

Isolated High Current Gate Driver

NCD57100, NCD57101, NCV57100, NCV57101

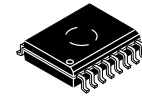
NCx5710y is a high-current single channel IGBT / SiC / MOSFET driver with internal galvanic isolation, designed for high system efficiency and reliability in high power applications. Its features include complementary inputs, open drain FAULT and READY outputs, active MILLER CLAMP, accurate UVLOs, DESAT protection and DESAT diagnostic function, soft turn-off at DESAT, Disable output function and separate high and low (OUTH and OUTL) driver outputs (NCx57100) for system design convenience. NCx5710y accommodates both 5 V and 3.3 V signals on the input side and wide bias voltage range on the driver side including negative voltage capability. NCx5710y provides > 5 kVrms (UL1577 rating) galvanic isolation and > 1424 V_{PK} (working voltage) capabilities. NCx5710y is available in the wide-body SOIC-16 package with guaranteed 8 mm creepage distance between input and output to fulfill reinforced safety insulation requirements.

Features

- High Current Peak Output (± 7 A)
- Low Output Impedance for Enhanced Power Switch Driving
- Short Propagation Delays with Accurate Matching
- Active Miller Clamp to Prevent Spurious Gate Turn-on
- DESAT Protection with Programmable Delay
- DESAT Diagnostic Function (DSCHK)
- Output Disable Function
- Negative Voltage (Down to -8 V) Capability for DESAT
- Soft Turn Off During Power Switch Short Circuit
- Gate Clamping During Short Circuit
- Tight UVLO Thresholds for Bias Flexibility
- Wide Bias Voltage Range including Negative VEE2
- 3.3 V to 5 V Input Supply Voltage
- Designed for AEC-Q100 Certification
- 5000 V Galvanic Isolation (to meet UL1577 Requirements)
- 1424 V_{PK} / 1000 V_{RMS} Working Voltage (per VDE0884-11 Requirements)
- High Transient Immunity
- High Electromagnetic Immunity
- NCV Prefix for Automotive and Other Applications Requiring Unique Site and Control Change Requirements; AEC-Q100 Qualified and PPAP Capable
- These Devices are Pb-Free, Halogen Free and are RoHS Compliant

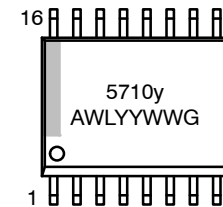
Typical Applications

- Automotive Applications
- Solar Inverters
- Motor Control
- Welding
- Industrial Power Supplies
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)



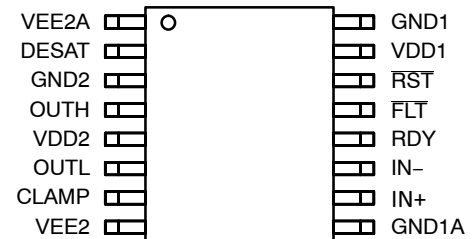
SOIC-16 WB
CASE 751G

MARKING DIAGRAM

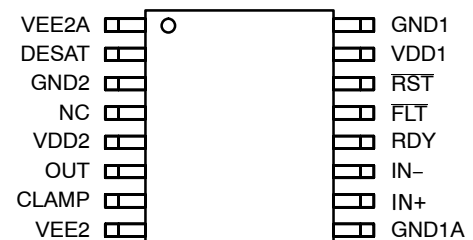


- 5710y = Specific Device Code
(y = 0 or 1)
A = Assembly Location
WL = Wafer Lot
YY = Year
WW = Work Week
G = Pb-Free Package

PIN ASSIGNMENTS



NCx57100 (x = D or V)



NCx57101 (x = D or V)

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information on page 10 of this data sheet.

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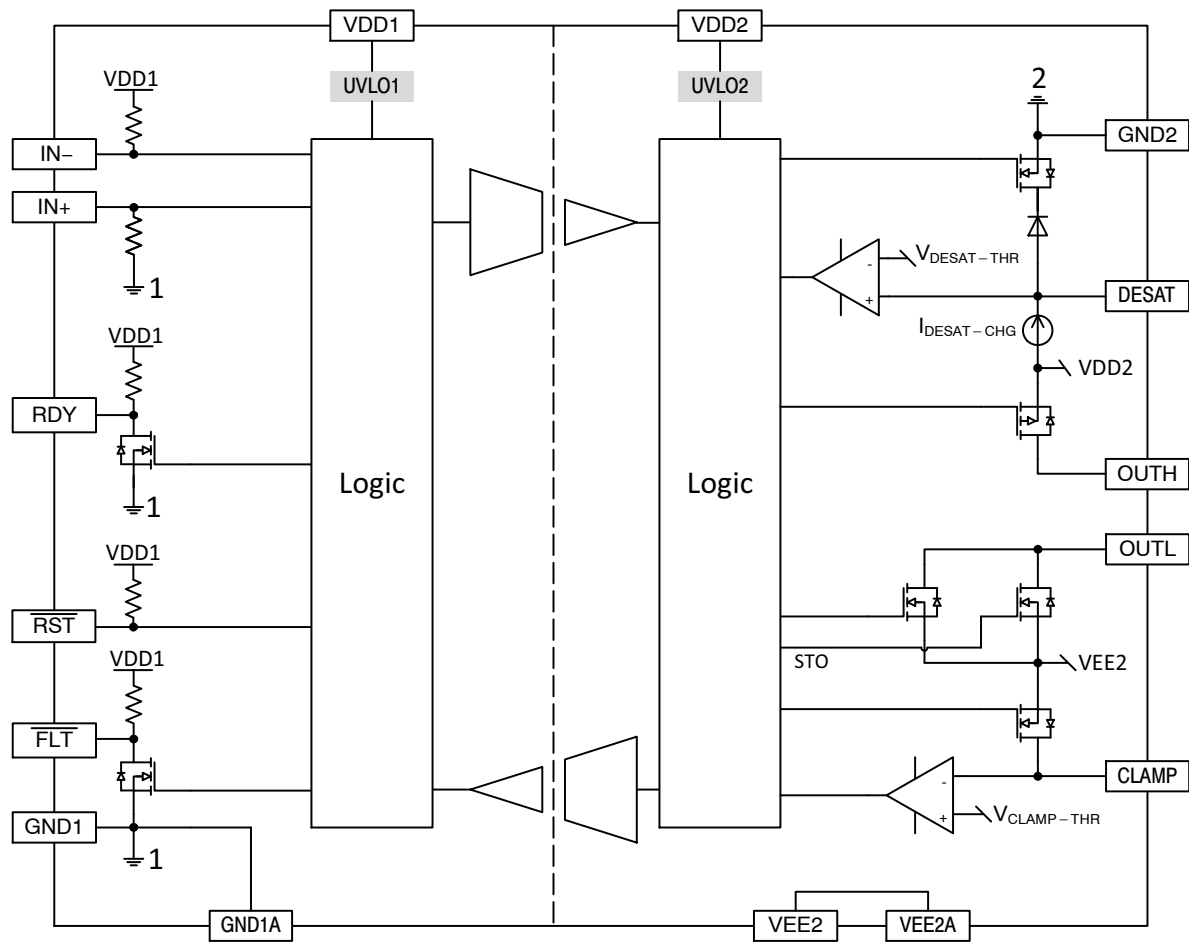


Figure 1. Simplified Block Diagram NCx57100

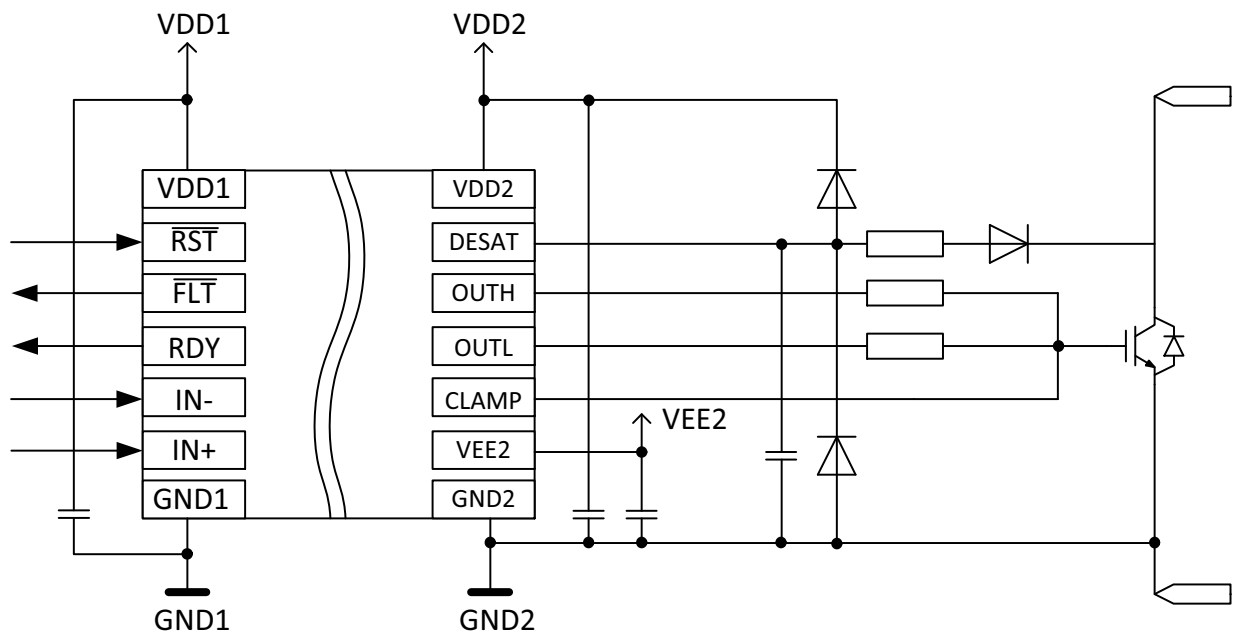


Figure 2. Simplified Application Schematics NCx57100

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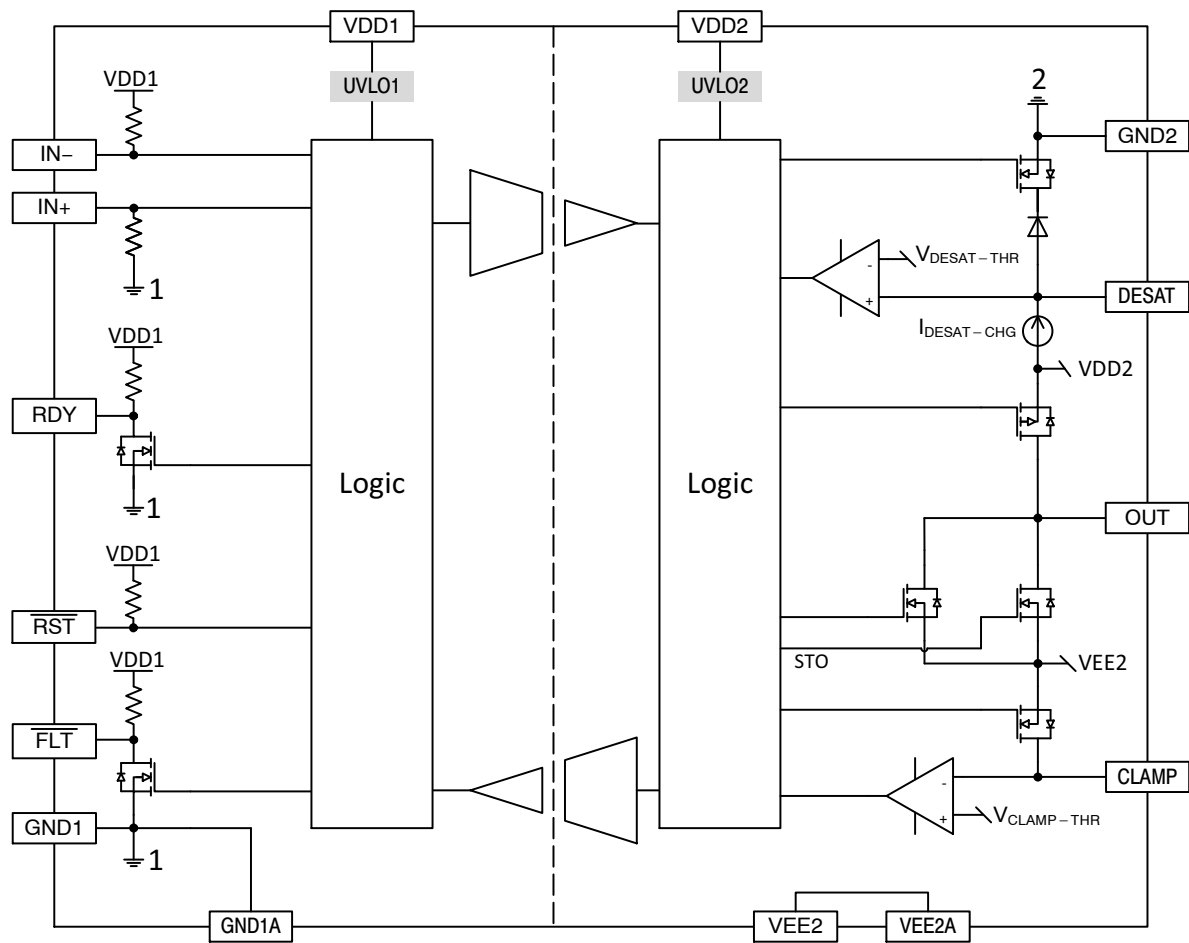


