

DESCRIPTION

The EV2019-5-N-00A is an evaluation board for MP2019GN-5/MPQ2019GN-5/MPQ2019GN-5-AEC1, a low linear regulator that supplies power to systems with high voltage batteries.

MP2019GN-5/MPQ2019GN-5/MPQ2019GN-5-AEC1 includes a wide 6V to 40V input range, low dropout voltage and low quiescent supply current. The low quiescent current and low dropout voltage allow operations at extremely low power levels. Therefore, the MP2019GN-5/MPQ2019GN-5/MPQ2019GN-5-AEC1 is ideal for the low power microcontrollers and the battery-powered equipments.

The EV2019-5-N-00A is a fully assembled and tested evaluation board. It generates a +5V output voltage at load current up to 300mA from a 6V to 40V input range.

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units
Input Voltage	V_{IN}	6 – 40	V
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}	5	V
Output Current	I_{OUT}	300	mA

FEATURES

- 6V to 40V Input Range
- 12 μ A Quiescent Supply Current
- 300mA specified current
- 480mV Dropout at 300mA Load
- Output $\pm 3\%$ Accuracy
- Specified current limit
- Thermal Shutdown
- -40°C to +125°C Specified Junction Temperature Range
- Available in a SOIC8-EP Package

APPLICATIONS

- Industrial/Automotive Applications
- Portable/Battery-Powered Equipment
- Ultra low power Microcontrollers
- Cellular Handsets
- Medical Imaging

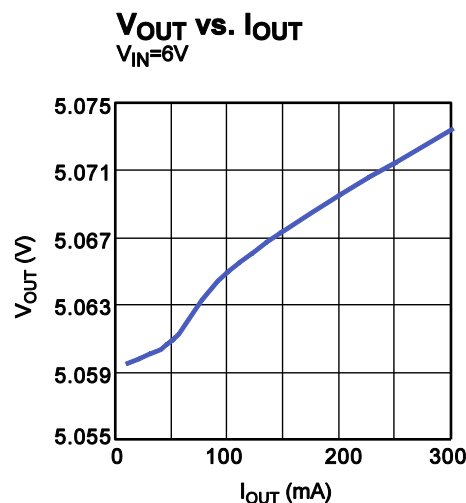
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EV2019-5-N-00A EVALUATION BOARD

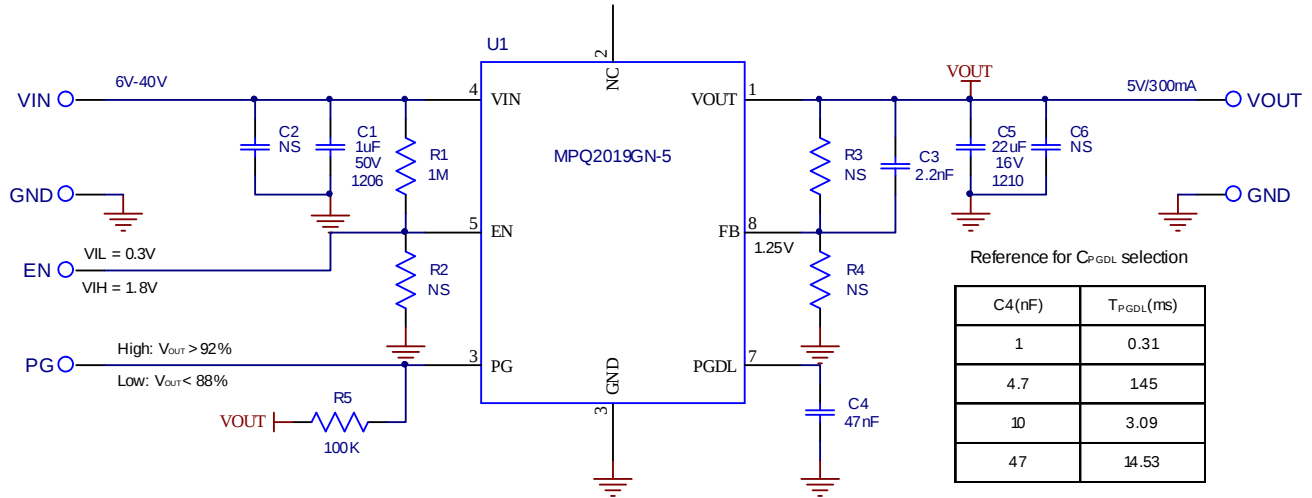


(L x W x H) 2.5" x 2.5" x 0.4"
(6.35cm x 6.35cm x 1.0cm)

