPS3899DL49-Q1	TPS3899PL49-Q1	TPS3899PH49-Q1	4.90
TPS3899DL50-Q1	TPS3899PL50-Q1	TPS3899PH50-Q1	5.00
TPS3899DL51-Q1	TPS3899PL51-Q1	TPS3899PH51-Q1	5.10
TPS3899DL52-Q1	TPS3899PL52-Q1	TPS3899PH52-Q1	5.20
TPS3899DL53-Q1	TPS3899PL53-Q1	TPS3899PH53-Q1	5.30
TPS3899DL54-Q1	TPS3899PL54-Q1	TPS3899PH54-Q1	5.40

9.2 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

9.3 Support Resources

TI E2E™ support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

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9.4 Trademarks

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9.5 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

9.6 Glossary

[TI Glossary](#) This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

10 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision A (September 2021) to Revision B (November 2023)	Page
• Removed Min and Max values for RCTS and RCTR.....	6
• Updated equations in User-Programmable Sense and Reset Time Delay section.....	13

Changes from Revision * (April 2021) to Revision A (September 2021)	Page
• Production Data Release.....	1

11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status (1)	Material type (2)	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS (3)	Lead finish/ Ball material (4)	MSL rating/ Peak reflow (5)	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
TPS3899DL01DSERQ1	Active	Production	WSO (DSE) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	M4
TPS3899DL01DSERQ1.A	Active	Production	WSO (DSE) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	M4
TPS3899DL11DSERQ1	Active	Production	WSO (DSE) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	QB
TPS3899DL11DSERQ1.A	Active	Production	WSO (DSE) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	QB
TPS3899DL30DSERQ1	Active	Production	WSO (DSE) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	M5
TPS3899DL30DSERQ1.A	Active	Production	WSO (DSE) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	M5
TPS3899DL31DSERQ1	Active	Production	WSO (DSE) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	M7
TPS3899DL31DSERQ1.A	Active	Production	WSO (DSE) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	M7
TPS3899PL16DSERQ1	Active	Production	WSO (DSE) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LO
TPS3899PL16DSERQ1.A	Active	Production	WSO (DSE) 6	3000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LO

⁽¹⁾ **Status:** For more details on status, see our [product life cycle](#).

⁽²⁾ **Material type:** When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ **RoHS values:** Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the [TI RoHS Statement](#) for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ **Lead finish/Ball material:** Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ **Part marking:** There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative

and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

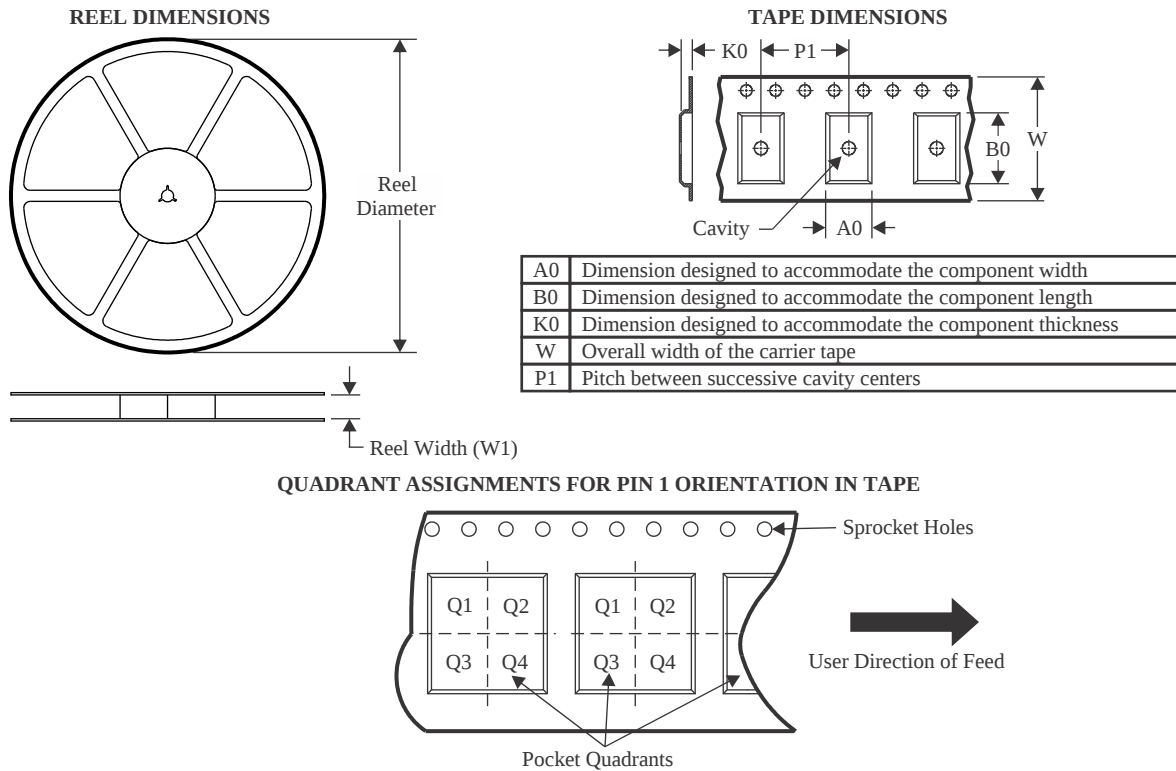
In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TPS3899-Q1 :