Figure 3. Simplified Block Diagram NCx57101

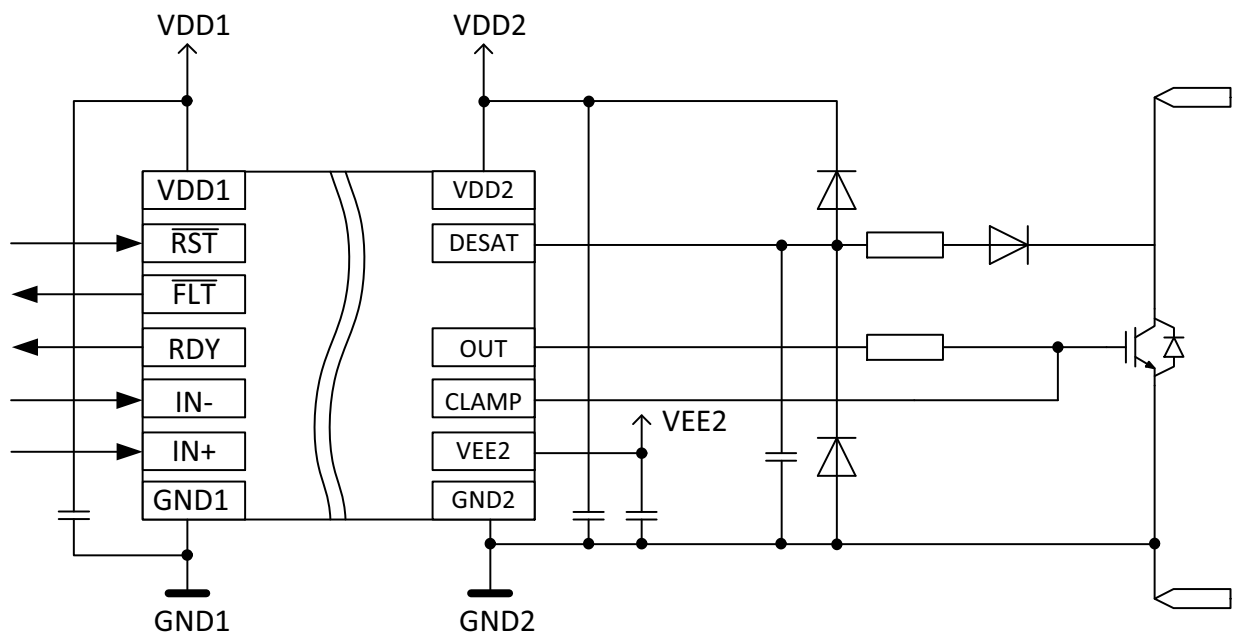


Figure 4. Simplified Application Schematics NCx57101

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PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin Name	No.	I/O	Description
V _{EE2A}	1	Power	Output side negative power supply. A good quality bypassing capacitor is required from these pins to GND2 and should be placed close to the pins for best results. Connect it to GND2 for unipolar supply application. VEE2 and VEE2A pins are internally connected together, for better package cooling of the driver, reduction of interference and negative effects of the floating pins, an external connection is recommended. Thermal cooling polygons should be applied to these pins for better cooling of the case.
V _{EE2}	8		
DESAT	2	I/O	Input for detecting the desaturation of power switch due to a short circuit condition. An internal constant current source I _{DESAT-CHG} charging an external capacitor connected to this pin allows a programmable blanking delay every ON cycle before DESAT fault is processed, thus preventing false triggering. When the DESAT voltage goes up and reaches V _{DESAT-THR} , the output is driven low. Further, the /FLT output is activated, please refer to Figure 7 on page 13. A 5 μ s mute time applies to IN+ and IN- once DESAT occurs.
GND2	3	Power	Output side gate drive reference connecting to IGBT emitter or FET source.
OUTH (NCx57100)	4	O	Driver high output that provides the appropriate drive voltage and source current to the power switch gate.
N/C (NCx57101)			Not Connected
V _{DD2}	5	Power	Output side positive power supply. The operating range for this pin is from UVLO2 to its maximum allowed value. A good quality bypassing capacitor is required from this pin to GND2 and should be placed close to the pins for best results.
OUTL (NCx57100)	6	O	Driver low output that provides the appropriate drive voltage and sink current to the power switch gate.
OUT (NCx57101)			Driver low output that provides the appropriate drive voltage and sink current to the power switch gate.
CLAMP	7	I/O	Provides clamping for the power switch gate during the off period to protect it from parasitic turn-on. Its internal NFET is turned on when the voltage of this pin falls below V _{EE2} + V _{CLAMP-THR} . It is to be tied directly to power switch gate with minimum trace length for best results.
GND1A	9	Power	Input side ground reference. GND1 and GND1A pins are internally connected together, for better package cooling of the driver, reduction of interference and negative effects of the floating pins, an external connection is recommended. Thermal cooling polygons should be applied to these pins for better cooling of the case.
GND1	16		
IN+	10	I	Non inverted gate driver input. It is internally clamped to V _{DD1} and has a pull-down resistor of 50 k Ω to ensure that output is low in the absence of an input signal. A minimum positive or negative going pulse-width is required at IN+ before OUTx respond.
IN-	11	I	Inverted gate driver input. It is internally clamped to V _{DD1} and has a pull-up resistor of 50 k Ω to ensure that output is low in the absence of an input signal. A minimum positive or negative going pulse-width is required at IN- before OUTx respond.
RDY	12	O	Power good indication output, active high when V _{DD1} and V _{DD2} are both good. There is an internal 50 k Ω pull-up resistor connected to this pin. Multiple of them from different drivers can be "OR"ed together. OUTx remain low when RDY is low. Short time delays may apply. See Figure 6 on page 12 for details.
/FLT	13	O	Fault output (active low) that allows communication to the main controller that the driver has encountered a desaturation condition and has deactivated the output. There is an internal 50 k Ω pull-up resistor connected to this pin. Multiple of them from different drivers can be "OR"ed together.
/RST	14	I	1) RESET: Reset input with an internal 50 k Ω pull-up resistor, active low to reset fault latch. 2) DISABLE: Active low to disable output function 3) DSCHK: Activation of DESAT comparator check function. The DSCHK is activated after input of 15 pulses with 200 ns Low pulse width and 10 μ s High pulse width (see Page 23)
V _{DD1}	15	Power	Input side power supply (3.3 V to 5 V).

SAFETY AND INSULATION RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
	Installation Classifications per DIN VDE 0110/1.89 Table 1 Rated Mains Voltage	< 150 V _{RMS}	I – IV
		< 300 V _{RMS}	I – IV
		< 450 V _{RMS}	I – IV
		< 600 V _{RMS}	I – IV
		< 1000 V _{RMS}	I – III
CTI	Comparative Tracking Index (DIN IEC 112/VDE 0303 Part 1)	600	
	Climatic Classification	40/125/21	
	Polution Degree (DIN VDE 0110/1.89)	2	
V _{PR}	Input-to-Output Test Voltage, Method B, V _{IORM} × 1.875 = V _{PR} , 100% Production Test with tm = 1 s, Partial Discharge < 5 pC	2670	V _{pk}
V _{IORM}	Maximum Repetitive Peak Voltage	1424	V _{pk}
V _{IOWM}	Maximum Working Voltage	1000	V _{RMS}
V _{IOTM}	Highest Allowable Over Voltage	8490	V _{pk}
E _{CR}	External Creepage	8.0	mm
E _{CL}	External Clearance	8.0	mm
DTI	Insulation Thickness	17.3	um
T _{Case}	Safety Limit Values – Maximum Values in Failure; Case Temperature	150	°C
P _{S,INPUT}	Safety Limit Values – Maximum Values in Failure; Input Power	36	mW
P _{S,OUTPUT}	Safety Limit Values – Maximum Values in Failure; Output Power	1364	mW
R _{IO}	Insulation Resistance at TS, V _{IO} = 500 V	10 ⁹	Ω

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Over operating free-air temperature range unless otherwise noted) (Note 1)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
$V_{DD1-GND1}$	Supply voltage, input side	-0.3	6	V
$V_{DD2-GND2}$	Positive Power Supply, output side	-0.3	36	V
$V_{EE2-GND2}$	Negative Power Supply, output side	-18	0.3	V
$V_{DD2-V_{EE2}} (V_{MAX2})$	Differential Power Supply, output side	-0.3	36	V
V_{OUTH}	Positive gate-driver output voltage	$V_{EE2} - 0.3$	$V_{DD2} + 0.3$	V
V_{OUTL}	Negative gate-driver output voltage	$V_{EE2} - 0.3$	$V_{DD2} + 0.3$	V
I_{PK-SRC}	Gate-driver output sourcing current (maximum pulse width = 10 μ s, maximum duty cycle = 0.2%, $V_{DD2} = +15$ V, $V_{EE2} = -8$ V)	-	7.8	A
I_{PK-SNK}	Gate-driver output sinking current (maximum pulse width = 10 μ s, maximum duty cycle = 0.2%, $V_{DD2} = +15$ V, $V_{EE2} = -8$ V)	-	7.1	A
$I_{PK-CLAMP}$	Clamp sinking current (maximum pulse width = 10 μ s, maximum duty cycle = 0.2%, $V_{CLAMP} = 2.5$ V)	-	2.5	A
t_{CLP}	Maximum Short Circuit Clamping Time ($I_{OUTH_CLAMP} = 500$ mA)	-	10	μ s
$V_{LIM-GND1}$	Voltage at IN+, IN-, /RST, /FLT, RDY	-0.3	$V_{DD1} + 0.3$	V
$I_{LIM-GND1}$	Output current of /FLT, RDY	-	10	mA
$V_{DESAT-GND2}$	Desat Voltage (Note 2)	-9	$V_{DD2} + 0.3$	V
$V_{CLAMP-V_{EE2}}$	Clamp Voltage	$V_{EE2} - 0.3$	$V_{DD2} + 0.3$	V
P_D	Power Dissipation (Note 3)	-	1400	mW
$T_{J(max)}$	Maximum Junction Temperature	-40	150	$^{\circ}$ C
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	-65	150	$^{\circ}$ C
ESD_{HBM}	ESD Capability, Human Body Model (Note 4)	-	± 2	kV
ESD_{CDM}	ESD Capability, Charged Device Model (Note 4)	-	± 1.5	kV
MSL	Moisture Sensitivity Level	-	1	-
T_{SLD}	Lead Temperature Soldering Reflow, Pb-Free Versions (Note 5)	-	260	$^{\circ}$ C

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. Refer to ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS and APPLICATION INFORMATION for Safe Operating Area.
2. The minimum value is verified by characterization with a single pulse of 1.5 mA for 300 μ s.
3. The value is estimated for ambient temperature 25 $^{\circ}$ C and junction temperature 150 $^{\circ}$ C, 650 mm², 1 oz copper, 2 surface layers and 2 internal power plane layers. Power dissipation is affected by the PCB design and ambient temperature.
4. This device series incorporates ESD protection and is tested by the following methods:
 ESD Human Body Model tested per AEC-Q100-002 (EIA/JESD22-A114)
 ESD Charged Device Model tested per AEC-Q100-011 (EIA/JESD22-C101)
 Latchup Current Maximum Rating: ≤ 100 mA per JEDEC standard: JESD78, 25 $^{\circ}$ C
5. For information, please refer to our Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERM/D.

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Value	Unit
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Air	100 mm ² , 2 oz Copper, 1 Surface Layer	95	$^{\circ}$ C/W
		100 mm ² , 2 oz Copper, 2 Surface Layers and 2 Internal Power Plane Layers	71	

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RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGES (Note 6)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
V _{DD1} -GND1	Supply voltage, input side	UVLO1	5.5	V
V _{DD2} -GND2	Positive Power Supply, output side	UVLO2	32	V
V _{EE2} -GND2	Negative Power Supply, output side	-16	0	V
V _{DD2} -V _{EE2} (V _{MAX2})	Differential Power Supply, output side	0	32	V
V _{IL}	Low level input voltage at IN+, IN-, /RST	0	0.3 X V _{DD1}	V
V _{IH}	High level input voltage at IN+, IN-, /RST	0.7 X V _{DD1}	V _{DD1}	V
dV _{ISO} /dt	Common Mode Transient Immunity (Note 10)	150	-	kV/μs
T _A	Ambient Temperature	-40	125	°C

Functional operation above the stresses listed in the Recommended Operating Ranges is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses beyond the Recommended Operating Ranges limits may affect device reliability.

6. Refer to ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS and APPLICATION INFORMATION for Safe Operating Area.

ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _{ISO} , input-output	Input-Output Isolation Voltage	T _A = 25°C, Relative Humidity < 50%, t = 1.0 minute, I _{I-O} < 30 μA, 50 Hz (Note 7, 8, 9)	5000	-	-	V _{RMS}
R _{ISO}	Isolation Resistance	V _{I-O} = 500 V (Note 7)	-	10 ¹¹	-	Ohm

7. Device is considered a two-terminal device: pins 1 to 8 are shorted together and pins 9 to 16 are shorted together.

8. 5,000 V_{RMS} for 1-minute duration is equivalent to 6,000 V_{RMS} for 1-second duration.

9. The input-output isolation voltage is a dielectric voltage rating per UL1577. It should not be regarded as an input-output continuous voltage rating. For the continuous working voltage rating, refer to equipment-level safety specification or DIN VDE V 0884-11 Safety and Insulation Ratings Table.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V_{DD1} = 5 V, V_{DD2} = 15 V, V_{EE2} = -8 V. For typical values T_A = 25°C, for min/max values, T_A is the operating ambient temperature range that applies, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
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VOLTAGE SUPPLY

V _{UVLO1} -OUT-ON	UVLO1 Output Enabled		-	-	3.05	V
V _{UVLO1} -OUT-OFF	UVLO1 Output Disabled		2.4	-	-	V
V _{UVLO1} -HYST	UVLO1 Hysteresis		0.1	0.125	-	V
V _{UVLO2} -OUT-ON	UVLO2 Output Enabled		12.7	13	13.3	V
V _{UVLO2} -OUT-OFF	UVLO2 Output Disabled		11.7	12	12.3	V
V _{UVLO2} -HYST	UVLO2 Hysteresis		0.8	1	-	V
I _{DD1-0}	Input Supply Quiescent Current Output Low	IN+ = Low, IN- = Low RDY = High, /FLT = High	-	1	2	mA
I _{DD1-100}	Input Supply Quiescent Current Output High	IN+ = High, IN- = Low RDY = High, /FLT = High	-	6	7.5	mA
I _{DD2-0}	Output Positive Supply Quiescent Current, Output Low	IN+ = Low, IN- = Low RDY = High, /FLT = High, no load	-	3.3	4	mA
I _{DD2-100}	Output Positive Supply Quiescent Current, Output High	IN+ = High, IN- = Low RDY = High, /FLT = High, no load	-	3.6	4	mA
I _{EE2-0}	Output Negative Supply Quiescent Current, Output Low	IN+ = Low, IN- = High, no load	-	0.2	2	mA
I _{EE2-100}	Output Negative Supply Quiescent Current, Output High	IN+ = High, IN- = Low, no load	-	0.2	2	mA

LOGIC INPUT AND OUTPUT

V _{IL}	IN+, IN-, /RST Low Input Voltage		-	-	0.3 x V _{DD1}	V
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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{DD1} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{DD2} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_{EE2} = -8\text{ V}$. For typical values $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, for min/max values, T_A is the operating ambient temperature range that applies, unless otherwise noted) (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
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LOGIC INPUT AND OUTPUT