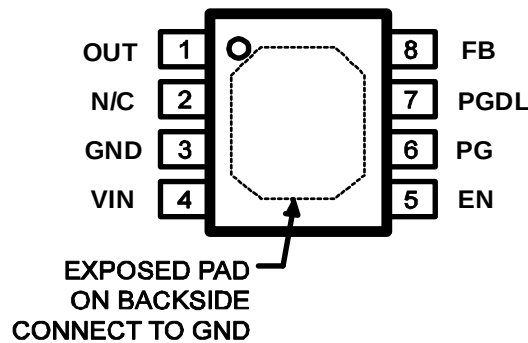
Board Number	MPS IC Number
EV2019-5-N-00A	MPQ2019GN-5



EVALUATION BOARD SCHEMATIC



TOP VIEW



SOIC-8 EP Package

EV2019-5-N-00A BILL OF MATERIALS

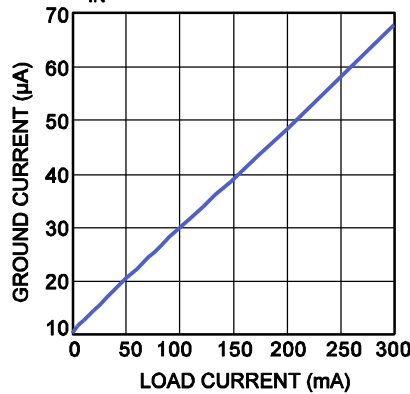
Qty	RefDes	Value	Description	Package	Manufacturer	Manufacturer_P/N
1	C1	1μF	Ceramic Cap, 50V, X7R	1206	Murata	GRM31CR71H225KA88L
2	C2, C6	NS				
1	C3	2.2nF	Ceramic Cap, 50V, X7R	0603	muRata	GRM188R71H222KA01D
1	C4	47nF	Ceramic Cap, 50V, X7R	0603	Murata	GRM188R71H473KA61D
1	C5	22μF	Ceramic Cap, 16V, X7R	1210	Murata	GRM32ER71C226KEA8L
1	R1	1M	Film Res,5%	0603	Yageo	RC0603JR-071ML
3	R2, R3, R4	NS				
1	R5	100k	Film Res,1%	0603	Yageo	RC0603FR-07100KL
1	U1		Linear Regulator	SOIC8E	MPS	MPQ2019GN-5
4	VIN, GND, GND, VOUT		2.0 Golden Pin		HZ	
3	PG, GND, EN		2.54mm Test Pin		Any	

EVB TEST RESULTS

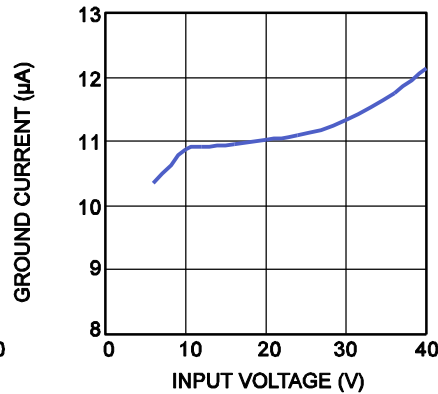
Performance waveforms are tested on the evaluation board.

$V_{OUT} = 5V$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.

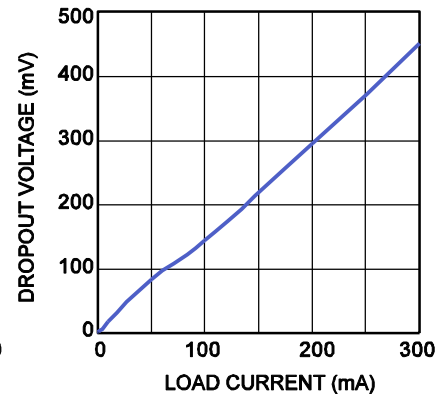
Ground Current vs. Load Current
 $V_{IN}=6V$



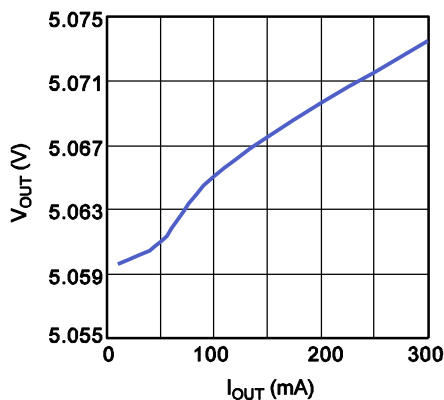
Ground Current vs. V_{IN}
 $I_{OUT}=0mA$



