

Low Power, Low Noise Operational Amplifiers

MC33178, MC33179

The MC33178/9 series is a family of high quality monolithic amplifiers employing Bipolar technology with innovative high performance concepts for quality audio and data signal processing applications. This device family incorporates the use of high frequency PNP input transistors to produce amplifiers exhibiting low input offset voltage, noise and distortion. In addition, the amplifier provides high output current drive capability while consuming only 420 μA of drain current per amplifier. The NPN output stage used, exhibits no deadband crossover distortion, large output voltage swing, excellent phase and gain margins, low open-loop high frequency output impedance, symmetrical source and sink AC frequency performance.

The MC33178/9 family offers both dual and quad amplifier versions in several package options.

Features

- 600 Ω Output Drive Capability
- Large Output Voltage Swing
- Low Offset Voltage: 0.15 mV (Mean)
- Low T.C. of Input Offset Voltage: 2.0 $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
- Low Total Harmonic Distortion: 0.0024% (@ 1.0 kHz w/600 Ω Load)
- High Gain Bandwidth: 5.0 MHz
- High Slew Rate: 2.0 V/ μs
- Dual Supply Operation: ± 2.0 V to ± 18 V
- ESD Clamps on the Inputs Increase Ruggedness without Affecting Device Performance

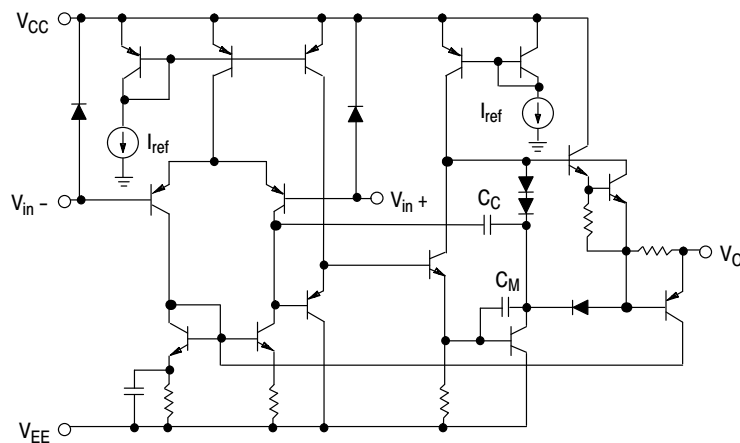
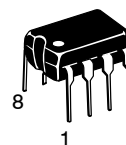


Figure 1. Representative Schematic Diagram
(Each Amplifier)

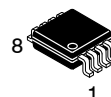
DUAL



PDIP-8
P SUFFIX
CASE 626

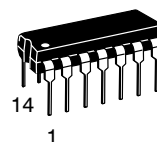


SOIC-8
D SUFFIX
CASE 751

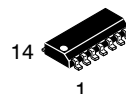


Micro8
DM SUFFIX
CASE 846A

QUAD



PDIP-14
P SUFFIX
CASE 646



SOIC-14
D SUFFIX
CASE 751A



TSSOP-14
DTB SUFFIX
CASE 948G

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 2 of this data sheet.

DEVICE MARKING INFORMATION

See general marking information in the device marking section on page 3 of this data sheet.

NOTE: Some of the devices on this data sheet have been **DISCONTINUED**. Please refer to the table on page 3.

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MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage (V_{CC} to V_{EE})	V_S	+36	V
Input Differential Voltage Range	V_{IDR}	Note 1	V
Input Voltage Range	V_{IR}	Note 1	V
Output Short Circuit Duration (Note 2)	t_{SC}	Indefinite	sec
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_J	+150	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	–60 to +150	°C
Maximum Power Dissipation	P_D	Note 2	mW
Operating Temperature Range	T_A	–40 to +85	°C

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. Either or both input voltages should not exceed V_{CC} or V_{EE} .

2. Power dissipation must be considered to ensure maximum junction temperature (T_J) is not exceeded. (See power dissipation performance characteristic, Figure 2.)

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping [†]
MC33178DR2G	SOIC–8 (Pb–Free)	2500 / Tape & Reel
MC33178DMR2G	Micro8 (Pb–Free)	4000 / Tape & Reel
MC33179DR2G	SOIC–14 (Pb–Free)	2500 / Tape & Reel
MC33179DTBR2G	TSSOP–14 (Pb–Free)	2500 / Tape & Reel

DISCONTINUED (Note 3)

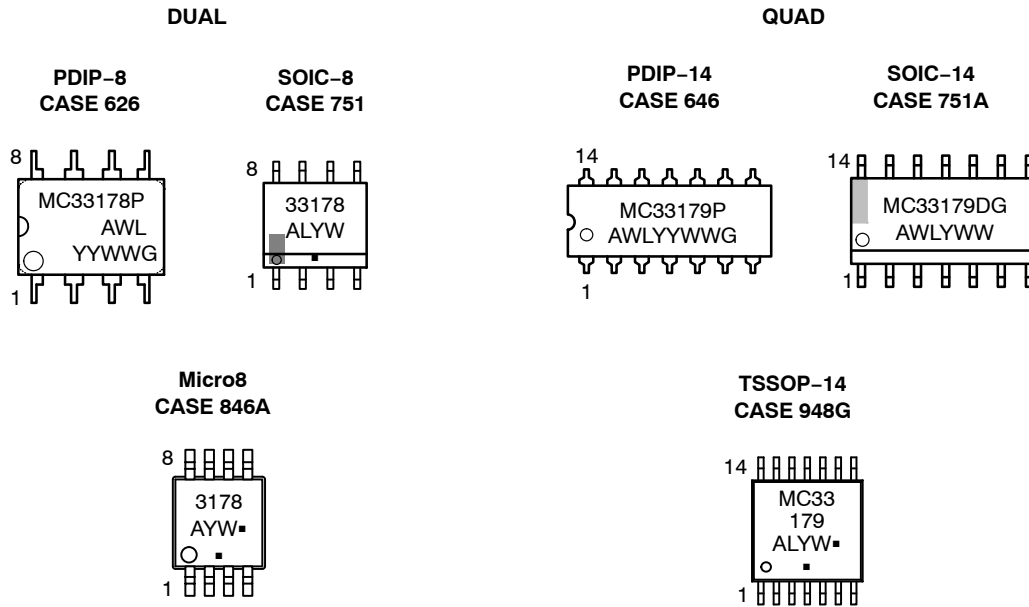
MC33178D	SOIC–8	98 Units / Rail
MC33178DG	SOIC–8 (Pb–Free)	
MC33178DR2	SOIC–8	2500 / Tape & Reel
MC33178P	PDIP–8	50 Units / Rail
MC33178PG	PDIP–8 (Pb–Free)	
MC33178DMR2	Micro8	4000 / Tape & Reel
MC33179D	SOIC–14	55 Units / Rail
MC33179DG	SOIC–14 (Pb–Free)	
MC33179DR2	SOIC–14	2500 / Tape & Reel
MC33179P	PDIP–14	25 Units / Rail
MC33179PG	PDIP–14 (Pb–Free)	

[†]For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

3. **DISCONTINUED:** These devices are not recommended for new design. Please contact your **onsemi** representative for information. The most current information on these devices may be available on www.onsemi.com.

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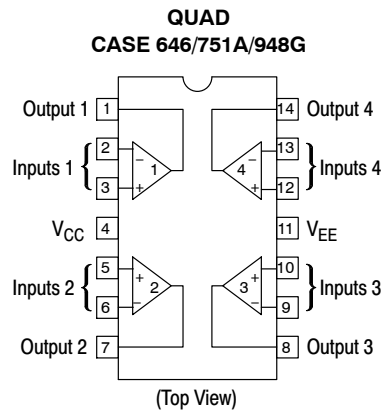
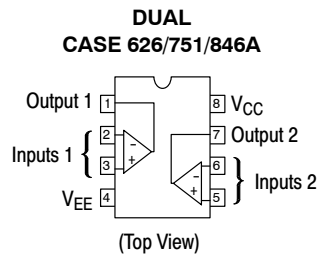
MARKING DIAGRAMS



A = Assembly Location
 WL, L = Wafer Lot
 YY, Y = Year
 WW, W = Work Week
 G or ■ = Pb-Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