- Catalog : [TPS3899](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

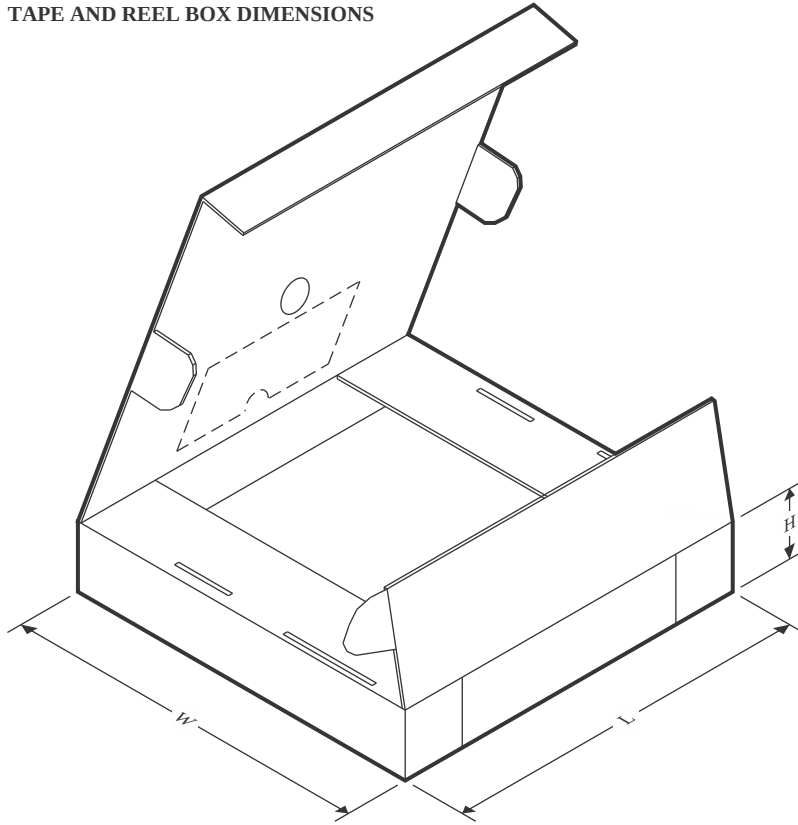
- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS3899DL01DSERQ1	WSO	DSE	6	3000	180.0	8.4	1.75	1.75	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS3899DL11DSERQ1	WSO	DSE	6	3000	180.0	8.4	1.75	1.75	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS3899DL30DSERQ1	WSO	DSE	6	3000	180.0	8.4	1.75	1.75	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS3899DL31DSERQ1	WSO	DSE	6	3000	180.0	8.4	1.75	1.75	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS3899PL16DSERQ1	WSO	DSE	6	3000	180.0	8.4	1.75	1.75	1.0	4.0	8.0	Q2

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS3899DL01DSERQ1	WSON	DSE	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS3899DL11DSERQ1	WSON	DSE	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS3899DL30DSERQ1	WSON	DSE	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS3899DL31DSERQ1	WSON	DSE	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS3899PL16DSERQ1	WSON	DSE	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0