V_{IH}	IN+, IN-, /RST High Input Voltage		$0.7 \times V_{DD1}$	–	–	V
$V_{IN-HYST}$	Input Hysteresis Voltage		–	$0.15 \times V_{DD1}$	–	V
I_{IN-L} , I_{RST-L}	IN-, /RST Input Current (50 k Ω pull-up resistor)	V_{IN-} , $V_{RST} = 0\text{ V}$	–	–100	–	μA
I_{IN+H}	IN+ Input Current (50 k Ω pull-down resistor)	$V_{IN+} = 5\text{ V}$	–	100	–	μA
I_{RDY-L} , I_{FLT-L}	RDY, /FLT Pull-up Current (50 k Ω pull-up resistor)	V_{RDY} , $V_{FLT} = \text{Low}$	–	100	–	μA
V_{RDY-L} , V_{FLT-L}	RDY, /FLT Low Level Output Voltage	I_{RDY} , $I_{FLT} = 5\text{ mA}$	–	–	0.3	V
t_{MIN1}	Input Pulse Width of IN+, IN-, /RST for No Response at Output		–	–	10	ns
t_{MIN2}	Input Pulse Width of IN+, IN-, /RST for Guaranteed Response at Output		40	–	–	ns
$t_{RST-MIN}$	Pulse Width of /RST for Resetting /FLT		800	–	–	ns

DRIVER OUTPUT

V_{OUTL1}	Output Low State ($V_{OUTL} - V_{EE2}$)	$I_{SINK} = 200\text{ mA}$	–	0.1	0.2	V
V_{OUTL3}		$I_{SINK} = 1.0\text{ A}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	–	0.7	0.8	
V_{OUTL4}		$I_{SINK} = 1.0\text{ A}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C	–	–	1	
V_{OUTH1}	Output High State ($V_{DD2} - V_{OUTH}$)	$I_{SRC} = 200\text{ mA}$	–	0.3	0.5	V
V_{OUTH3}		$I_{SRC} = 1.0\text{ A}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	–	0.9	1	
V_{OUTH4}		$I_{SRC} = 1.0\text{ A}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C	–	–	1.5	
$I_{PK-SNK1}$	Peak Driver Current, Sink (Note 10)		–	7.1	–	A
$I_{PK-SRC1}$	Peak Driver Current, Source (Note 10)		–	7.8	–	A
$I_{PK-SNK-STO}$	Soft Turn Off Sinking Current (Note 10)	$V_{EE2} = -8\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $C_G = 100\text{ nF}$, $R_G = 0\ \Omega$	–	200	–	mA

MILLER CLAMP

V_{CLAMP}	Clamp Voltage ($V_{CLAMP} - V_{EE2}$)	$I_{CLAMP} = 2.5\text{ A}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	–	1.7	1.9	V
		$I_{CLAMP} = 2.5\text{ A}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C	–	–	2.7	
$V_{CLAMP-THR}$	Clamp Activation Threshold ($V_{CLAMP} - V_{EE2}$)		1.5	2	2.5	V

POWER SWITCH SHORT CIRCUIT CLAMPING

$V_{CLAMP-OUT}$	Clamping Voltage, Sourcing (NCx57100: $V_{OUTH} - V_{DD2}$, NCx57101: $V_{OUT} - V_{DD2}$)	$I_{CLAMP-OUT} = 500\text{ mA}$ (pulse test, $t_{CLPmax} = 10\ \mu\text{s}$)	–	0.9	1.1	V
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DESAT PROTECTION

$V_{DESAT-THR}$	DESAT Threshold Voltage		8.5	9	9.5	V
$V_{DESAT-NEG}$	DESAT Negative Voltage	$I_{DESAT} = 1.5\text{ mA}$	–8	–	–	V
$I_{DESAT-CHG}$	Blanking Charge Current	$V_{DESAT} = 7\text{ V}$	0.4	0.5	0.6	mA
$I_{DESAT-DIS}$	Blanking Discharge Current		–	50	–	mA

DESAT CHECK FUNCTIONS (DSCHK)

$t_{RST-ACT1}$	Negative Input Pulse Width to activate DSCHK function	(see Figure 9)	–	200	–	ns
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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{DD1} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{DD2} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_{EE2} = -8\text{ V}$. For typical values $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, for min/max values, T_A is the operating ambient temperature range that applies, unless otherwise noted) (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{\text{RST-ACT}}$	Input Pulse Width to activate DSCHK function	15 LOW pulses $t_{\text{RST-ACT}}$ on /RST pin (see Figure 9)	8	–	10	μs

DISABLE OUTPUT

$t_{\text{RST-DIS}}$	Output disable function propagation delay (Note 10)	V_{IL} pulse width higher than t_{MIN2} on /RST pin to 90% of OUTx to disable output	–	–	90	ns
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DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

$t_{\text{PD-ON}}$	IN+, IN– to Output High Propagation Delay	$C_{\text{LOAD}} = 10\text{ nF}$ V_{IH} to 10% of pulse width higher than t_{MIN2} . OUTx and CLAMP pins are connected together	50	70	90	ns
$t_{\text{PD-OFF}}$	IN+, IN– to Output Low Propagation Delay	$C_{\text{LOAD}} = 10\text{ nF}$ V_{IL} to 90% of pulse width higher than t_{MIN2} . OUTx and CLAMP pins are connected together	50	70	90	ns
t_{DISTORT}	Propagation Delay Distortion (= $t_{\text{PD-ON}} - t_{\text{PD-OFF}}$)	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, pulse width higher than t_{MIN2}	–15	0	15	ns
		$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C , pulse width higher than t_{MIN2}	–25	–	25	
$t_{\text{DISTORT_TOT}}$	Prop Delay Distortion between Parts	PW > 150 ns	–30	0	30	ns
t_{RISE}	Rise Time (see Fig. 5) (Note 10)	$C_{\text{LOAD}} = 1\text{ nF}$, 10% to 90% of Output Change	–	15	–	ns
t_{FALL}	Fall Time (see Fig. 5) (Note 10)	$C_{\text{LOAD}} = 1\text{ nF}$, 90% to 10% of Output Change	–	15	–	ns
t_{LEB}	DESAT Leading Edge Blanking Time (see Fig. 7)		–	400	–	ns
t_{FILTER}	DESAT Threshold Filtering Time (see Fig. 7)		–	360	–	ns
t_{FLT}	Delay after t_{FILTER} to /FLT		–	450	–	ns
t_{MUTE}	DESAT Mute time after t_{FILTER}		–	5	–	μs
t_{RST}	/RST Rise to /FLT Rise Delay		–	23	100	ns
t_{UV1F}	UVLO1 Filter time (see Fig. 6) (Note 10)		–	1	–	μs
t_{UV1R}	$V_{\text{UVLO1_OUT_ON}}$ to RDY High Delay (see Fig. 6) (Note 10)		–	250	–	ns
t_{RDY1F}	UVLO1 to RDY Low Delay (see Fig. 6) (Note 10)		–	10	–	ns
t_{RDY1O}	RDY High to Output High Delay (see Fig. 6)		–	55	–	ns
t_{RDY2O}						
t_{UV2R}	UVLO2 Filter time (see Fig. 6)		–	2.5	–	μs
t_{UV2F}						
t_{RDY2F}	$V_{\text{UVLO2_OUT_OFF}}$ to RDY Low Delay (see Fig. 6)		–	5	–	μs
t_{RDY2R}	$V_{\text{UVLO2_OUT_ON}}$ to RDY High Delay (see Fig. 6) (Note 10)		–	2.6	–	μs

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

10. Values based on design and/or characterization.

NCD57100, NCD57101, NCV57100, NCV57101

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Qualification	Package Type	Shipping [†]
NCD57100DWR2G	NCD – Industry NCV – Automotive	SOIC–16 Wide Body (Pb–Free)	1,000 / Tape & Reel
NCV57100DWR2G			
NCD57101DWR2G			
NCV57101DWR2G			