PIN CONNECTIONS



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DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{CC} = +15\text{ V}$, $V_{EE} = -15\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristics	Figure	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input Offset Voltage ($R_S = 50\ \Omega$, $V_{CM} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_O = 0\text{ V}$) ($V_{CC} = +2.5\text{ V}$, $V_{EE} = -2.5\text{ V}$ to $V_{CC} = +15\text{ V}$, $V_{EE} = -15\text{ V}$) $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A = -40^\circ$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	3	$ V_{IO} $	– –	0.15 –	3.0 4.0	mV
Average Temperature Coefficient of Input Offset Voltage ($R_S = 50\ \Omega$, $V_{CM} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_O = 0\text{ V}$) $T_A = -40^\circ$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	3	$\Delta V_{IO}/\Delta T$	–	2.0	–	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input Bias Current ($V_{CM} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_O = 0\text{ V}$) $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A = -40^\circ$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	4, 5	I_{IB}	– –	100 –	500 600	nA
Input Offset Current ($V_{CM} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_O = 0\text{ V}$) $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A = -40^\circ$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$		$ I_{IO} $	– –	5.0 –	50 60	nA
Common Mode Input Voltage Range ($\Delta V_{IO} = 5.0\text{ mV}$, $V_O = 0\text{ V}$)	6	V_{ICR}	–13 –	–14 +14	– +13	V
Large Signal Voltage Gain ($V_O = -10\text{ V}$ to $+10\text{ V}$, $R_L = 600\ \Omega$) $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A = -40^\circ$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	7, 8	A_{VOL}	50 25	200 –	– –	kV/V
Output Voltage Swing ($V_{ID} = \pm 1.0\text{ V}$) ($V_{CC} = +15\text{ V}$, $V_{EE} = -15\text{ V}$) $R_L = 300\ \Omega$ $R_L = 300\ \Omega$ $R_L = 600\ \Omega$ $R_L = 600\ \Omega$ $R_L = 2.0\text{ k}\Omega$ $R_L = 2.0\text{ k}\Omega$ ($V_{CC} = +2.5\text{ V}$, $V_{EE} = -2.5\text{ V}$) $R_L = 600\ \Omega$ $R_L = 600\ \Omega$	9, 10, 11	V_{O+} V_{O-} V_{O+} V_{O-} V_{O+} V_{O-} V_{O+} V_{O-}	– – +12 – +13 – – –	+12 –12 +13.6 –13 +14 –13.8 1.6 –1.6	– – – –12 – –13 – –1.1	V
Common Mode Rejection ($V_{in} = \pm 13\text{ V}$)	12	CMR	80	110	–	dB
Power Supply Rejection $V_{CC}/V_{EE} = +15\text{ V}/-15\text{ V}$, $+5.0\text{ V}/-15\text{ V}$, $+15\text{ V}/-5.0\text{ V}$	13	PSR	80	110	–	dB
Output Short Circuit Current ($V_{ID} = \pm 1.0\text{ V}$, Output to Ground) Source ($V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V}$ to 15 V) Sink ($V_{EE} = -2.5\text{ V}$ to -15 V)	14, 15	I_{SC}	+50 –50	+80 –100	– –	mA
Power Supply Current ($V_O = 0\text{ V}$) ($V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $V_{EE} = -2.5\text{ V}$ to $V_{CC} = +15\text{ V}$, $V_{EE} = -15\text{ V}$) MC33178 (Dual) $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A = -40^\circ$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$ MC33179 (Quad) $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A = -40^\circ$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$	16	I_D	– – – –	– – 1.7 –	1.4 1.6 2.4 2.6	mA

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AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{CC} = +15\text{ V}$, $V_{EE} = -15\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristics	Figure	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Slew Rate ($V_{in} = -10\text{ V}$ to $+10\text{ V}$, $R_L = 2.0\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$, $A_V = +1.0\text{ V}$)	17, 32	SR	1.2	2.0	–	V/ μs
Gain Bandwidth Product ($f = 100\text{ kHz}$)	18	GBW	2.5	5.0	–	MHz
AC Voltage Gain ($R_L = 600\text{ }\Omega$, $V_O = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 20\text{ kHz}$)	19, 20	A_{VO}	–	50	–	dB
Unity Gain Bandwidth (Open-Loop) ($R_L = 600\text{ }\Omega$, $C_L = 0\text{ pF}$)		BW	–	3.0	–	MHz
Gain Margin ($R_L = 600\text{ }\Omega$, $C_L = 0\text{ pF}$)	21, 23, 24	A_m	–	15	–	dB
Phase Margin ($R_L = 600\text{ }\Omega$, $C_L = 0\text{ pF}$)	22, 23, 24	ϕ_m	–	60	–	Deg
Channel Separation ($f = 100\text{ Hz}$ to 20 kHz)	25	CS	–	-120	–	dB
Power Bandwidth ($V_O = 20\text{ V}_{pp}$, $R_L = 600\text{ }\Omega$, $\text{THD} \leq 1.0\%$)		BW_p	–	32	–	kHz
Total Harmonic Distortion ($R_L = 600\text{ }\Omega$, $V_O = 2.0\text{ V}_{pp}$, $A_V = +1.0\text{ V}$) ($f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$) ($f = 10\text{ kHz}$) ($f = 20\text{ kHz}$)	26	THD	– – –	0.0024 0.014 0.024	– – –	%
Open Loop Output Impedance ($V_O = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 3.0\text{ MHz}$, $A_V = 10\text{ V}$)	27	$ Z_O $	–	150	–	Ω
Differential Input Resistance ($V_{CM} = 0\text{ V}$)		R_{in}	–	200	–	k Ω
Differential Input Capacitance ($V_{CM} = 0\text{ V}$)		C_{in}	–	10	–	pF
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage ($R_S = 100\text{ }\Omega$) $f = 10\text{ Hz}$ $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$	28	e_n	– –	8.0 7.5	– –	nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
Equivalent Input Noise Current $f = 10\text{ Hz}$ $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$	29	i_n	– –	0.33 0.15	– –	pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$

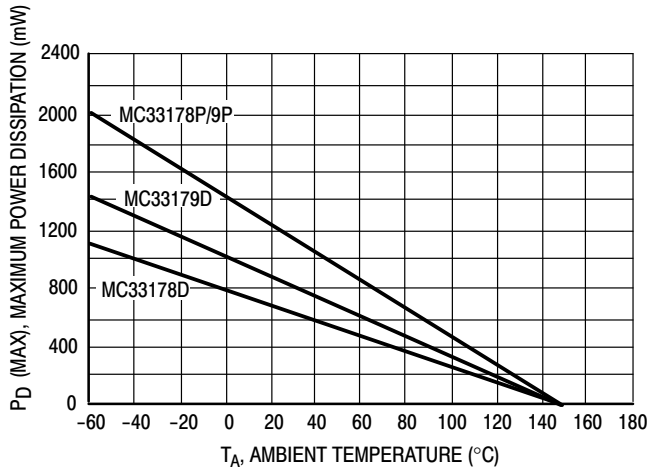


Figure 2. Maximum Power Dissipation versus Temperature

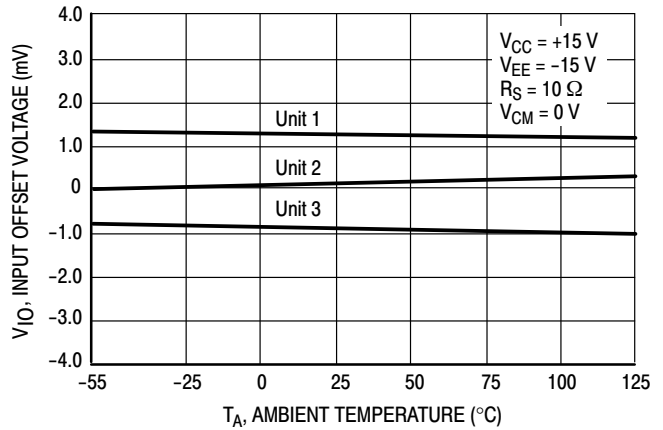


Figure 3. Input Offset Voltage versus Temperature for 3 Typical Units

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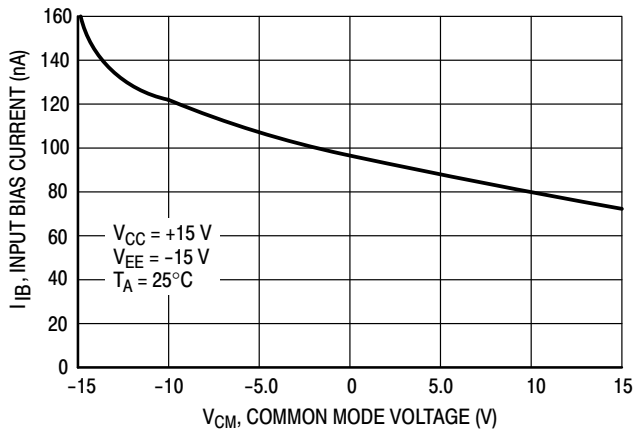