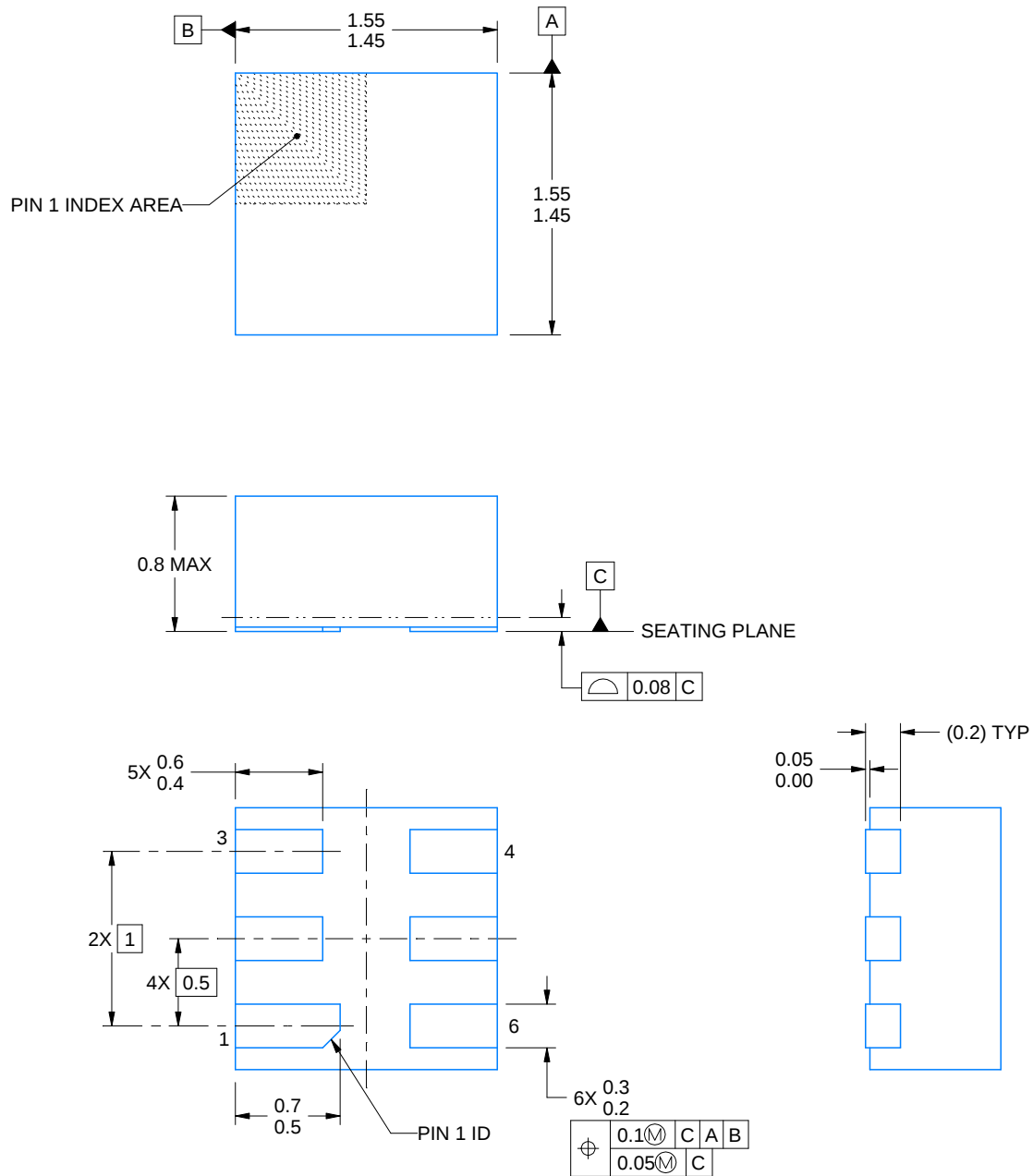
DSE0006A



PACKAGE OUTLINE

WSO - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



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NOTES:

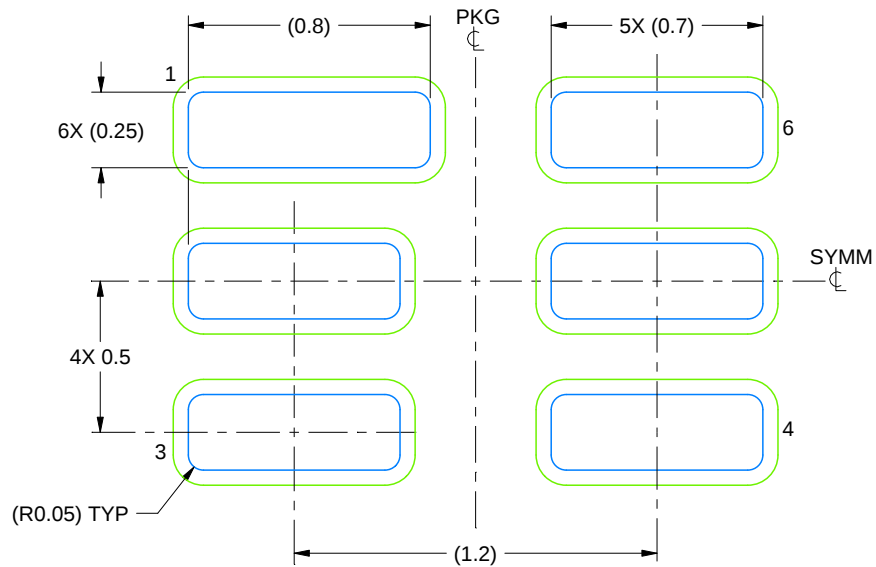
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

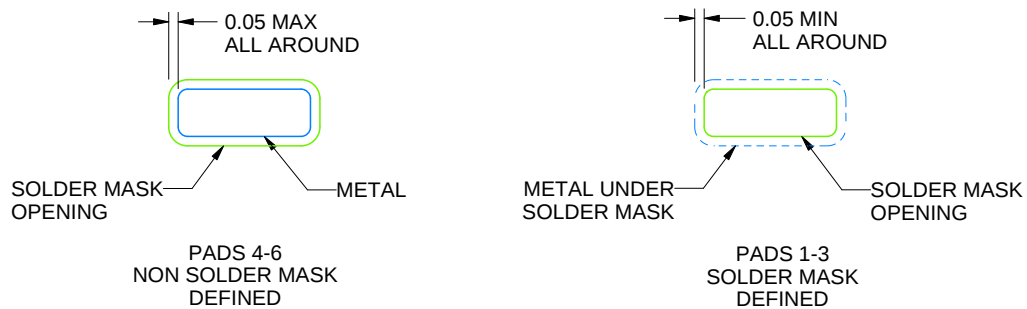
DSE0006A

WSN - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
SCALE:40X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4220552/B 01/2024

NOTES: (continued)

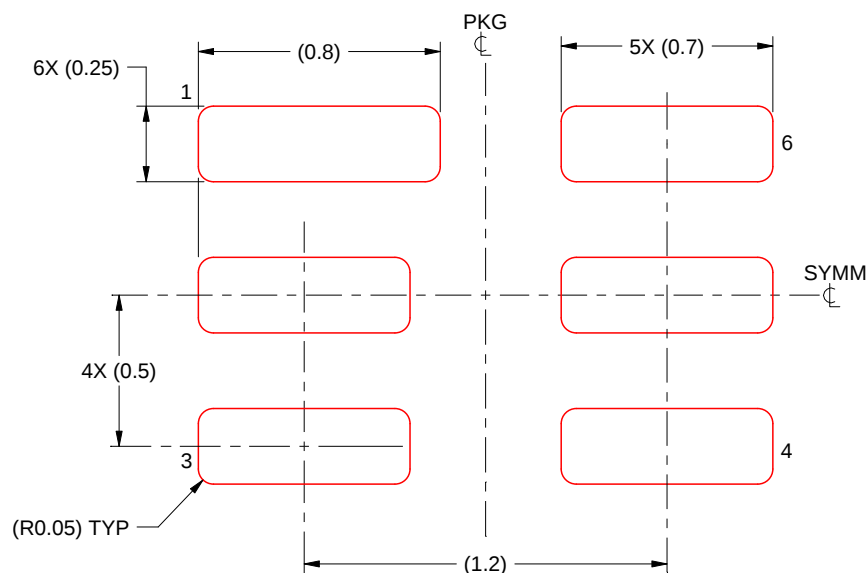
3. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DSE0006A

WSON - 0.8 mm max height

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE:40X

NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.

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