[†]For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

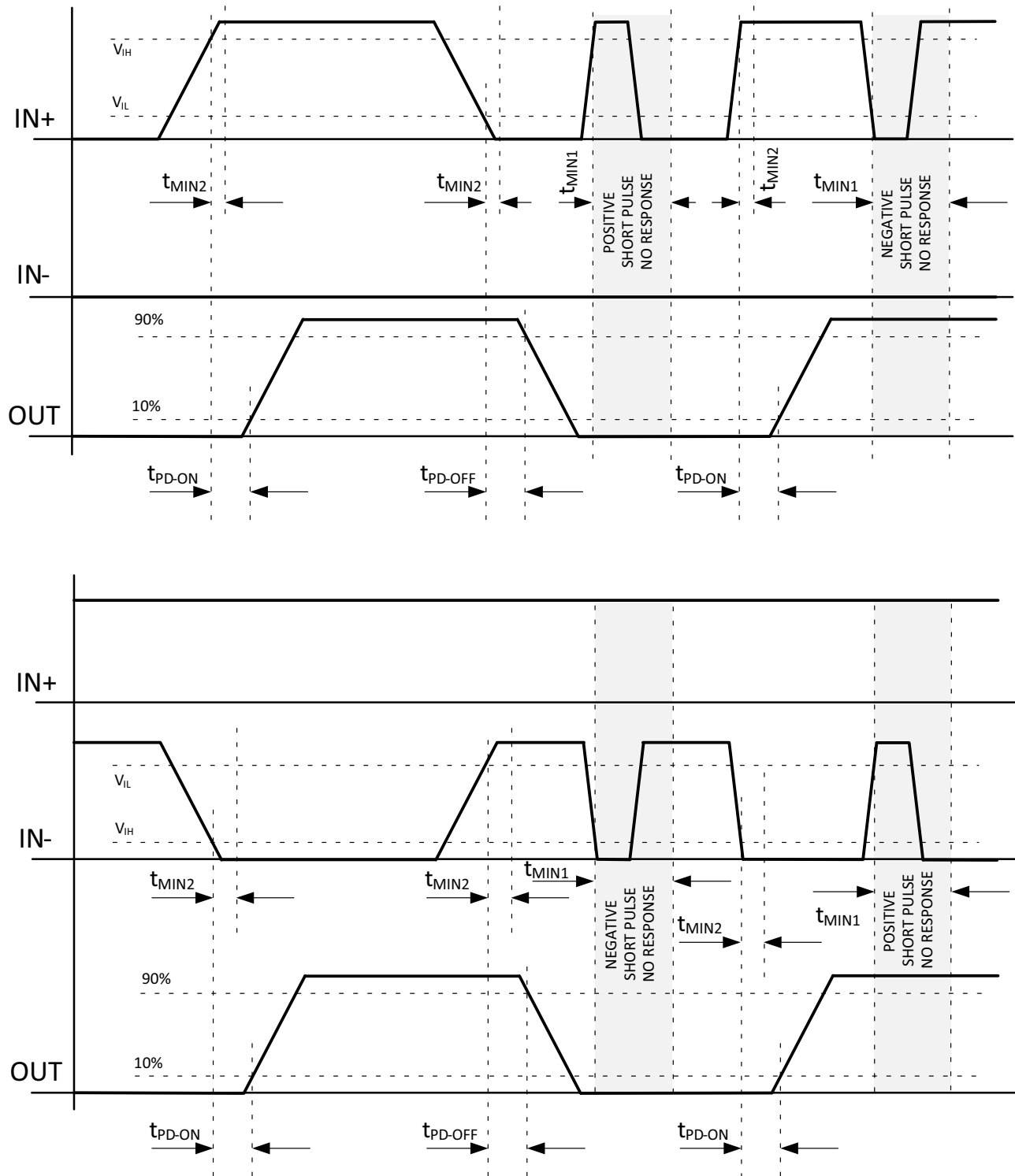
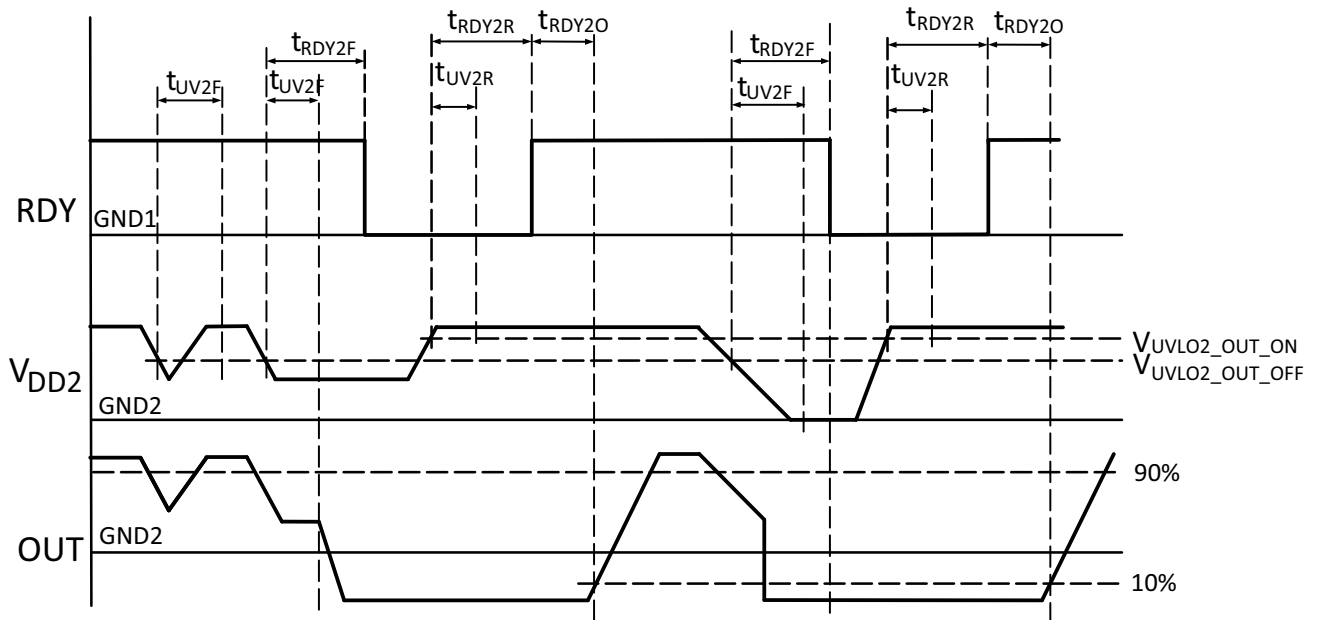
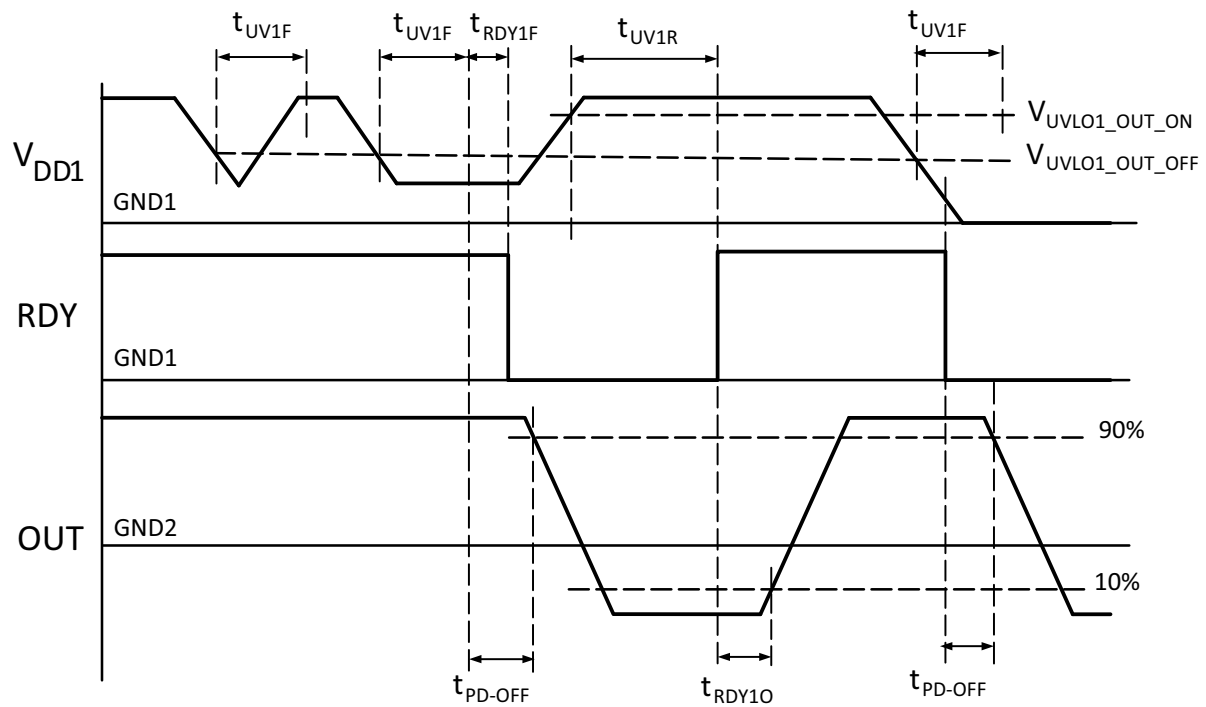
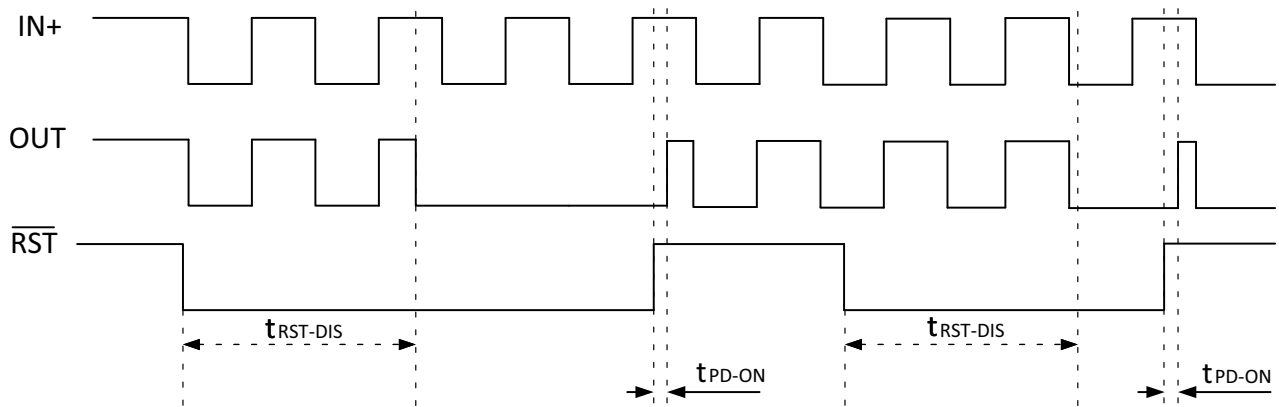
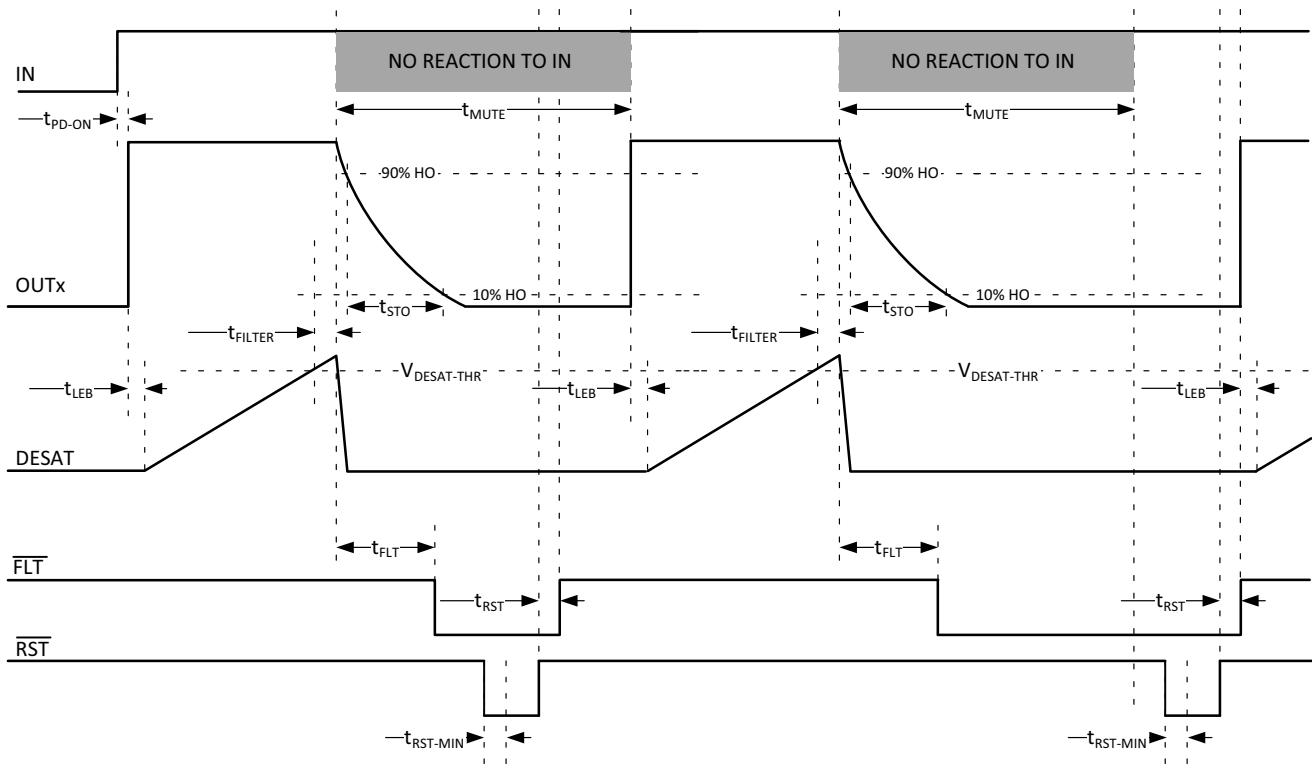


Figure 5. Propagation Delay, Rise and Fall Time



NCD57100, NCD57101, NCV57100, NCV57101



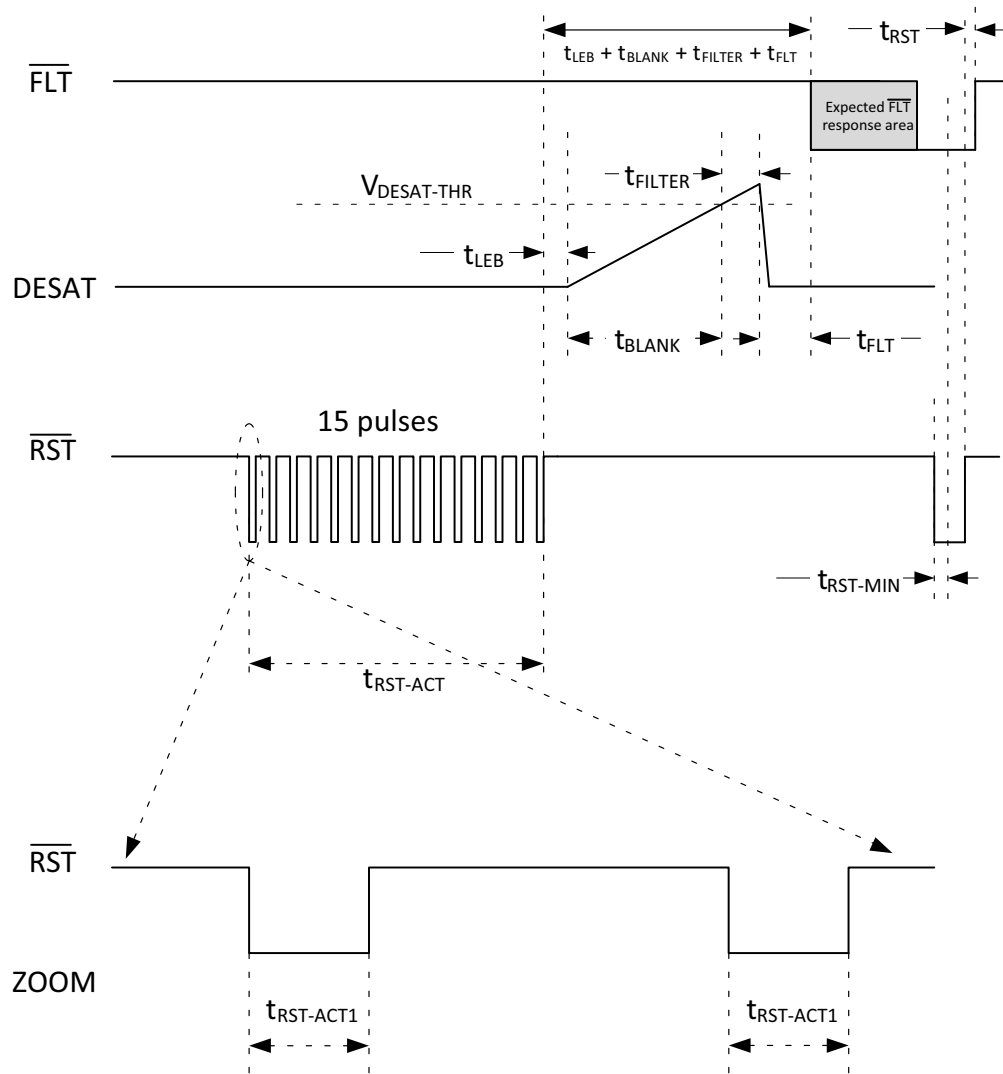


Figure 9. DESAT Check Functions (DSCHK)

TRUTH TABLE

IN	UVLO1	UVLO2	DESAT*	OUT	/RST	RDY	/FLT	Notes
L	Inactive	Inactive	L	L	X	↗	↗	Initial condition after power up V_{DD1} and V_{DD2}
↗	Inactive	Inactive	L	↗	X	H	H	Initial condition – IN First Rising edge
H	Inactive	Inactive	L	H	X	H	H	Normal Operation – Output High
L	Inactive	Inactive	L	L	X	H	H	Normal Operation – Output Low
X	Active	Inactive	X	L	X	L	L	UVLO1 Activated – RDY Low (t_{RDY1F}), /FLT Low, Output Low
X	Inactive	Inactive	X	X	X	H	H	UVLO1 Recovered – RDY High, /FLT High
X	Inactive	Active	X	L	X	L	H	UVLO2 Activated – RDY Low (t_{RDY2F}), Output Low
X	Inactive	Inactive	X	X	X	H	H	UVLO2 Recovered – RDY High, /FLT High
H	Inactive	Inactive	H ($>t_{\text{FILTER}}$)	L	X	H	L	DESAT Activated – /FLT Low (t_{FLT}), Output Low
X	Inactive	Inactive	L	X	↘ ($>t_{\text{RST}}$)	H	↗	/FLT reset, DESAT conditions disappear, t_{RST} pulse applied
↗ ↘	Inactive	Inactive	L	L	L ($>t_{\text{RST-DIS}}$)	H	H	Output DISABLED
L	Inactive	Inactive	X	L	$15 \times t_{\text{RST-ACT1}}$	H	L	DESAT circuit check function activated

* L = $V_{\text{DESAT}} < V_{\text{DESAT-THR}}$, H = $V_{\text{DESAT}} > V_{\text{DESAT-THR}}$

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Conditions for the following figures are the same as stated for ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS Table unless otherwise noted.
Typical and/or average values are used.)