Figure 4. Input Bias Current versus Common Mode Voltage

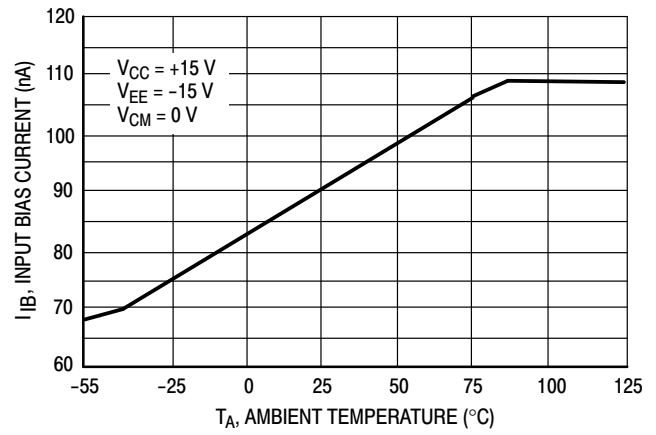


Figure 5. Input Bias Current versus Temperature

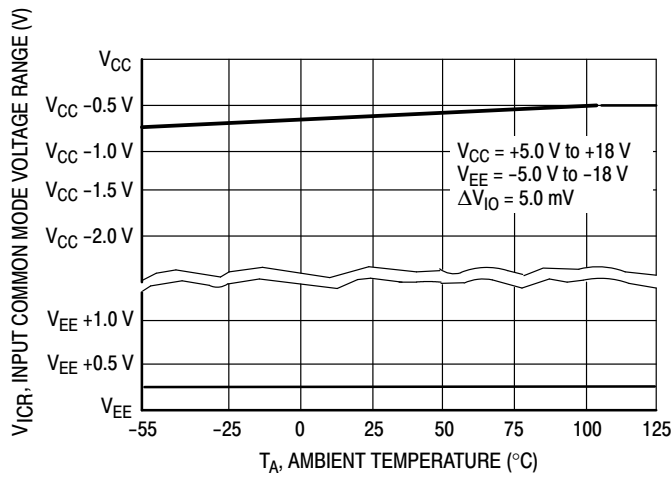


Figure 6. Input Common Mode Voltage Range versus Temperature

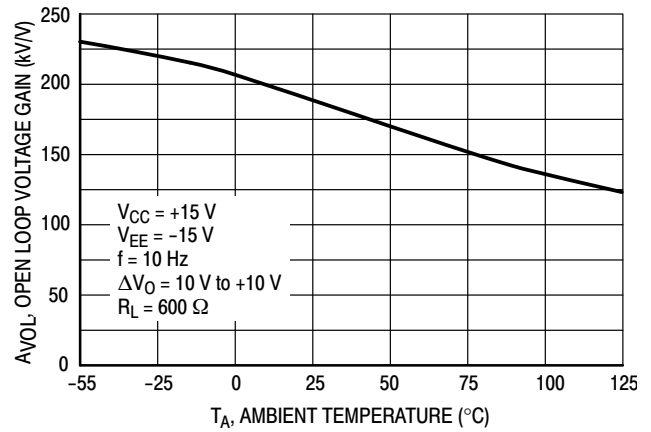


Figure 7. Open Loop Voltage Gain versus Temperature

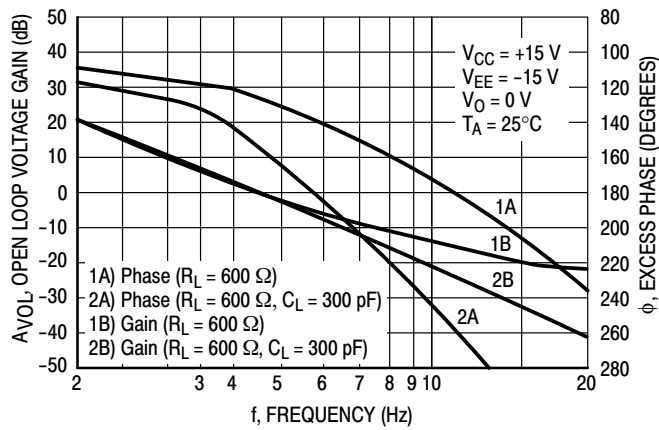


Figure 8. Voltage Gain and Phase versus Frequency

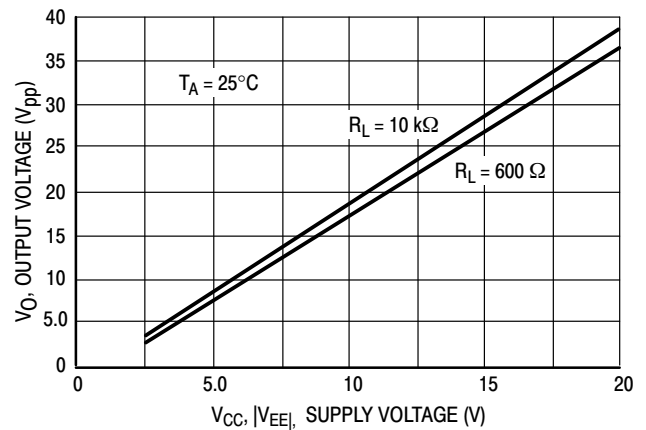


Figure 9. Output Voltage Swing versus Supply Voltage

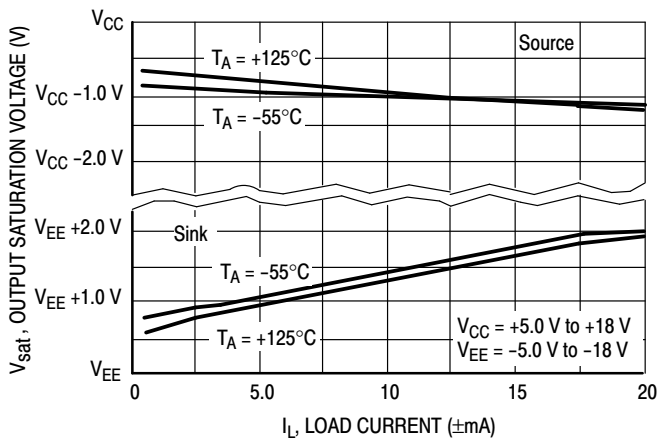


Figure 10. Output Saturation Voltage versus Load Current

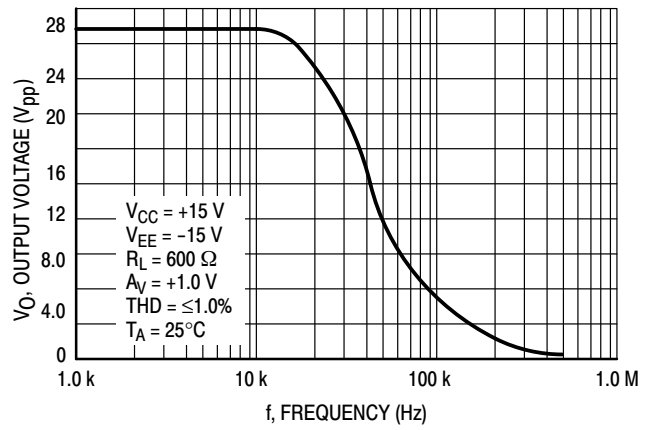


Figure 11. Output Voltage versus Frequency

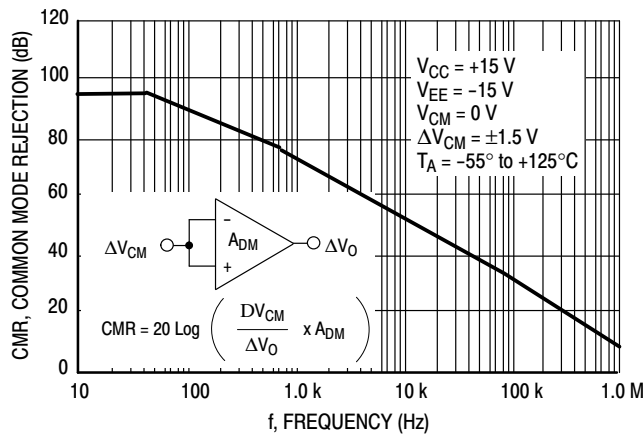


Figure 12. Common Mode Rejection versus Frequency Over Temperature

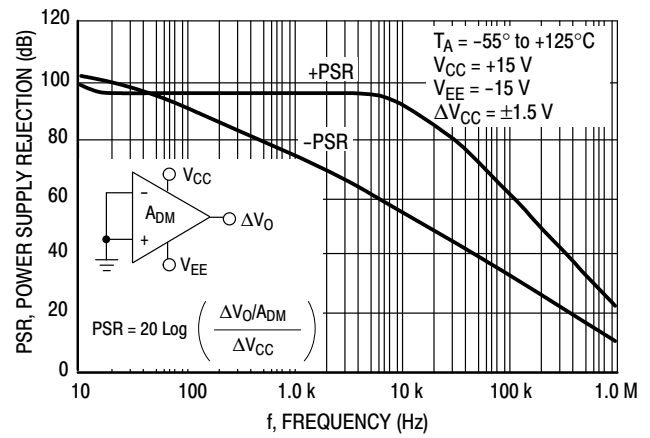


Figure 13. Power Supply Rejection versus Frequency Over Temperature

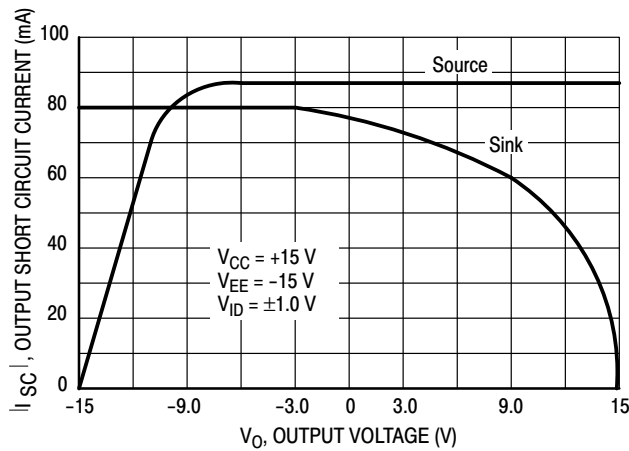


Figure 14. Output Short Circuit Current versus Output Voltage

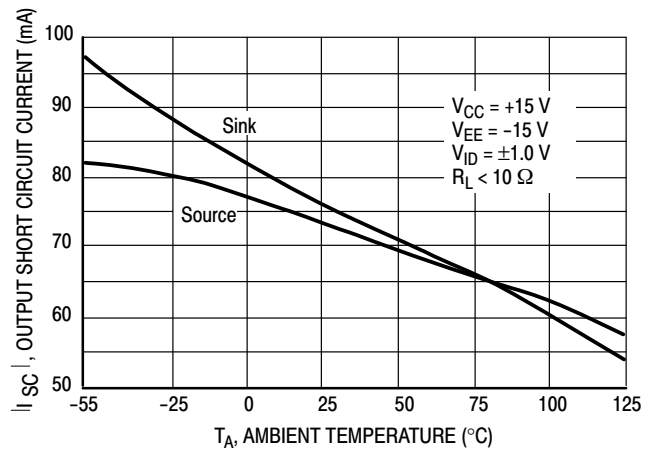


Figure 15. Output Short Circuit Current versus Temperature

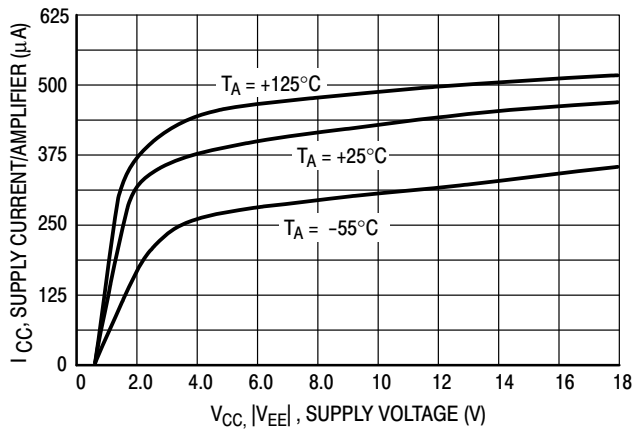