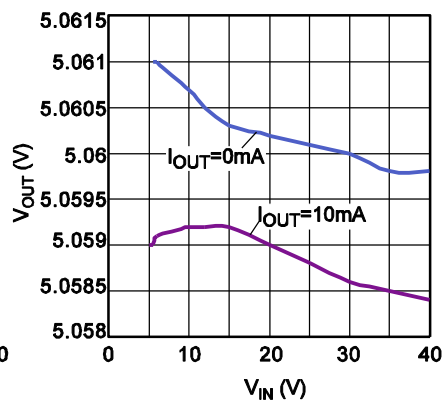
Dropout Voltage vs. Load Current



V_{OUT} vs. I_{OUT}
 $V_{IN}=6V$

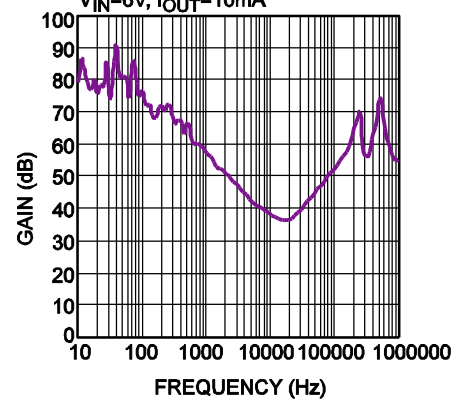


V_{OUT} vs. V_{IN}



PSRR vs. Frequency

$C_{IN}=100pF$, $C_{OUT}=10\mu F$,
 $V_{IN}=6V$, $I_{OUT}=10mA$



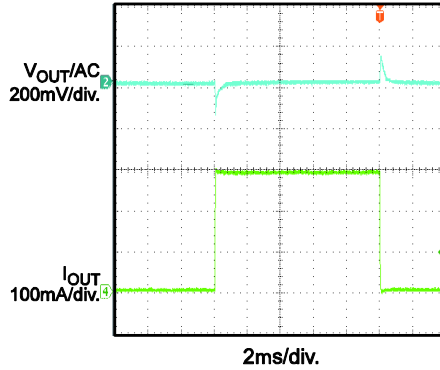
EVB TEST RESULTS *(continued)*

Performance waveforms are tested on the evaluation board.

$V_{OUT} = 5V$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.