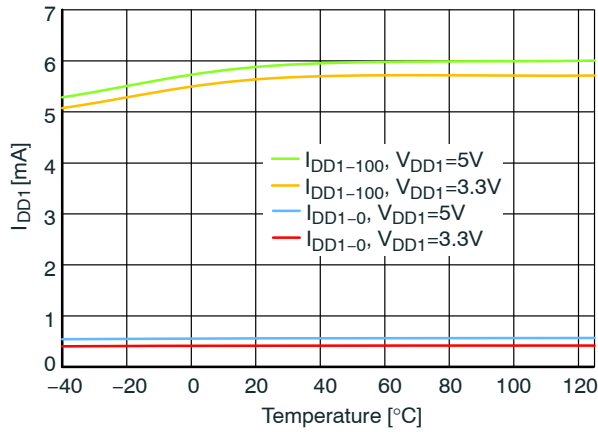


Figure 10. V_{DD1} Supply Current

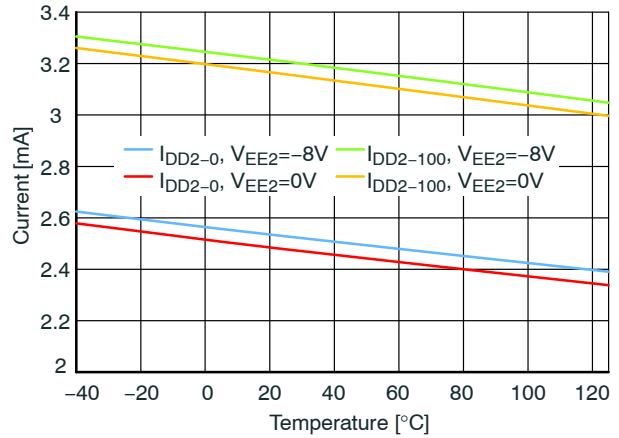


Figure 11. V_{DD2} Supply Current

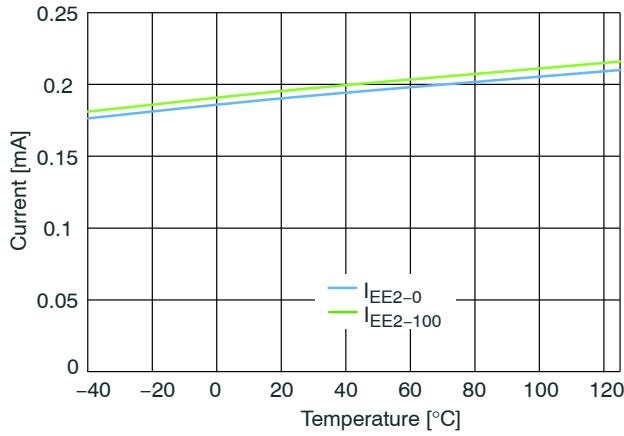


Figure 12. V_{EE2} Supply Current

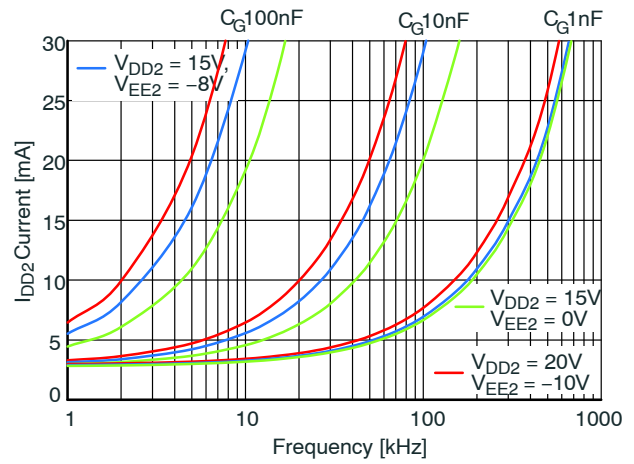


Figure 13. V_{DD2} Supply Current vs. Frequency

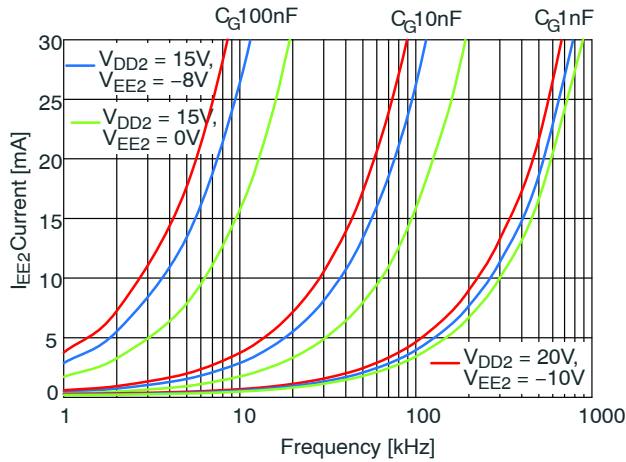


Figure 14. V_{EE2} Supply Current vs. Frequency

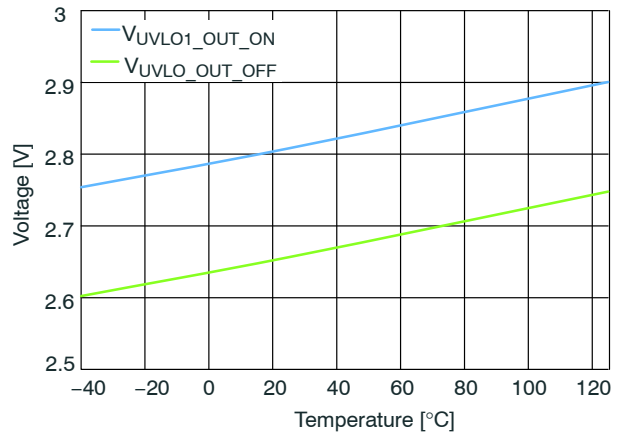


Figure 15. UVLO1 Threshold Voltage

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Conditions for the following figures are the same as stated for ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS Table unless otherwise noted. Typical and/or average values are used.) (continued)

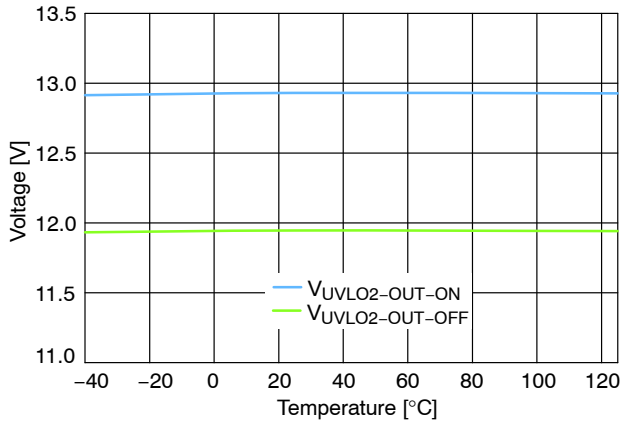


Figure 16. UVLO2 Threshold Voltage

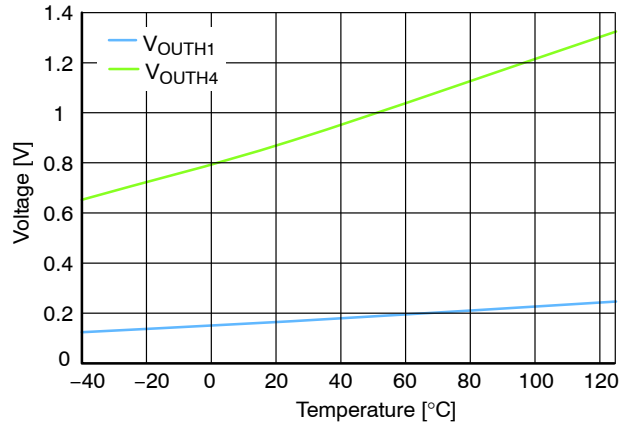


Figure 17. Output Voltage Drop, Sourcing

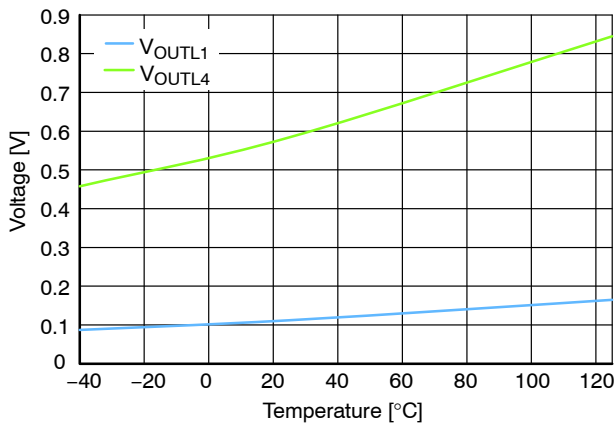


Figure 18. Output Voltage Drop, Sinking

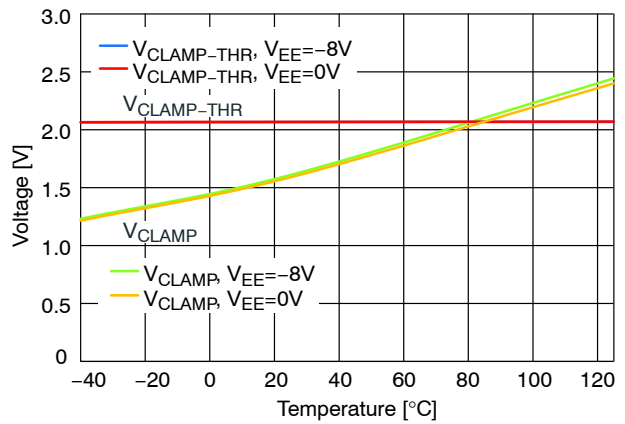


Figure 19. CLAMP Voltage Drop

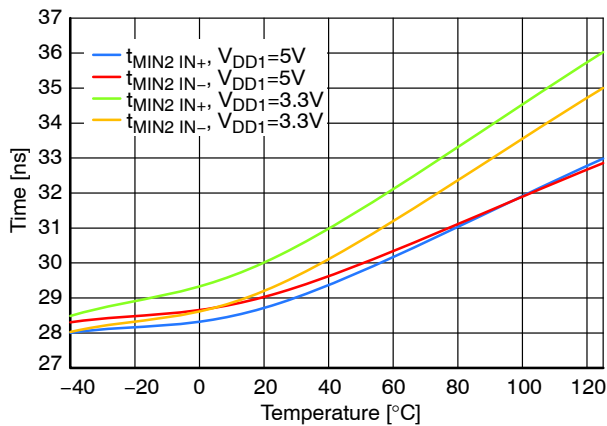


Figure 20. Minimum Pulse Width For Guaranteed Response

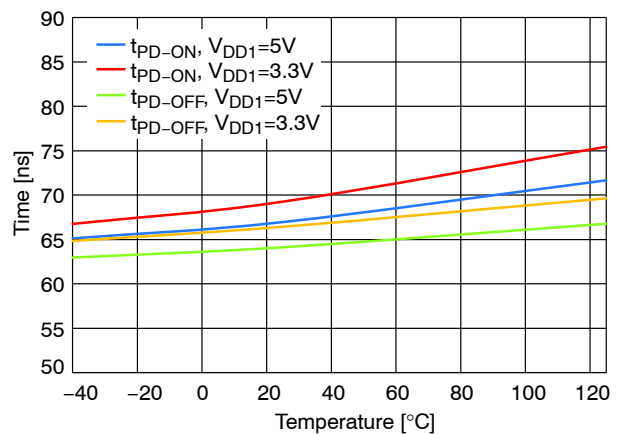


Figure 21. Propagation Delay

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Conditions for the following figures are the same as stated for ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS Table unless otherwise noted. Typical and/or average values are used.) (continued)

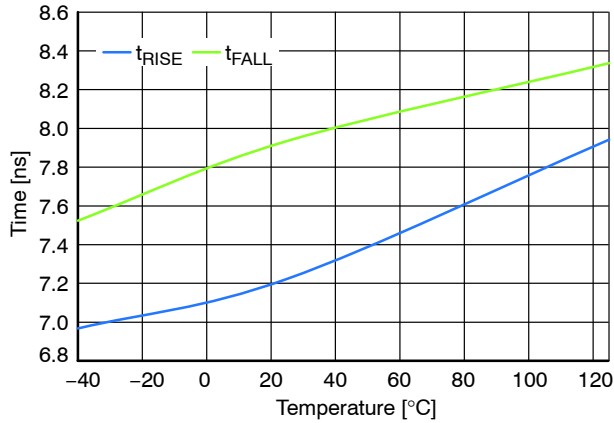


Figure 22. Rise and Fall Time

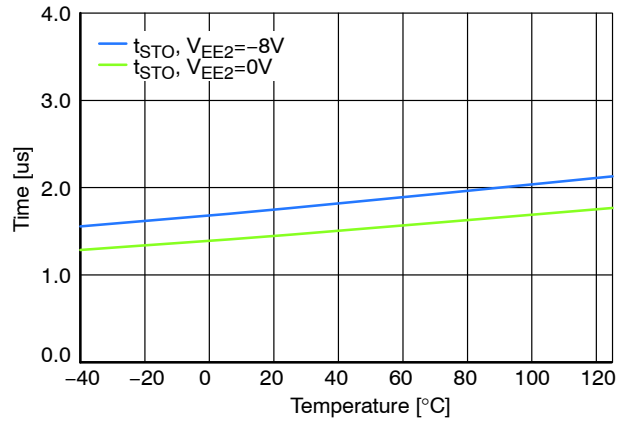


Figure 23. Soft Turn Off Time

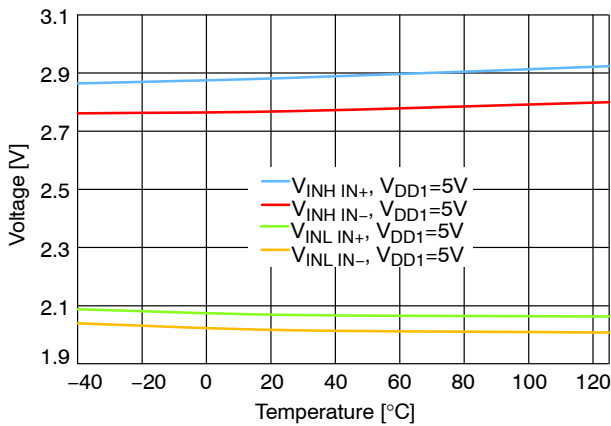


Figure 24. Input High Voltage Level,
V_{DD1} = 5 V

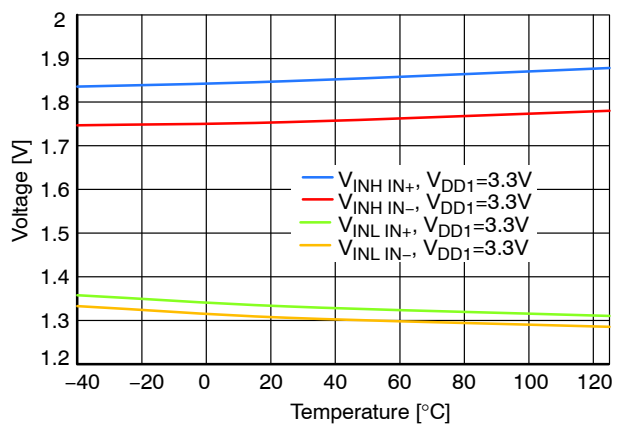


Figure 25. Input High Voltage Level,
V_{DD1} = 3.3 V

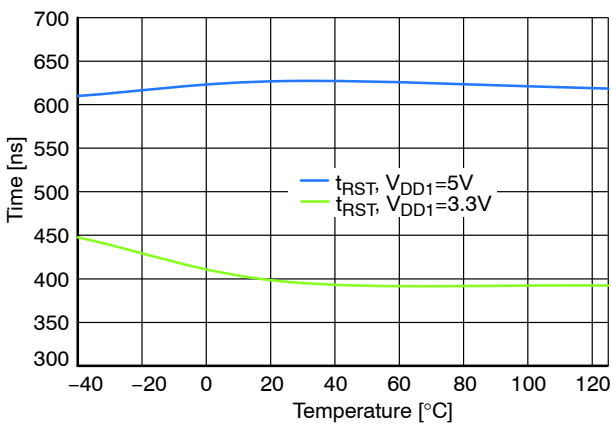


Figure 26. Minimum Fault Reset Time

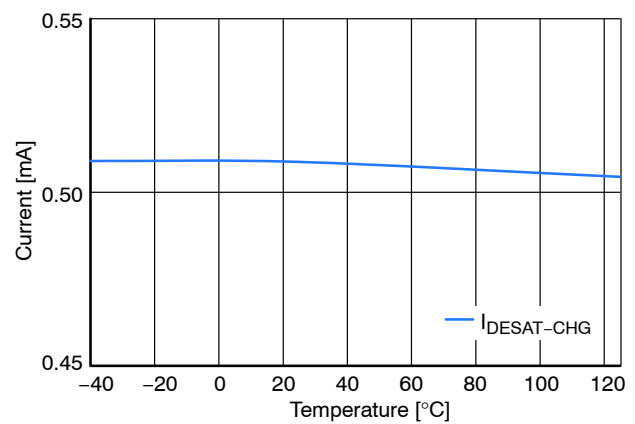


Figure 27. Desat Charge Current

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Conditions for the following figures are the same as stated for ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS Table unless otherwise noted. Typical and/or average values are used.) (continued)