Figure 16. Supply Current versus Supply Voltage with No Load

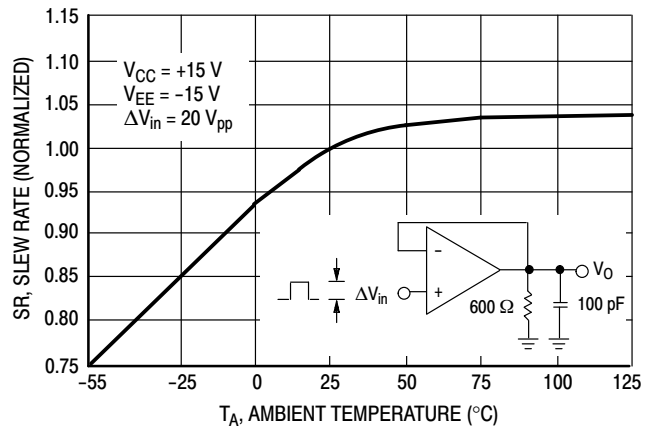


Figure 17. Normalized Slew Rate versus Temperature

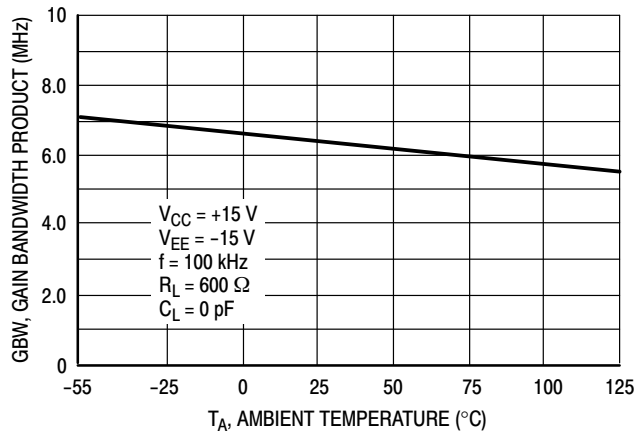


Figure 18. Gain Bandwidth Product versus Temperature

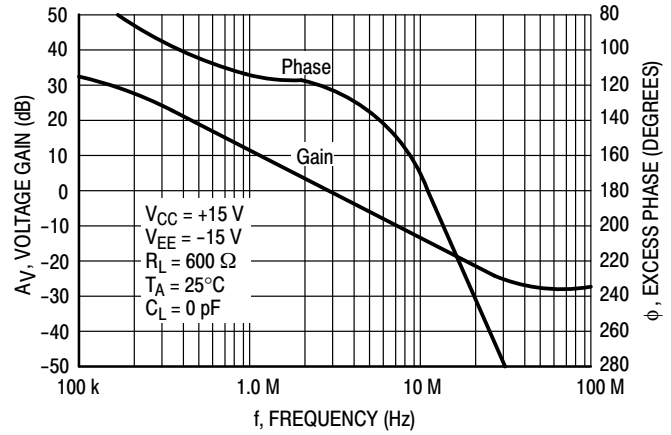


Figure 19. Voltage Gain and Phase versus Frequency

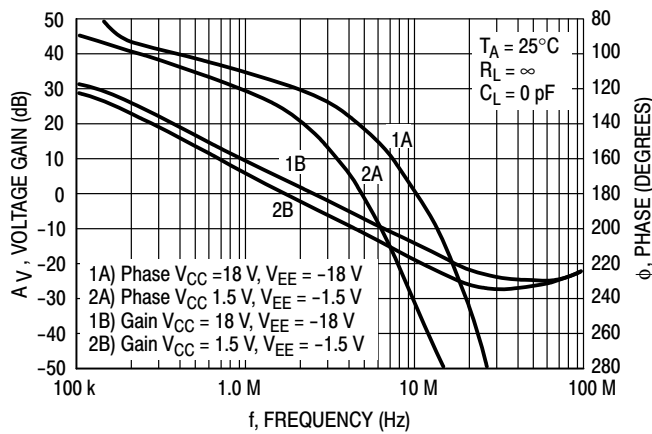


Figure 20. Voltage Gain and Phase versus Frequency

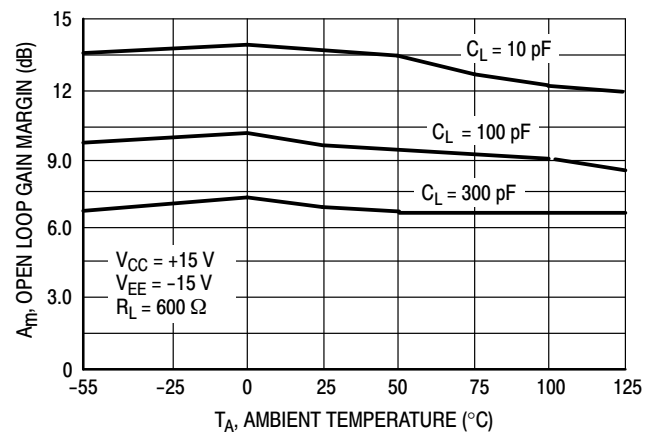


Figure 21. Open Loop Gain Margin versus Temperature

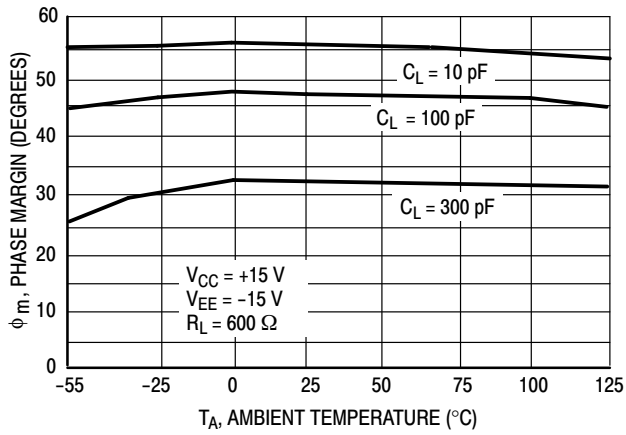


Figure 22. Phase Margin versus Temperature

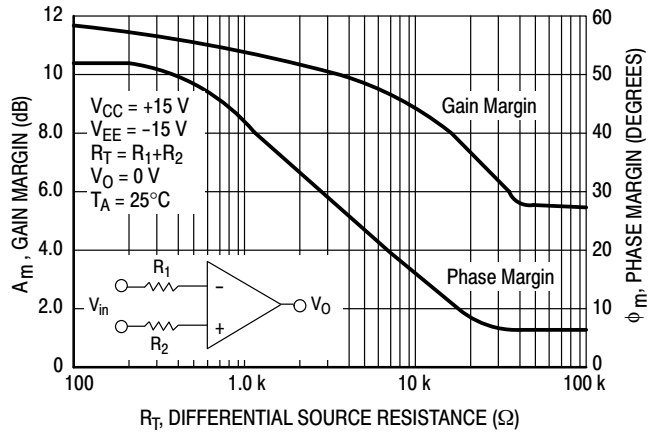


Figure 23. Phase Margin and Gain Margin versus Differential Source Resistance

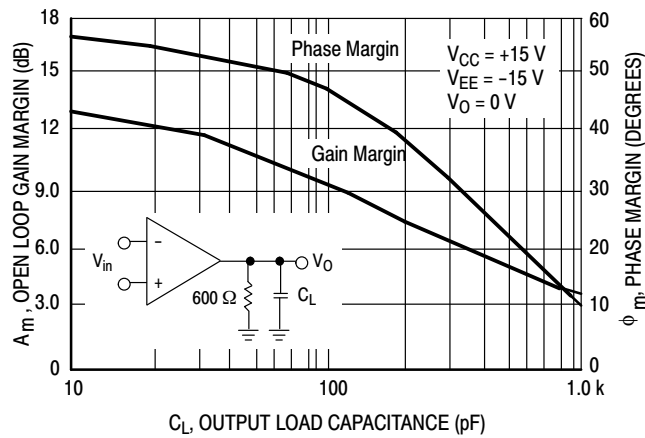


Figure 24. Open Loop Gain Margin and Phase Margin versus Output Load Capacitance

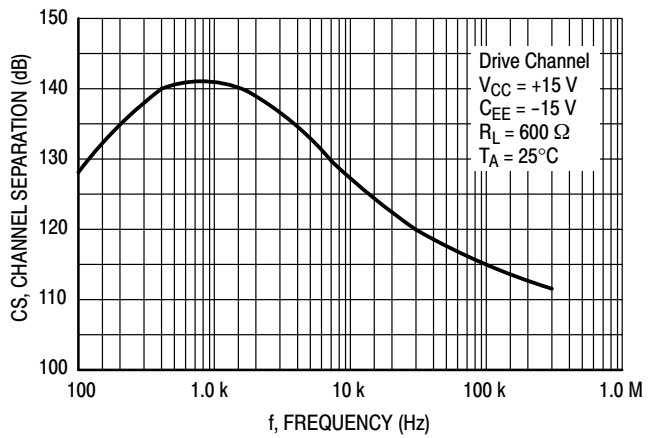


Figure 25. Channel Separation versus Frequency

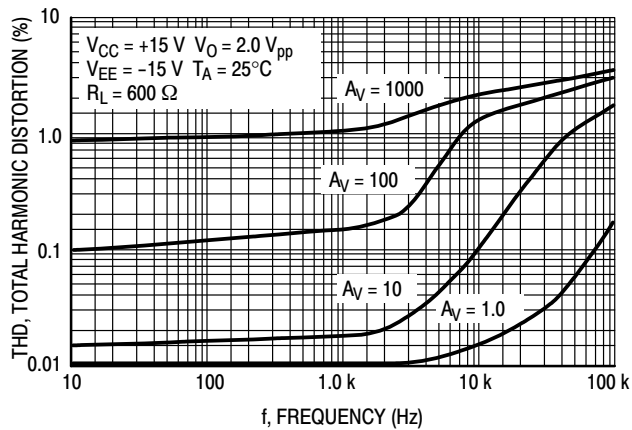


Figure 26. Total Harmonic Distortion versus Frequency

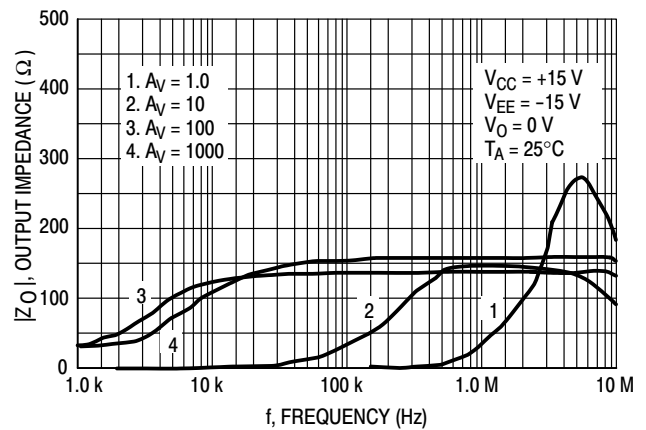


Figure 27. Output Impedance versus Frequency