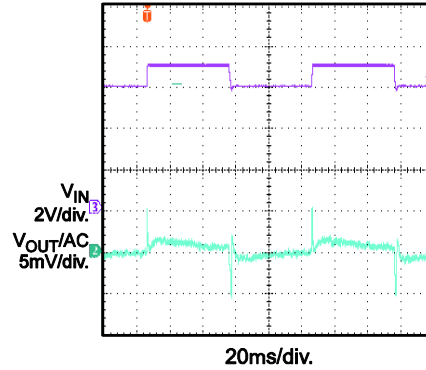
Load Transient

$V_{IN} = 12V$, $I_{OUT} = 300mA$



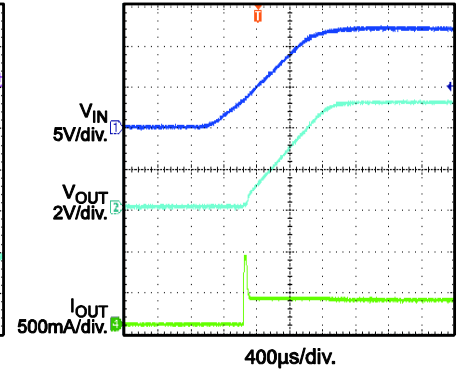
Line Transient

$V_{IN} = 6V-7V$, $I_{OUT} = 300mA$



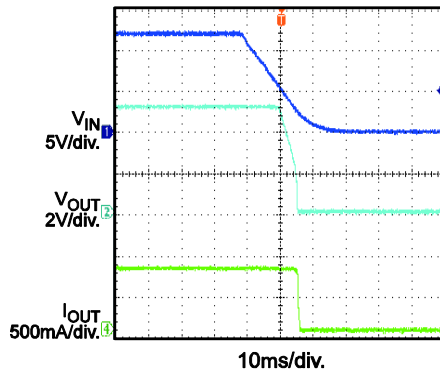
Startup through V_{IN}

$V_{IN} = 12V$, $I_{OUT} = 300mA$



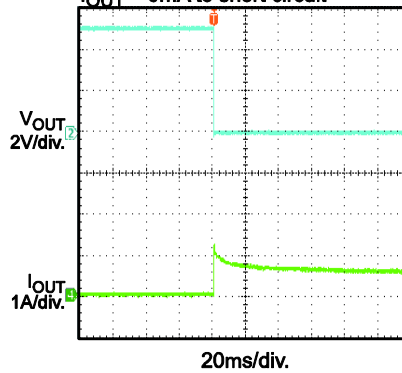
Shutdown through V_{IN}

$V_{IN} = 12V$, $I_{OUT} = 300mA$



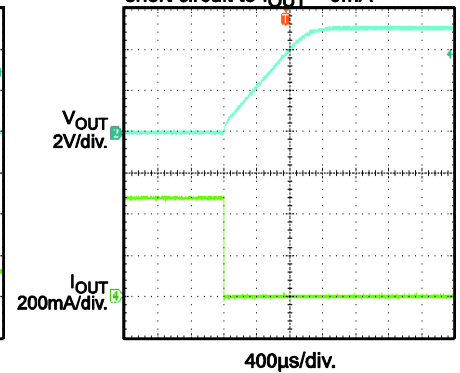
Short Circuit Entry

$V_{IN} = 12V$,
 $I_{OUT} = 0mA$ to short circuit



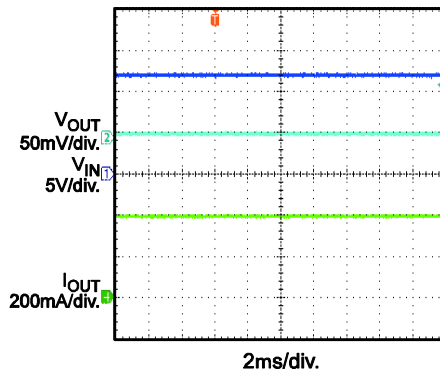
Short Circuit Recovery

$V_{IN} = 12V$,
short circuit to $I_{OUT} = 0mA$



Short Circuit Steady State

$V_{IN} = 12V$



PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD LAYOUT

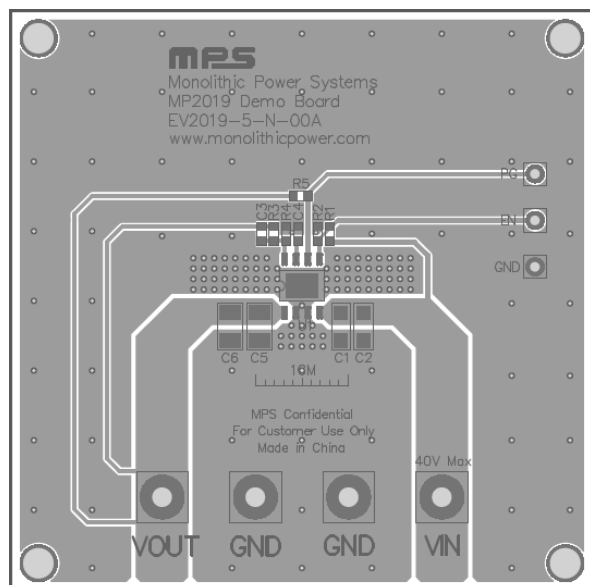


Figure 1—Top Silk Layer & Top Layer

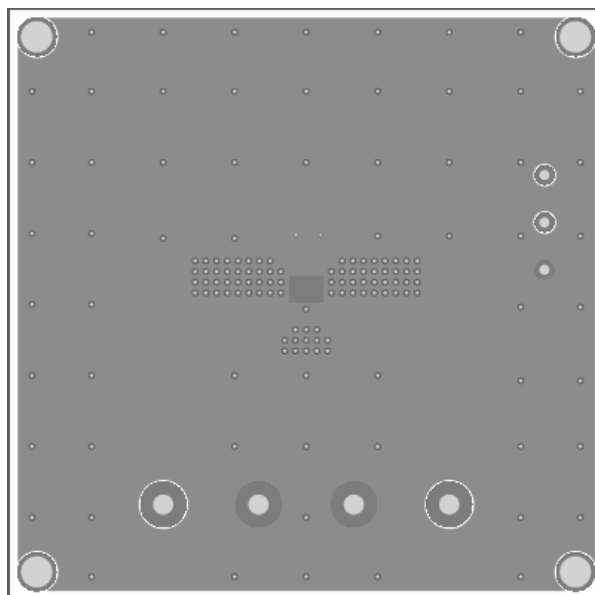


Figure 2—Bottom Layer

QUICK START GUIDE

1. Connect the positive and negative terminals of the load to the VOUT and GND pins, respectively.
2. Preset the power supply output between 6V and 40V, and then turn it off.
If longer cables are used between the source and the EVB (>0.5m total), a damping capacitor should be installed at the input terminals. Especially when V_{in} is $\geq 24V$.
3. Connect the positive and negative terminals of the power supply output to the VIN and GND pins, respectively.
4. Turn the power supply on. The MPQ2019GN-5 will automatically startup.
5. PG pin is the test point for power good, which high level (equals output voltage) represents output voltage is higher than 93% of its set value.
6. Setting PGDL

There is a delay time when PG asserts high, the delay time can be programmed by adding a capacitor on PGDL. To select a capacitor for PGDL, use below equation:

$$C_{PGDL} (nF) = \frac{t_{PGDL} (ms) \times I_{PGDL} (\mu A)}{V_{th_PGDL} (V)}$$

The t_{PGDL} is the desired delay time for PG asserts high, I_{PGDL} is the PGDL charging current ($5.5\mu A$) and V_{th_PGDL} is 1.7V.

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