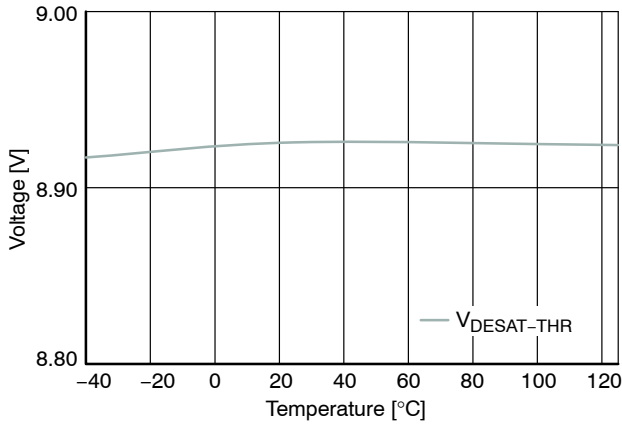


Figure 28. Desat Threshold Voltage

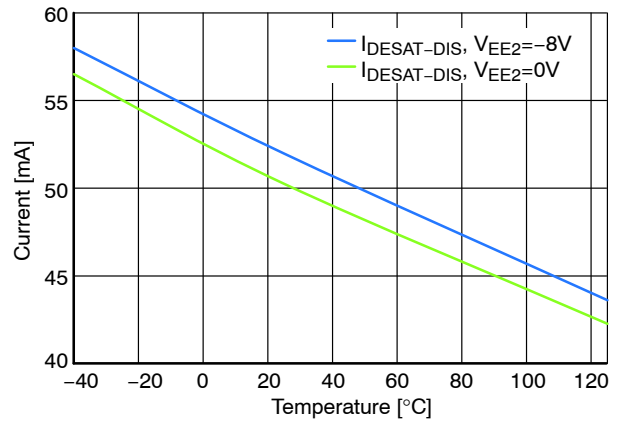


Figure 29. Desat Discharge Current

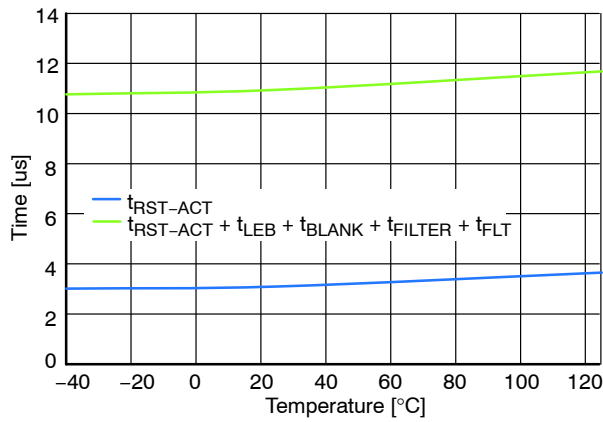


Figure 30. DESAT Check Activation
(15 pulses 250 ns)

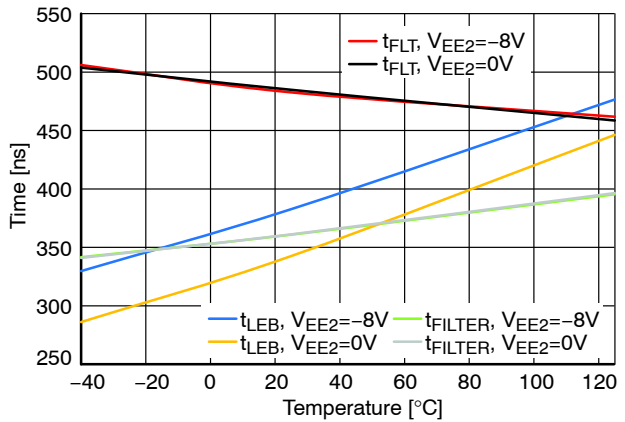


Figure 31. DESAT Time Parameters

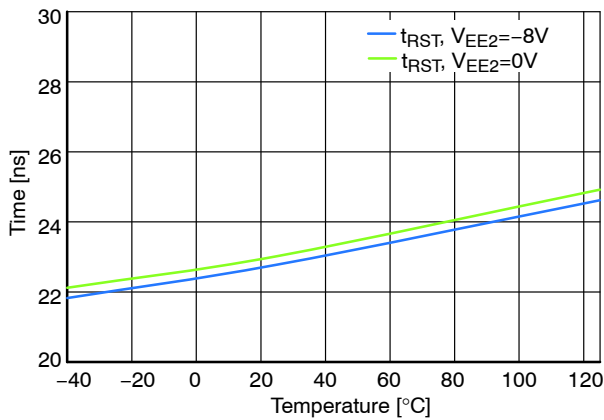


Figure 32. Reset to Fault Response Time

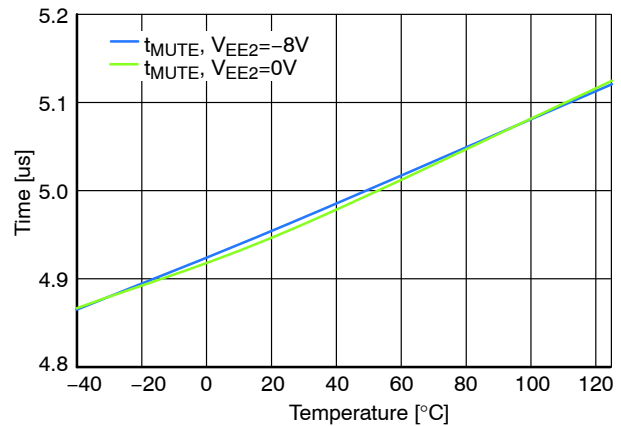


Figure 33. DESAT Mute Time

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Conditions for the following figures are the same as stated for ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS Table unless otherwise noted. Typical and/or average values are used.) (continued)

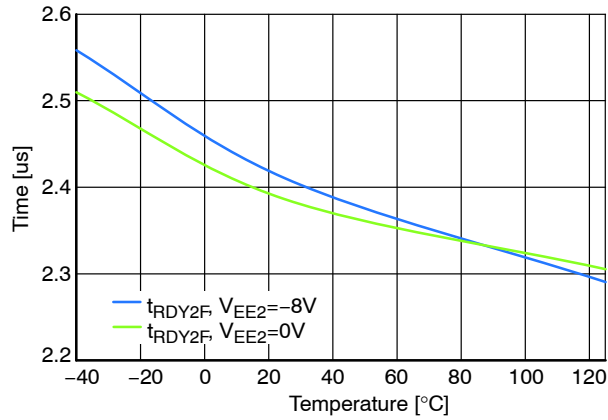


Figure 34. UVLO2 to RDY Delay

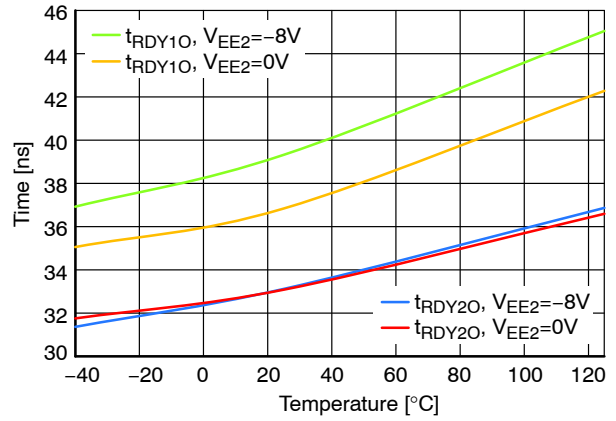


Figure 35. RDY to OUT Delay

FEATURE DESCRIPTIONS

Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO)

UVLO ensures correct switching of power switch connected to the driver output.

- The power switch is turned-off, if the supply V_{DD1} drops below $V_{UVLO1-OUT-OFF}$ and the RDY pin output goes to low.
- The driver output does not start to react to the input signal on V_{IN} until the V_{DD1} rises above the $V_{UVLO1-OUT-ON}$ again. If the supply V_{DD1} increase over $V_{UVLO1-OUT-ON}$, the RDY pin output goes to be open-drain and outputs continue to switch power switch

- The power switch is turned-off, if the supply V_{DD2} drops below $V_{UVLO2-OUT-OFF}$ and the RDY pin output goes to low.
- The driver output does not start to react to the input signal on V_{IN} until the V_{DD2} rises above the $V_{UVLO2-OUT-ON}$ again. If the supply V_{DD2} increases over $V_{UVLO2-OUT-ON}$, the RDY pin output goes to be open-drain and outputs continue to switch power switch
- VEE2 is not monitored.

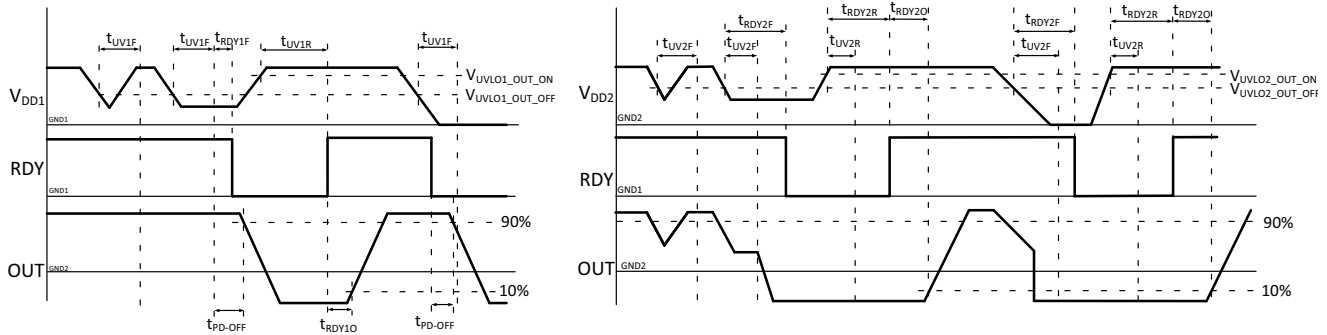


Figure 36. UVLO Diagram

Active Miller Clamp Protection (CLAMP)

NCx5710y supports both bipolar and unipolar power supply with active Miller clamp.

For operation with bipolar supplies, the power switch is turned off with a negative voltage through OUTL/OUT with respect to its emitter. This prevents the power switch from unintentionally turning on because of current induced from its collector to its gate due to Miller effect. In this condition it is not necessary to connect CLAMP output of the gate driver to the power switch gate, but connecting CLAMP output to the power switch gate is also not an issue. Typical values for bipolar operation are $V_{DD2} = 15\text{ V}$ and $V_{EE2} = -8\text{ V}$ with respect to GND_2 .

For operation with unipolar supply, typically, $V_{DD2} = 15\text{ V}$ with respect to GND_2 , and $V_{EE2} = GND_2$. In this case, the power switch can turn on due to additional charge from power switch Miller capacitance caused by a high voltage slew rate transition on the power switch collector / Drain. To prevent power switch to turn on, the CLAMP pin is connected directly to power switch gate and Miller current is sunk through a low impedance CLAMP transistor. When the power switch is turned-off and the gate voltage transitions below $V_{CLAMP-THR}$, the CLAMP current output is activated.