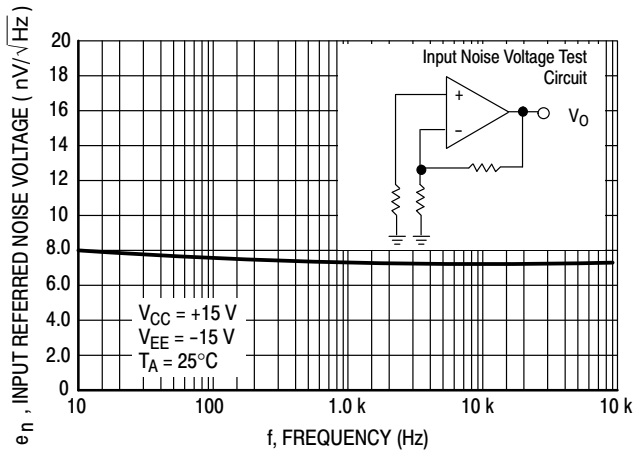


Figure 28. Input Referred Noise Voltage versus Frequency

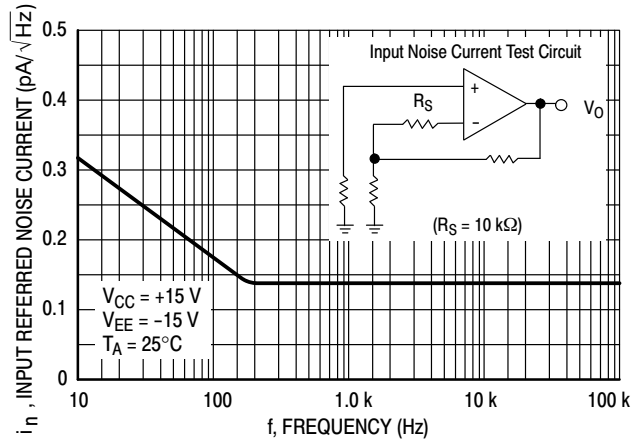


Figure 29. Input Referred Noise Current versus Frequency

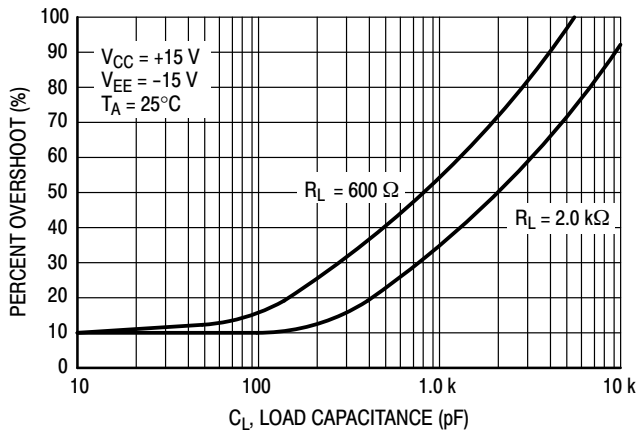


Figure 30. Percent Overshoot versus Load Capacitance

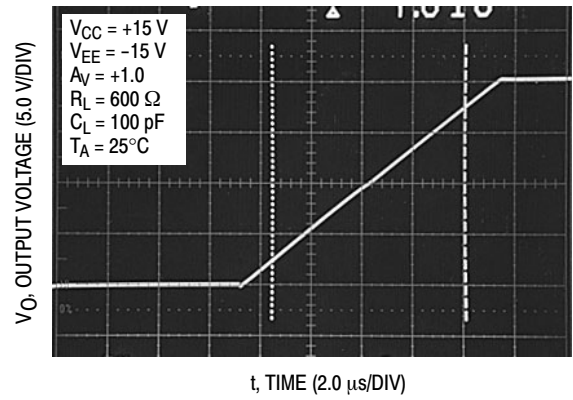


Figure 31. Non-inverting Amplifier Slew Rate

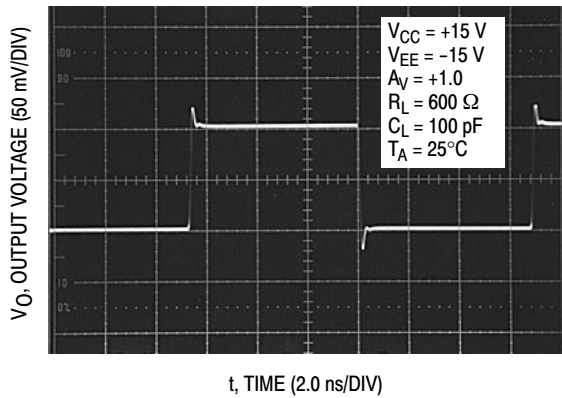


Figure 32. Small Signal Transient Response

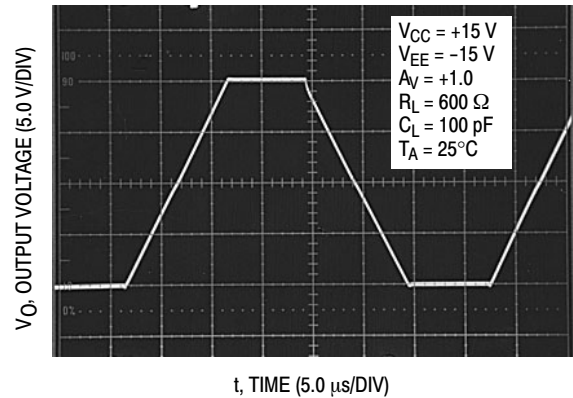


Figure 33. Large Signal Transient Response

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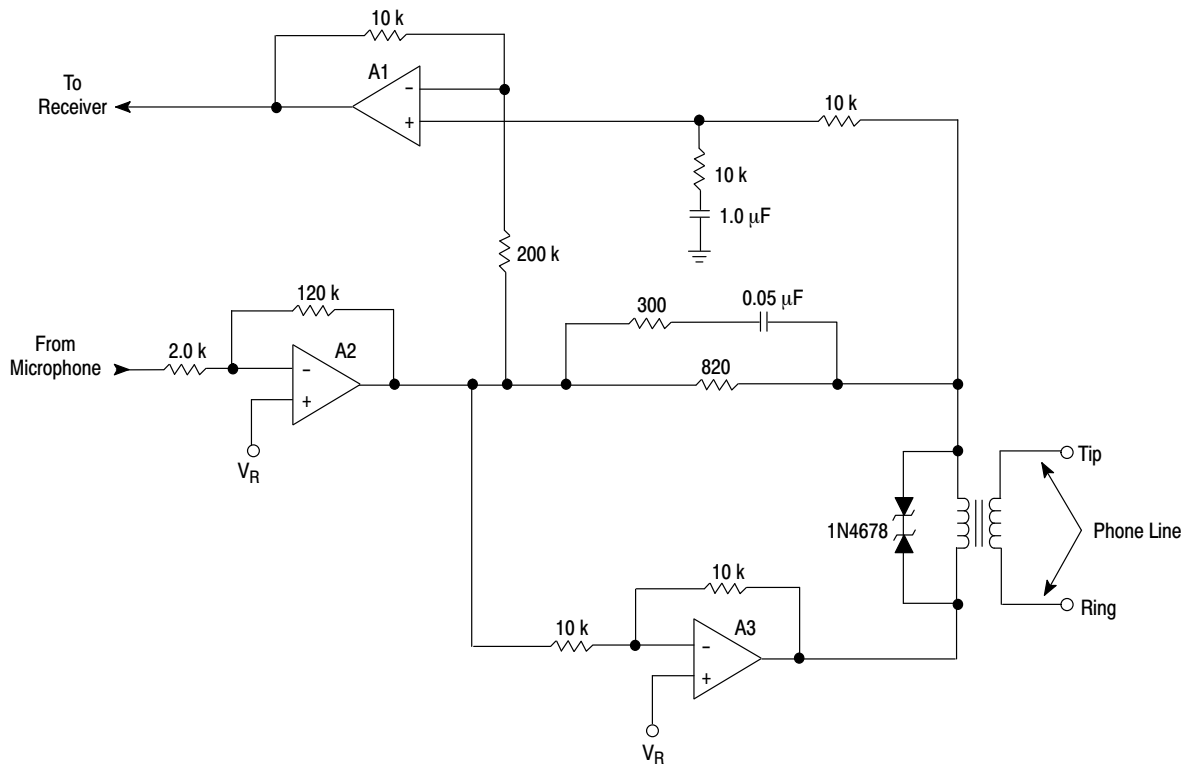


Figure 34. Telephone Line Interface Circuit

APPLICATION INFORMATION

This unique device uses a boosted output stage to combine a high output current with a drain current lower than similar bipolar input op amps. Its 60° phase margin and 15 dB gain margin ensure stability with up to 1000 pF of load capacitance (see Figure 24). The ability to drive a minimum 600 Ω load makes it particularly suitable for telecom applications. Note that in the sample circuit in Figure 34 both A2 and A3 are driving equivalent loads of approximately 600 Ω.

The low input offset voltage and moderately high slew rate and gain bandwidth product make it attractive for a variety of other applications. For example, although it is not single supply (the common mode input range does not include ground), it is specified at +5.0 V with a typical common mode rejection of 110 dB. This makes it an excellent choice for use with digital circuits. The high common mode rejection, which is stable over temperature, coupled with a low noise figure and low distortion, is an ideal op amp for audio circuits.

The output stage of the op amp is current limited and therefore has a certain amount of protection in the event of a short circuit. However, because of its high current output, it is especially important not to allow the device to exceed the maximum junction temperature, particularly with the

MC33179 (quad op amp). Shorting more than one amplifier could easily exceed the junction temperature to the extent of causing permanent damage.

Stability

As usual with most high frequency amplifiers, proper lead dress, component placement, and PC board layout should be exercised for optimum frequency performance. For example, long unshielded input or output leads may result in unwanted input/output coupling. In order to preserve the relatively low input capacitance associated with these amplifiers, resistors connected to the inputs should be immediately adjacent to the input pin to minimize additional stray input capacitance. This not only minimizes the input pole frequency for optimum frequency response, but also minimizes extraneous “pick up” at this node. Supplying decoupling with adequate capacitance immediately adjacent to the supply pin is also important, particularly over temperature, since many types of decoupling capacitors exhibit great impedance changes over temperature.

Additional stability problems can be caused by high load capacitances and/or a high source resistance. Simple compensation schemes can be used to alleviate these effects.

If a high source of resistance is used ($R_1 > 1.0 \text{ k}\Omega$), a compensation capacitor equal to or greater than the input capacitance of the op amp (10 pF) placed across the feedback resistor (see Figure 35) can be used to neutralize that pole and prevent outer loop oscillation. Since the closed loop transient response will be a function of that capacitance, it is important to choose the optimum value for that capacitor. This can be determined by the following Equation:

$$C_C = (1 + [R_1/R_2])^2 \times C_L (Z_O/R_2) \quad (1)$$

where: Z_O is the output impedance of the op amp.

For moderately high capacitive loads ($500 \text{ pF} < C_L < 1500 \text{ pF}$) the addition of a compensation resistor on the order of 20Ω between the output and the feedback loop will help to decrease miller loop oscillation (see Figure 36). For high capacitive loads ($C_L > 1500 \text{ pF}$), a combined compensation scheme should be used (see Figure 37). Both the compensation resistor and the compensation capacitor affect the transient response and can be calculated for optimum performance. The value of C_C can be calculated using Equation 1. The Equation to calculate R_C is as follows:

$$R_C = Z_O \times R_1/R_2 \quad (2)$$

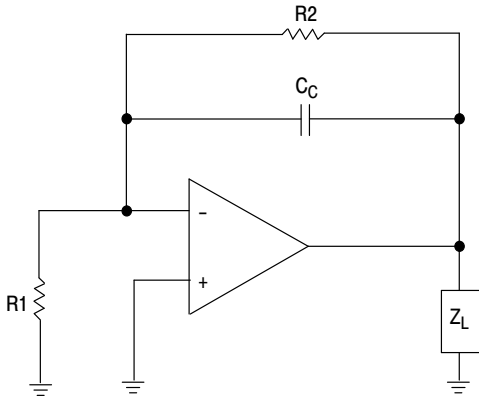


Figure 35. Compensation for High Source Impedance

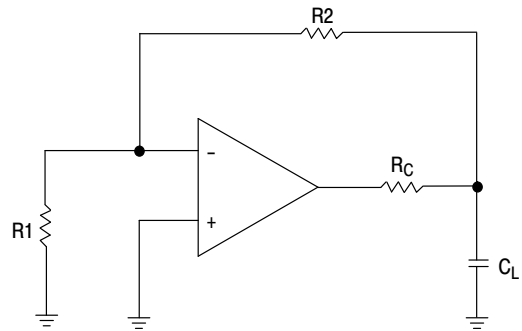


Figure 36. Compensation Circuit for Moderate Capacitive Loads

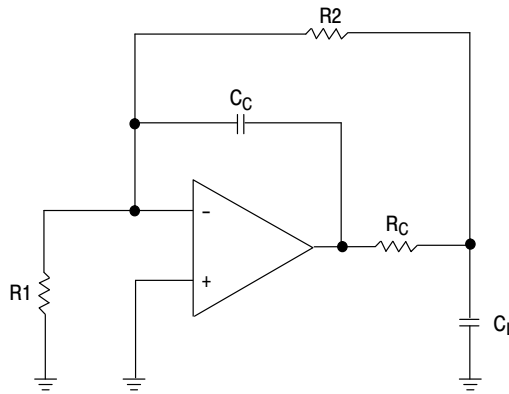
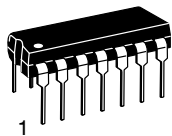


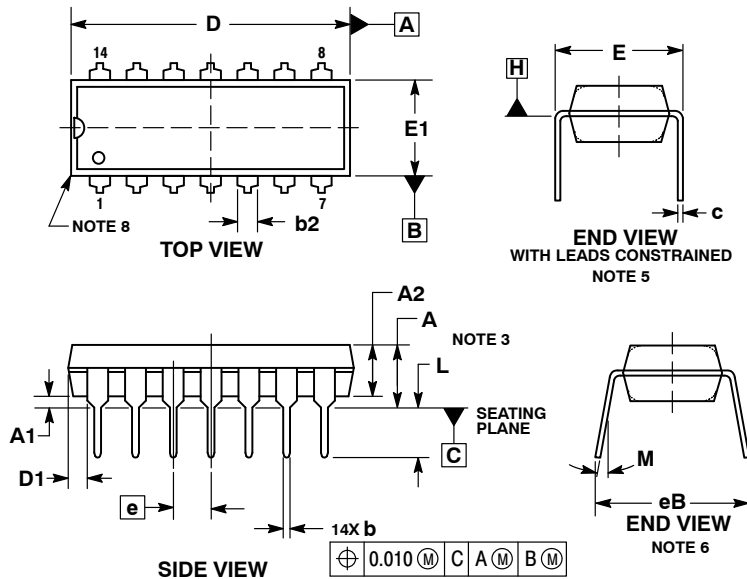
Figure 37. Compensation Circuit for High Capacitive Loads



SCALE 1:1

PDIP-14
CASE 646-06
ISSUE S

DATE 22 APR 2015



NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCHES.
3. DIMENSIONS A, A1 AND L ARE MEASURED WITH THE PACKAGE SEATED IN JEDEC SEATING PLANE GAUGE GS-3.
4. DIMENSIONS D, D1 AND E1 DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS ARE NOT TO EXCEED 0.10 INCH.
5. DIMENSION E IS MEASURED AT A POINT 0.015 BELOW DATUM PLANE H WITH THE LEADS CONSTRAINED PERPENDICULAR TO DATUM C.
6. DIMENSION eB IS MEASURED AT THE LEAD TIPS WITH THE LEADS UNCONSTRAINED.
7. DATUM PLANE H IS COINCIDENT WITH THE BOTTOM OF THE LEADS, WHERE THE LEADS EXIT THE BODY.
8. PACKAGE CONTOUR IS OPTIONAL (ROUNDED OR SQUARE CORNERS).

DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	---	0.210	---	5.33
A1	0.015	---	0.38	---
A2	0.115	0.195	2.92	4.95
b	0.014	0.022	0.35	0.56
b2	0.060 TYP 1.52 TYP			
C	0.008	0.014	0.20	0.36
D	0.735	0.775	18.67	19.69
D1	0.005	---	0.13	---
E	0.300	0.325	7.62	8.26
E1	0.240	0.280	6.10	7.11
e	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC	
eB	---	0.430	---	10.92
L	0.115	0.150	2.92	3.81
M	---	10°	---	10°

GENERIC
MARKING DIAGRAM*



XXXXX = Specific Device Code
A = Assembly Location
WL = Wafer Lot
YY = Year
WW = Work Week
G = Pb-Free Package

*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot "•", may or may not be present. Some products may not follow the Generic Marking.