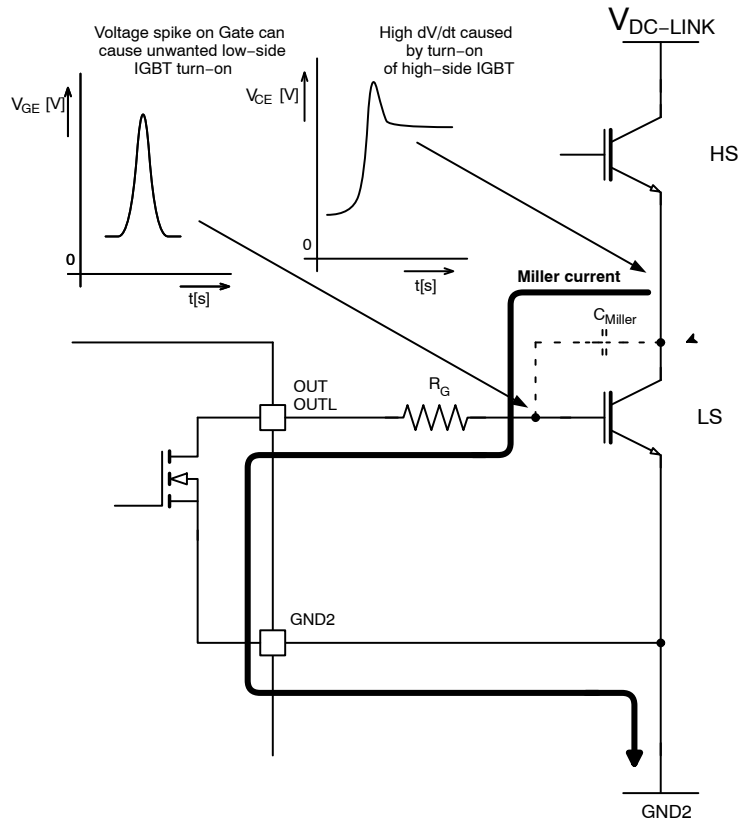


Figure 37. Current Path without Miller Clamp Protection

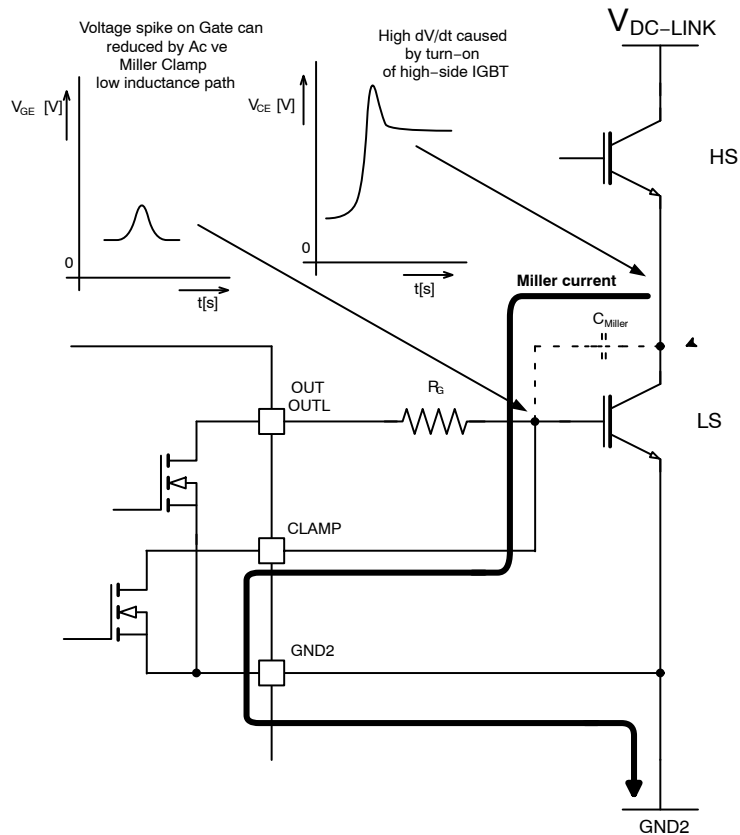


Figure 38. Current Path with Miller Clamp Protection

Non-inverting and Inverting Input Pin (IN+, IN-)

NCx5710y has two possible input modes to control power switch. Both inputs have defined minimum input pulse width to filter occasional glitches.

- Non-inverting input IN+ controls the driver output while inverting input IN- is set to LOW
- Inverting input IN- controls the driver output while non-inverting input IN+ is set to HIGH

Warning: When the application uses an independent or separate power supply for the control unit and the input side of the driver, all inputs should be protected by a serial resistor (In case of a power failure of the driver, the driver may be damaged due to overloading of the input protection circuits)

Desaturation Protection (DESAT)

Desaturation protection ensures the protection of power switch at short circuit. For example with IGBT power switch when the V_{CE-SAT} voltage goes up and reaches the set limit, the output is driven low by Soft Turn Off and /FLT output is activated. Blanking time can be set by internal current source and an external capacitor. To avoid false DESAT triggering and minimize blanking time, fast switching diodes with low internal capacitance are recommended. All DESAT protective diodes internal capacitances build voltage divider with the blanking capacitor.

Warning: Both external protective diodes are recommended for the protection against voltage spikes caused by power switch transients passing through parasitic capacitances.

DESAT Circuit Parameters Specification

$$t_{BLANK} = C_{BLANK} \cdot \frac{V_{DESAT-THR}}{I_{DESAT-CHG}}$$

$$V_{DESAT-THR} > R_{S-DESAT} \cdot I_{DESAT-CHG} + V_{F\ HV\ diode} + V_{CESAT_IGBT}$$

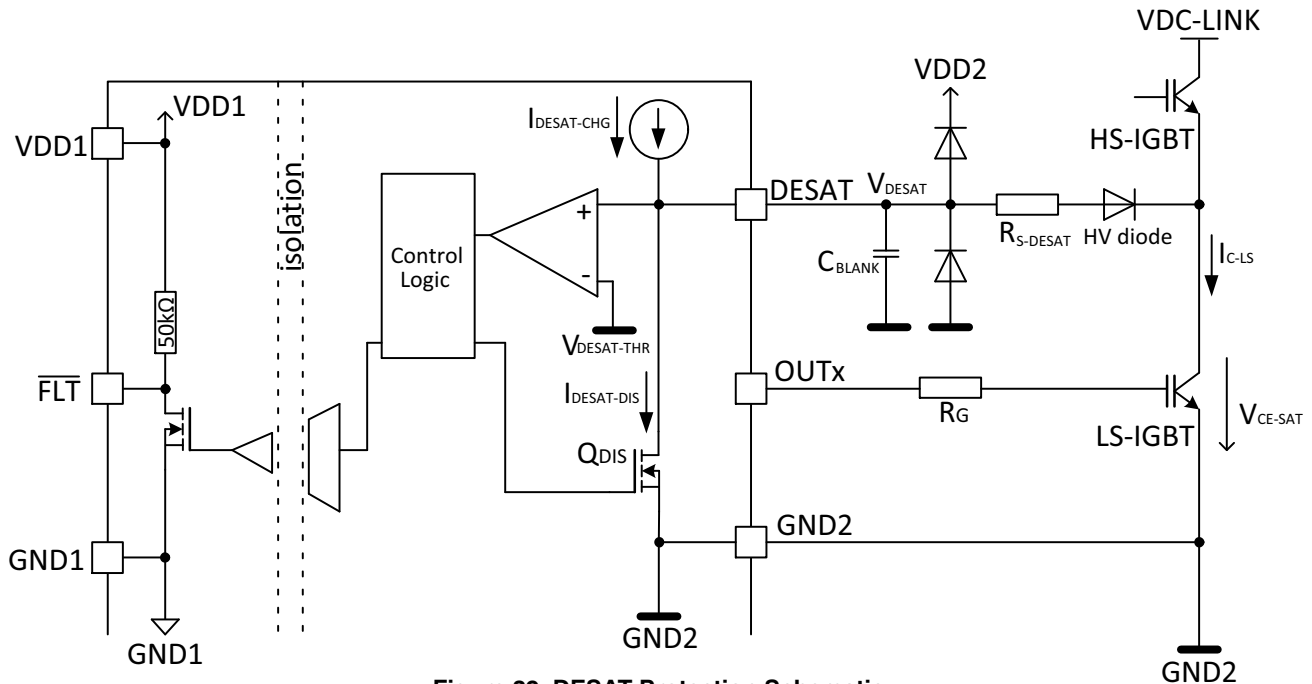


Figure 39. DESAT Protection Schematic

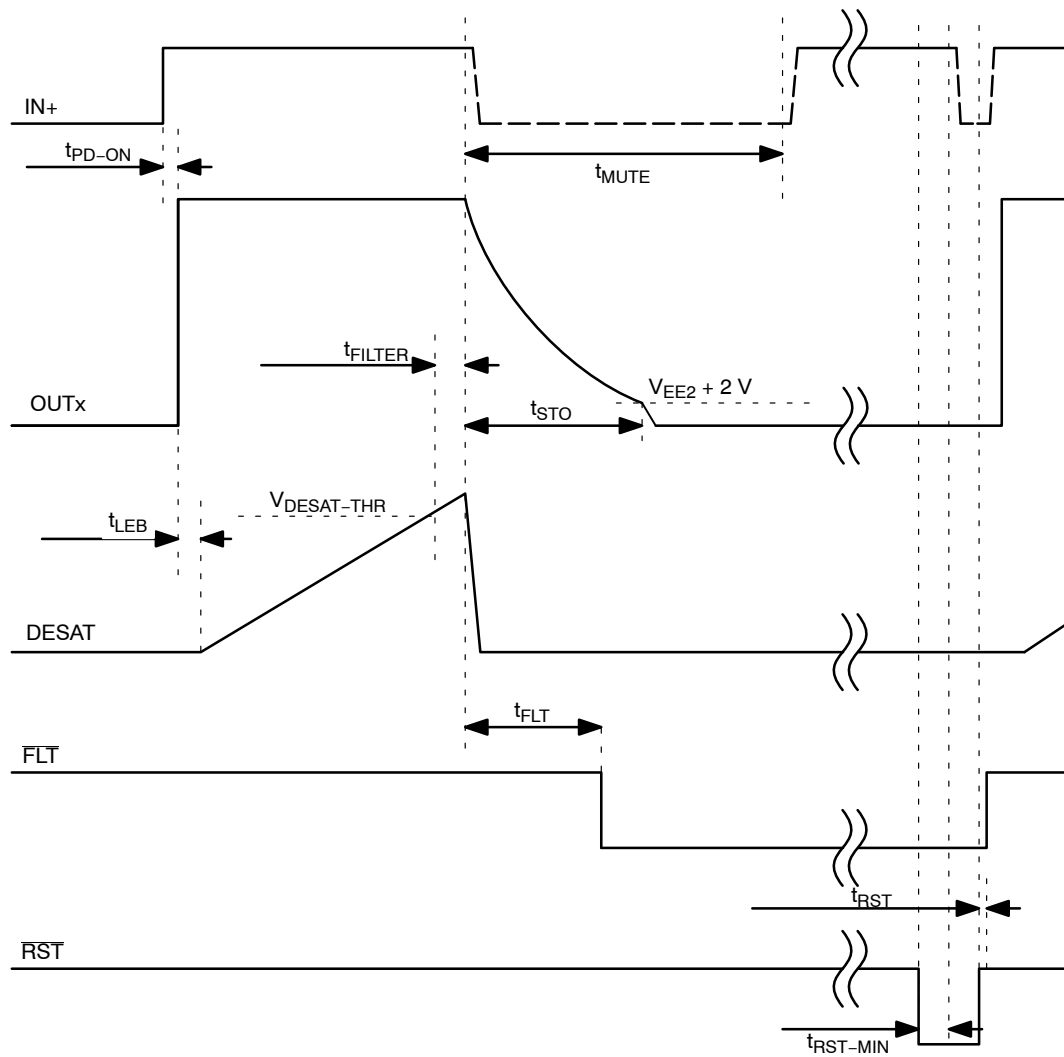


Figure 40. DESAT Switch Off Behavior

Fault Output Pin ($\overline{\text{FLT}}$)

$\overline{\text{FLT}}$ open-drain output provides feedback to the controller about driver DESAT protection conditions. The open-drain $\overline{\text{FLT}}$ outputs of multiple NCx5710y devices can be wired together forming a single, common fault bus for interfacing directly to the microcontroller. $\overline{\text{FLT}}$ output has 50 k Ω internal pull-up resistor to VDD1.

Ready Output Pin (RDY)

RDY open-drain output provides feedback to the controller about driver UVLO protections conditions.

- If either side of device has insufficient supply (VDD1 or VDD2), the RDY pin output goes low; otherwise, RDY pin output is open drain.

The open-drain RDY outputs of multiple NCx5710y devices can be “OR”ed together.

Reset Input Pin ($\overline{\text{RST}}$)

Reset input pin is **ACTIVE LOW** and has internal pull-up resistor to VDD1. In normal condition the $\overline{\text{RST}}$ pin is connected to HIGH. To reset FAULT conditions or disable output pulses connect $\overline{\text{RST}}$ pin to LOW. To invoke DESAT Check (DSCHK) function apply pulse sequence (see Figure 9).

In applications that do not allow to control the reset, $\overline{\text{RST}}$ pin should be connected to IN+, the driver will be reset by each input pulse. In this case $t_{\text{MIN}2}$ need to be longer than t_{RST} .

RESET Input has Three Functions:

1. Set back the $\overline{\text{FLT}}$ output
 2. It can be used as Disable/shutdown output (independent of the input logic)
 3. It can be used to test DESAT circuit functionality
- ♦ To set back $\overline{\text{FLT}}$ output (if DESAT conditions are fulfilled and $\overline{\text{FLT}}$ output is activated), negative pulse of minimum length t_{RST} needs to be applied to $\overline{\text{RST}}$ pin. (see Figure 7.)

- ♦ To disable output, negative pulse of minimum length $t_{\text{RST-DIS}}$ needs to be applied to $\overline{\text{RST}}$ pin. (see Figure 8.)
- ♦ To activate DESAT check function apply 15 negative pulses of $t_{\text{RST-ACT}1}$ width and $t_{\text{RST-ACT}}$ pulse Length (see Figure 9.)

Warning: When the application uses an independent or separate power supply for the control unit and the input side of the driver, all inputs should be protected by a serial resistor (in case of a power failure of the driver, the driver may be damaged due to overloading of the input protection circuits)

Power Supply (VDD1, VDD2, VEE2)

NCx5710y is designed to support two different power supply configurations, bipolar or unipolar power supply. For reliable high output current delivery suitable external power capacitors are required. Parallel combination of 100 nF + 4.7 μ F ceramic capacitors is optimal for a wide range of applications using power switch. For reliable driving of power switch modules (containing several parallel power switches) a higher capacity is required (typically 100 nF + 10 μ F). Capacitors should be as close as possible to the driver's power pins.

- In bipolar power supply the driver is typically supplied with a positive voltage of 15 V at VDD2 and negative voltage -5 V at VEE2 (Figure 41). Negative power supply prevents a dynamic turn on throughout the internal power switch input capacitance.
- In Unipolar power supply the driver is typically supplied with a positive voltage of 15 V at VDD2 (Figure 42). Dynamic turn on throughout the internal power switch input capacitance could be prevented by Active Miller Clamp function. CLAMP output should be directly connected to power switch gate (Figure 38).

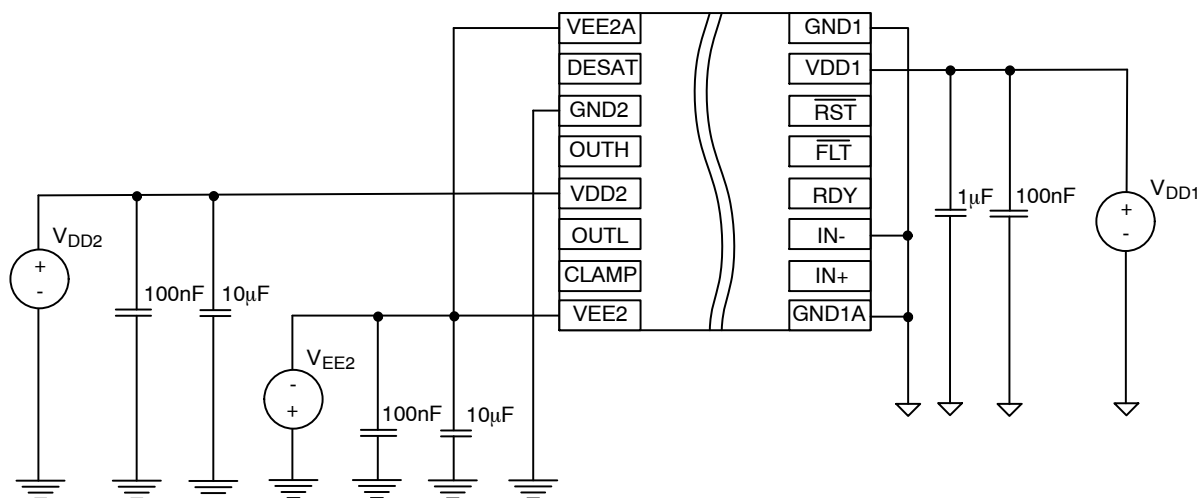


Figure 41. Bipolar Power Supply

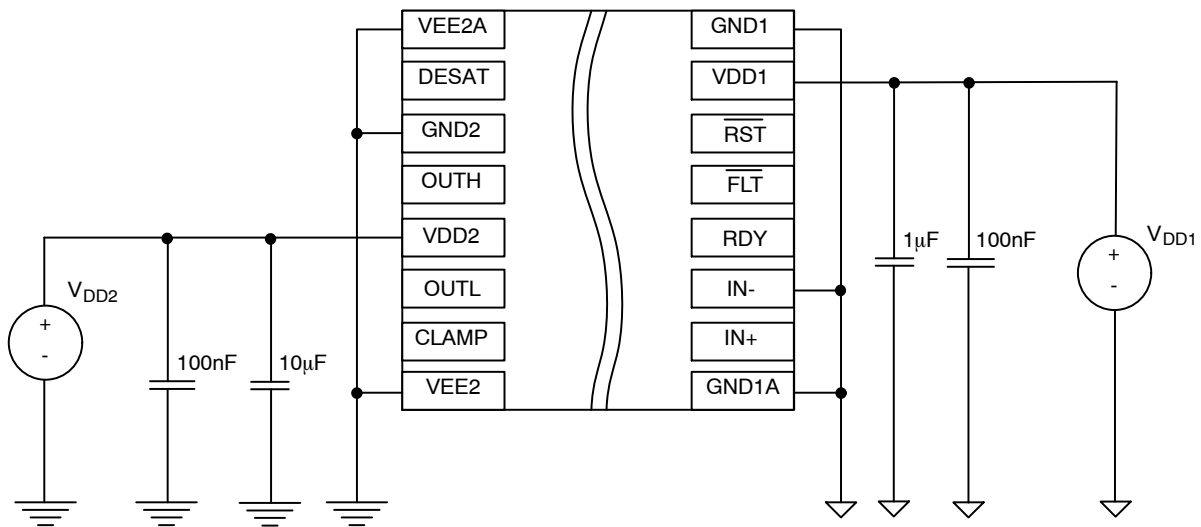


Figure 42. Unipolar Power Supply

Common Mode Transient Immunity (CMTI)

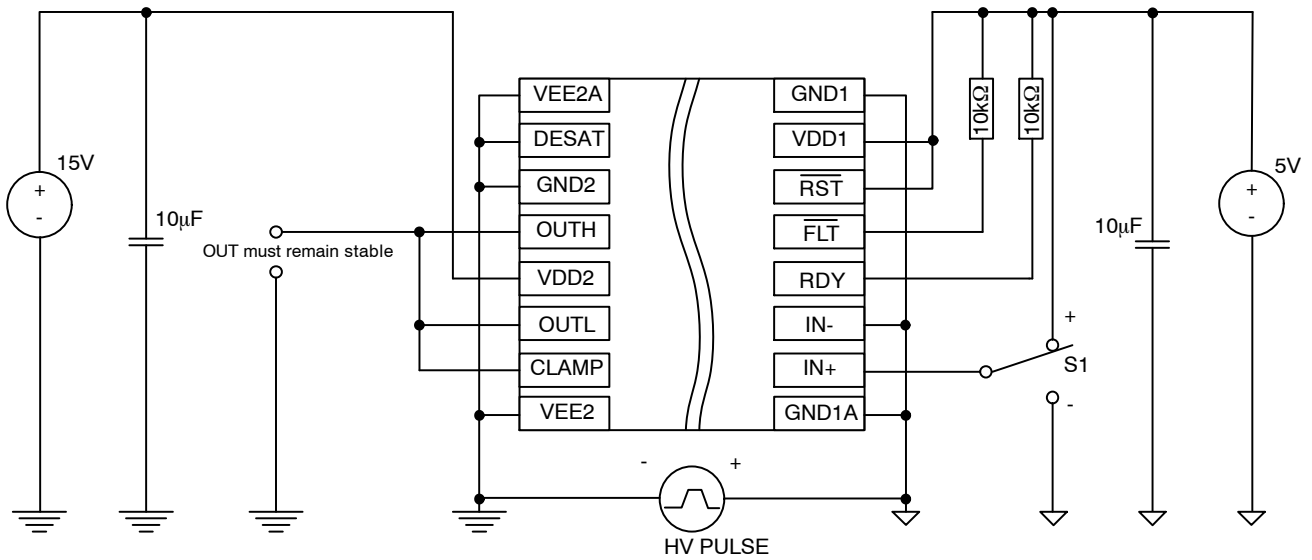


Figure 43. Common-Mode Transient Immunity Test Circuit

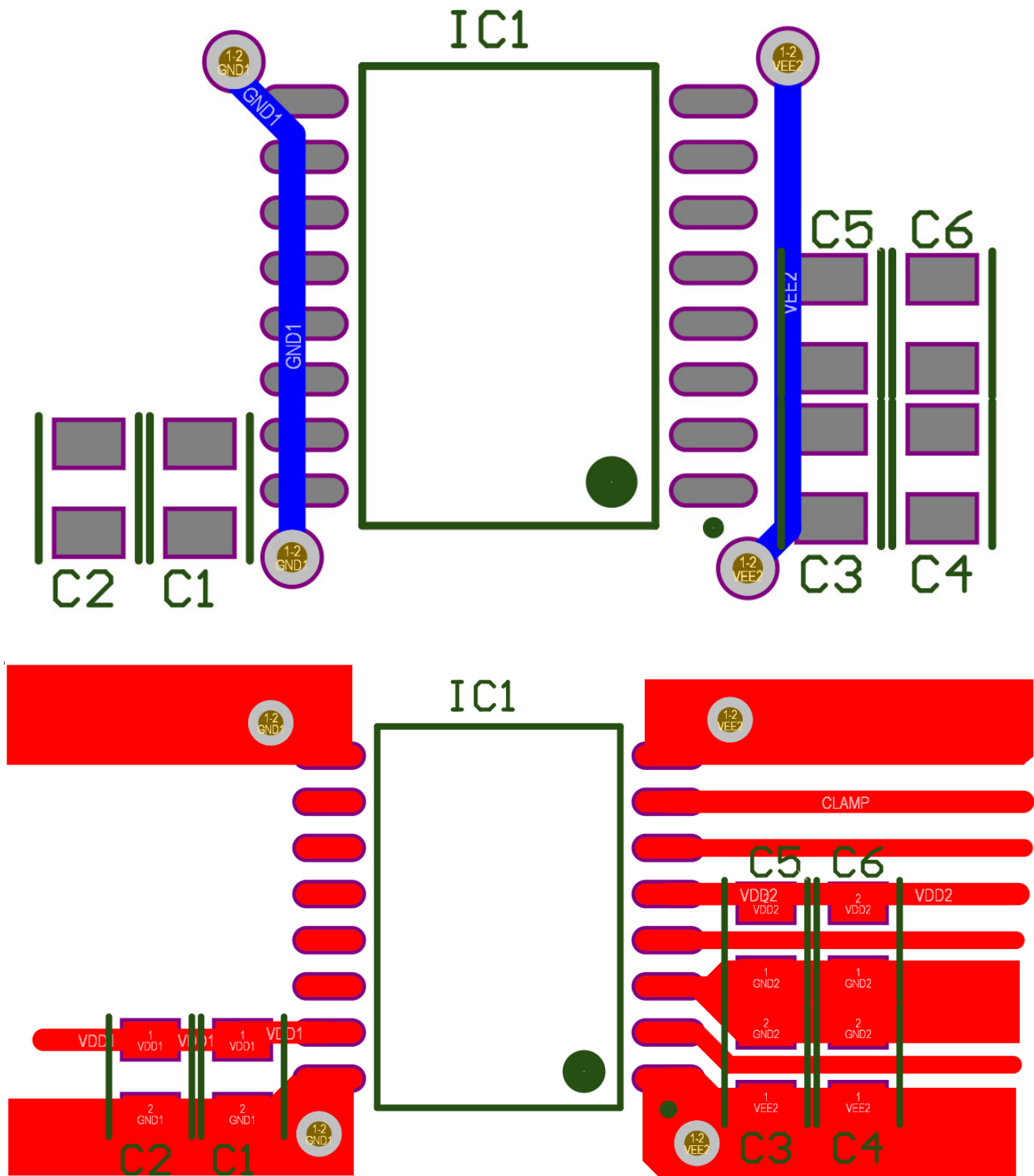


Figure 44. Recommended Basic Bipolar Power Supply PCB Design

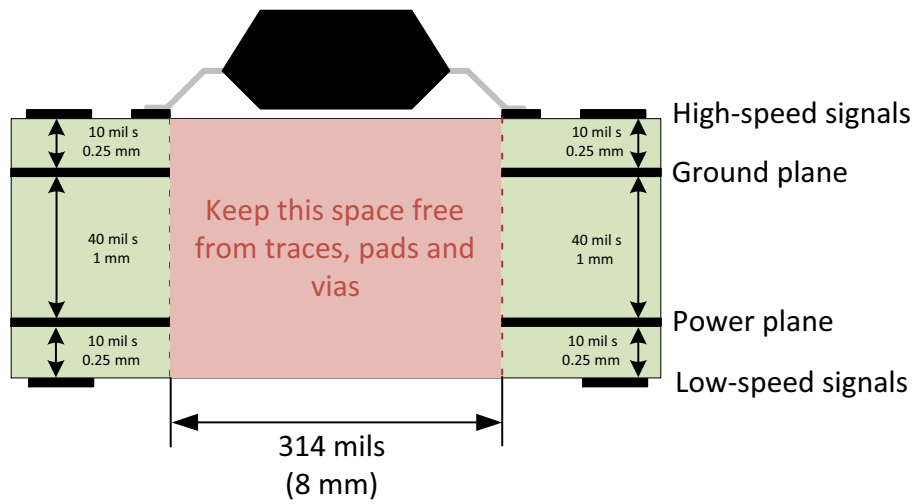
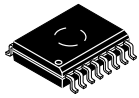


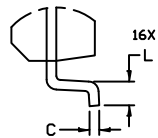
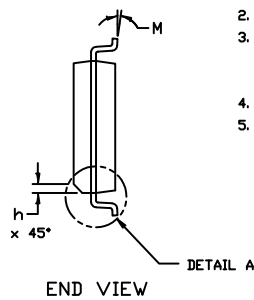
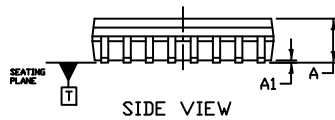
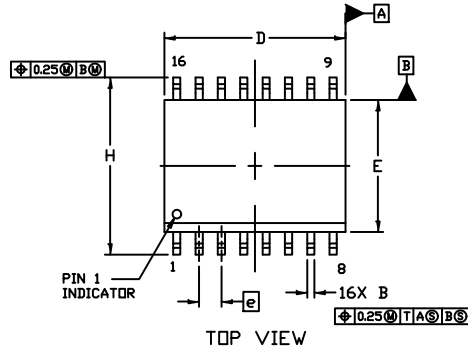
Figure 45. Recommended Layer Stack



1
SCALE 1:1

SOIC-16 WB
CASE 751G
ISSUE E

DATE 08 OCT 2021



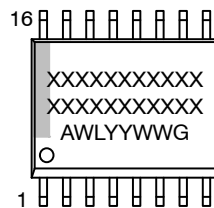
DETAIL A
2X SCALE

NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS
3. DIMENSION b DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION.
ALLOWABLE PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.13 TOTAL IN EXCESS OF B DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
4. DIMENSIONS D AND E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSIONS.
5. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION OR FLASH TO BE 0.15 PER SIDE.

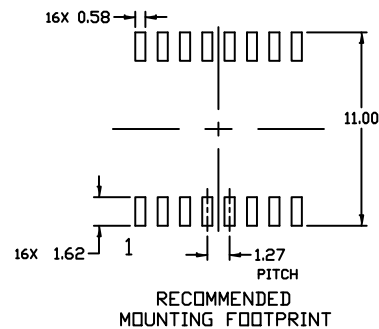
DIM	MILLIMETERS	
	MIN.	MAX.
A	2.35	2.65
A1	0.10	0.25
B	0.35	0.49
C	0.23	0.32
D	10.15	10.45
E	7.40	7.60
e	1.27	BSC
H	10.05	10.55
h	0.53	REF
L	0.50	0.90
M	0°	7°

GENERIC
MARKING DIAGRAM*



XXXXX = Specific Device Code
A = Assembly Location
WL = Wafer Lot
YY = Year
WW = Work Week
G = Pb-Free Package

*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot "•", may or may not be present. Some products may not follow the Generic Marking.



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