STYLES ON PAGE 2

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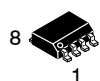
PDIP-14
CASE 646-06
ISSUE S

DATE 22 APR 2015

STYLE 1: PIN 1. COLLECTOR 2. BASE 3. EMITTER 4. NO CONNECTION 5. EMITTER 6. BASE 7. COLLECTOR 8. COLLECTOR 9. BASE 10. EMITTER 11. NO CONNECTION 12. EMITTER 13. BASE 14. COLLECTOR	STYLE 2: CANCELLED	STYLE 3: CANCELLED	STYLE 4: PIN 1. DRAIN 2. SOURCE 3. GATE 4. NO CONNECTION 5. GATE 6. SOURCE 7. DRAIN 8. DRAIN 9. SOURCE 10. GATE 11. NO CONNECTION 12. GATE 13. SOURCE 14. DRAIN
STYLE 5: PIN 1. GATE 2. DRAIN 3. SOURCE 4. NO CONNECTION 5. SOURCE 6. DRAIN 7. GATE 8. GATE 9. DRAIN 10. SOURCE 11. NO CONNECTION 12. SOURCE 13. DRAIN 14. GATE	STYLE 6: PIN 1. COMMON CATHODE 2. ANODE/CATHODE 3. ANODE/CATHODE 4. NO CONNECTION 5. ANODE/CATHODE 6. NO CONNECTION 7. ANODE/CATHODE 8. ANODE/CATHODE 9. ANODE/CATHODE 10. NO CONNECTION 11. ANODE/CATHODE 12. ANODE/CATHODE 13. NO CONNECTION 14. COMMON ANODE	STYLE 7: PIN 1. NO CONNECTION 2. ANODE 3. ANODE 4. NO CONNECTION 5. ANODE 6. NO CONNECTION 7. ANODE 8. ANODE 9. ANODE 10. NO CONNECTION 11. ANODE 12. ANODE 13. NO CONNECTION 14. COMMON CATHODE	STYLE 8: PIN 1. NO CONNECTION 2. CATHODE 3. CATHODE 4. NO CONNECTION 5. CATHODE 6. NO CONNECTION 7. CATHODE 8. CATHODE 9. CATHODE 10. NO CONNECTION 11. CATHODE 12. CATHODE 13. NO CONNECTION 14. COMMON ANODE
STYLE 9: PIN 1. COMMON CATHODE 2. ANODE/CATHODE 3. ANODE/CATHODE 4. NO CONNECTION 5. ANODE/CATHODE 6. ANODE/CATHODE 7. COMMON ANODE 8. COMMON ANODE 9. ANODE/CATHODE 10. ANODE/CATHODE 11. NO CONNECTION 12. ANODE/CATHODE 13. ANODE/CATHODE 14. COMMON CATHODE	STYLE 10: PIN 1. COMMON CATHODE 2. ANODE/CATHODE 3. ANODE/CATHODE 4. ANODE/CATHODE 5. ANODE/CATHODE 6. NO CONNECTION 7. COMMON ANODE 8. COMMON CATHODE 9. ANODE/CATHODE 10. ANODE/CATHODE 11. ANODE/CATHODE 12. ANODE/CATHODE 13. NO CONNECTION 14. COMMON ANODE	STYLE 11: PIN 1. CATHODE 2. CATHODE 3. CATHODE 4. CATHODE 5. CATHODE 6. CATHODE 7. CATHODE 8. ANODE 9. ANODE 10. ANODE 11. ANODE 12. ANODE 13. ANODE 14. ANODE	STYLE 12: PIN 1. COMMON CATHODE 2. COMMON ANODE 3. ANODE/CATHODE 4. ANODE/CATHODE 5. ANODE/CATHODE 6. COMMON ANODE 7. COMMON CATHODE 8. ANODE/CATHODE 9. ANODE/CATHODE 10. ANODE/CATHODE 11. ANODE/CATHODE 12. ANODE/CATHODE 13. ANODE/CATHODE 14. ANODE/CATHODE

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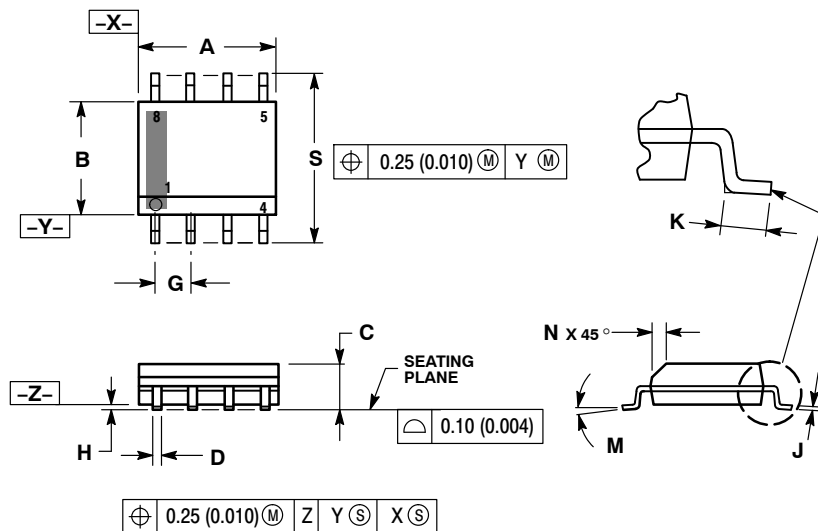
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SCALE 1:1

SOIC-8 NB
CASE 751-07
ISSUE AK

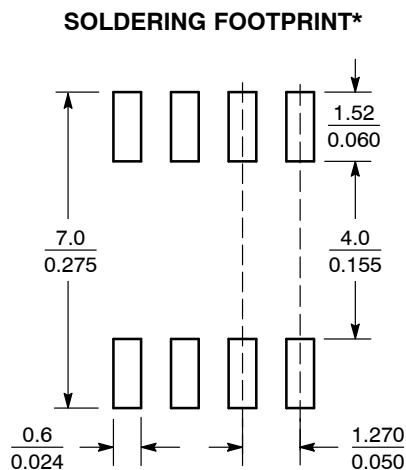
DATE 16 FEB 2011



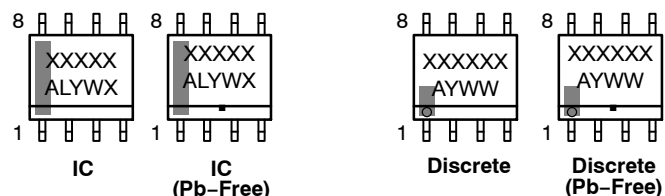
NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
3. DIMENSION A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.
4. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.
5. DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.127 (0.005) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE D DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
6. 751-01 THRU 751-06 ARE OBSOLETE. NEW STANDARD IS 751-07.

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.80	5.00	0.189	0.197
B	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157
C	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069
D	0.33	0.51	0.013	0.020
G	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC	
H	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.010
J	0.19	0.25	0.007	0.010
K	0.40	1.27	0.016	0.050
M	0°	8°	0°	8°
N	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.020
S	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244

GENERIC
MARKING DIAGRAM*


SCALE 6:1 (mm/inches)



XXXXXX = Specific Device Code
A = Assembly Location
L = Wafer Lot
Y = Year
W = Work Week
▪ = Pb-Free Package

XXXXXX = Specific Device Code
A = Assembly Location
Y = Year
WW = Work Week
▪ = Pb-Free Package

*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot "▪", may or may not be present. Some products may not follow the Generic Marking.

*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the **onsemi** Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

STYLES ON PAGE 2

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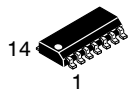
SOIC-8 NB
CASE 751-07
ISSUE AK

DATE 16 FEB 2011

STYLE 1: PIN 1. EMITTER 2. COLLECTOR 3. COLLECTOR 4. EMITTER 5. EMITTER 6. BASE 7. BASE 8. EMITTER	STYLE 2: PIN 1. COLLECTOR, DIE, #1 2. COLLECTOR, #1 3. COLLECTOR, #2 4. COLLECTOR, #2 5. BASE, #2 6. EMITTER, #2 7. BASE, #1 8. EMITTER, #1	STYLE 3: PIN 1. DRAIN, DIE #1 2. DRAIN, #1 3. DRAIN, #2 4. DRAIN, #2 5. GATE, #2 6. SOURCE, #2 7. GATE, #1 8. SOURCE, #1	STYLE 4: PIN 1. ANODE 2. ANODE 3. ANODE 4. ANODE 5. ANODE 6. ANODE 7. ANODE 8. COMMON CATHODE
STYLE 5: PIN 1. DRAIN 2. DRAIN 3. DRAIN 4. DRAIN 5. GATE 6. GATE 7. SOURCE 8. SOURCE	STYLE 6: PIN 1. SOURCE 2. DRAIN 3. DRAIN 4. SOURCE 5. SOURCE 6. GATE 7. GATE 8. SOURCE	STYLE 7: PIN 1. INPUT 2. EXTERNAL BYPASS 3. THIRD STAGE SOURCE 4. GROUND 5. DRAIN 6. GATE 3 7. SECOND STAGE Vd 8. FIRST STAGE Vd	STYLE 8: PIN 1. COLLECTOR, DIE #1 2. BASE, #1 3. BASE, #2 4. COLLECTOR, #2 5. COLLECTOR, #2 6. EMITTER, #2 7. EMITTER, #1 8. COLLECTOR, #1
STYLE 9: PIN 1. EMITTER, COMMON 2. COLLECTOR, DIE #1 3. COLLECTOR, DIE #2 4. EMITTER, COMMON 5. EMITTER, COMMON 6. BASE, DIE #2 7. BASE, DIE #1 8. EMITTER, COMMON	STYLE 10: PIN 1. GROUND 2. BIAS 1 3. OUTPUT 4. GROUND 5. GROUND 6. BIAS 2 7. INPUT 8. GROUND	STYLE 11: PIN 1. SOURCE 1 2. GATE 1 3. SOURCE 2 4. GATE 2 5. DRAIN 2 6. DRAIN 2 7. DRAIN 1 8. DRAIN 1	STYLE 12: PIN 1. SOURCE 2. SOURCE 3. SOURCE 4. GATE 5. DRAIN 6. DRAIN 7. DRAIN 8. DRAIN
STYLE 13: PIN 1. N.C. 2. SOURCE 3. SOURCE 4. GATE 5. DRAIN 6. DRAIN 7. DRAIN 8. DRAIN	STYLE 14: PIN 1. N-SOURCE 2. N-GATE 3. P-SOURCE 4. P-GATE 5. P-DRAIN 6. P-DRAIN 7. N-DRAIN 8. N-DRAIN	STYLE 15: PIN 1. ANODE 1 2. ANODE 1 3. ANODE 1 4. ANODE 1 5. CATHODE, COMMON 6. CATHODE, COMMON 7. CATHODE, COMMON 8. CATHODE, COMMON	STYLE 16: PIN 1. EMITTER, DIE #1 2. BASE, DIE #1 3. EMITTER, DIE #2 4. BASE, DIE #2 5. COLLECTOR, DIE #2 6. COLLECTOR, DIE #2 7. COLLECTOR, DIE #1 8. COLLECTOR, DIE #1
STYLE 17: PIN 1. VCC 2. V2OUT 3. V1OUT 4. TXE 5. RXE 6. VEE 7. GND 8. ACC	STYLE 18: PIN 1. ANODE 2. ANODE 3. SOURCE 4. GATE 5. DRAIN 6. DRAIN 7. CATHODE 8. CATHODE	STYLE 19: PIN 1. SOURCE 1 2. GATE 1 3. SOURCE 2 4. GATE 2 5. DRAIN 2 6. MIRROR 2 7. DRAIN 1 8. MIRROR 1	STYLE 20: PIN 1. SOURCE (N) 2. GATE (N) 3. SOURCE (P) 4. GATE (P) 5. DRAIN 6. DRAIN 7. DRAIN 8. DRAIN
STYLE 21: PIN 1. CATHODE 1 2. CATHODE 2 3. CATHODE 3 4. CATHODE 4 5. CATHODE 5 6. COMMON ANODE 7. COMMON ANODE 8. CATHODE 6	STYLE 22: PIN 1. I/O LINE 1 2. COMMON CATHODE/VCC 3. COMMON CATHODE/VCC 4. I/O LINE 3 5. COMMON ANODE/GND 6. I/O LINE 4 7. I/O LINE 5 8. COMMON ANODE/GND	STYLE 23: PIN 1. LINE 1 IN 2. COMMON ANODE/GND 3. COMMON ANODE/GND 4. LINE 2 IN 5. LINE 2 OUT 6. COMMON ANODE/GND 7. COMMON ANODE/GND 8. LINE 1 OUT	STYLE 24: PIN 1. BASE 2. EMITTER 3. COLLECTOR/ANODE 4. COLLECTOR/ANODE 5. CATHODE 6. CATHODE 7. COLLECTOR/ANODE 8. COLLECTOR/ANODE
STYLE 25: PIN 1. VIN 2. N/C 3. REXT 4. GND 5. IOUT 6. IOUT 7. IOUT 8. IOUT	STYLE 26: PIN 1. GND 2. dv/dt 3. ENABLE 4. ILIMIT 5. SOURCE 6. SOURCE 7. SOURCE 8. VCC	STYLE 27: PIN 1. ILIMIT 2. OVLO 3. UVLO 4. INPUT+ 5. SOURCE 6. SOURCE 7. SOURCE 8. DRAIN	STYLE 28: PIN 1. SW_TO_GND 2. DASIC_OFF 3. DASIC_SW_DET 4. GND 5. V_MON 6. VBULK 7. VBULK 8. VIN
STYLE 29: PIN 1. BASE, DIE #1 2. EMITTER, #1 3. BASE, #2 4. EMITTER, #2 5. COLLECTOR, #2 6. COLLECTOR, #2 7. COLLECTOR, #1 8. COLLECTOR, #1	STYLE 30: PIN 1. DRAIN 1 2. DRAIN 1 3. GATE 2 4. SOURCE 2 5. SOURCE 1/DRAIN 2 6. SOURCE 1/DRAIN 2 7. SOURCE 1/DRAIN 2 8. GATE 1		

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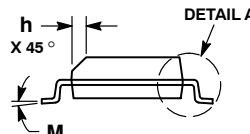
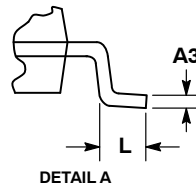
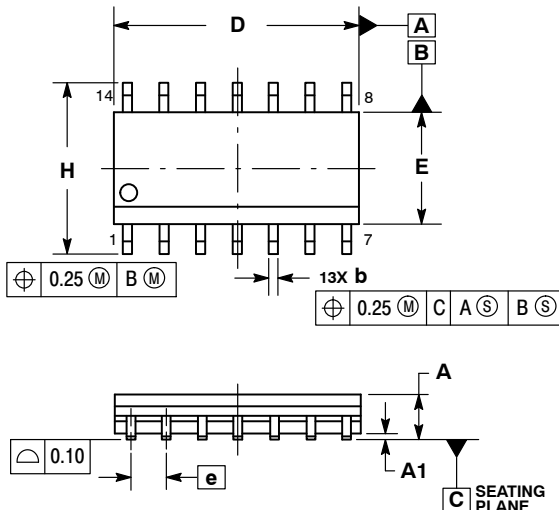
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SCALE 1:1

SOIC-14 NB
CASE 751A-03
ISSUE L

DATE 03 FEB 2016

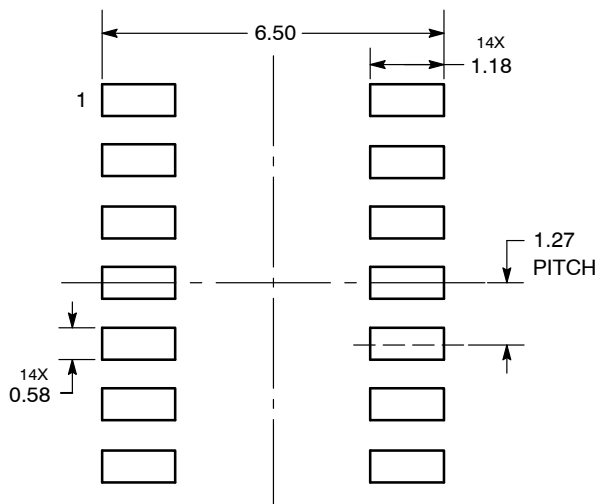


NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
3. DIMENSION b DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.13 TOTAL IN EXCESS OF AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
4. DIMENSIONS D AND E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSIONS.
5. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 PER SIDE.

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	1.35	1.75	0.054	0.068
A1	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.010
A3	0.19	0.25	0.008	0.010
b	0.35	0.49	0.014	0.019
D	8.55	8.75	0.337	0.344
E	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157
e	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC	
H	5.80	6.20	0.228	0.244
h	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.019
L	0.40	1.25	0.016	0.049
M	0°	7°	0°	7°

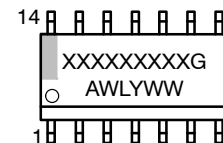
SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*



DIMENSIONS: MILLIMETERS

*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the onsemi Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

GENERIC
MARKING DIAGRAM*



XXXXXX = Specific Device Code
A = Assembly Location
WL = Wafer Lot
Y = Year
WW = Work Week
G = Pb-Free Package

*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot "▪", may or may not be present. Some products may not follow the Generic Marking.

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SOIC-14
CASE 751A-03
ISSUE L

DATE 03 FEB 2016

STYLE 1:
PIN 1. COMMON CATHODE
2. ANODE/CATHODE
3. ANODE/CATHODE
4. NO CONNECTION
5. ANODE/CATHODE
6. NO CONNECTION
7. ANODE/CATHODE
8. ANODE/CATHODE
9. ANODE/CATHODE
10. NO CONNECTION
11. ANODE/CATHODE
12. ANODE/CATHODE
13. NO CONNECTION
14. COMMON ANODE

STYLE 2:
CANCELLED

STYLE 3:
PIN 1. NO CONNECTION
2. ANODE
3. ANODE
4. NO CONNECTION
5. ANODE
6. NO CONNECTION
7. ANODE
8. ANODE
9. ANODE
10. NO CONNECTION
11. ANODE
12. ANODE
13. NO CONNECTION
14. COMMON CATHODE

STYLE 4:
PIN 1. NO CONNECTION
2. CATHODE
3. CATHODE
4. NO CONNECTION
5. CATHODE
6. NO CONNECTION
7. CATHODE
8. CATHODE
9. CATHODE
10. NO CONNECTION
11. CATHODE
12. CATHODE
13. NO CONNECTION
14. COMMON ANODE

STYLE 5:
PIN 1. COMMON CATHODE
2. ANODE/CATHODE
3. ANODE/CATHODE
4. ANODE/CATHODE
5. ANODE/CATHODE
6. NO CONNECTION
7. COMMON ANODE
8. COMMON CATHODE
9. ANODE/CATHODE
10. ANODE/CATHODE
11. ANODE/CATHODE
12. ANODE/CATHODE
13. NO CONNECTION
14. COMMON ANODE

STYLE 6:
PIN 1. CATHODE
2. CATHODE
3. CATHODE
4. CATHODE
5. CATHODE
6. CATHODE
7. CATHODE
8. ANODE
9. ANODE
10. ANODE
11. ANODE
12. ANODE
13. ANODE
14. ANODE

STYLE 7:
PIN 1. ANODE/CATHODE
2. COMMON ANODE
3. COMMON CATHODE
4. ANODE/CATHODE
5. ANODE/CATHODE
6. ANODE/CATHODE
7. ANODE/CATHODE
8. ANODE/CATHODE
9. ANODE/CATHODE
10. ANODE/CATHODE
11. COMMON CATHODE
12. COMMON ANODE
13. ANODE/CATHODE
14. ANODE/CATHODE

STYLE 8:
PIN 1. COMMON CATHODE
2. ANODE/CATHODE
3. ANODE/CATHODE
4. NO CONNECTION
5. ANODE/CATHODE
6. ANODE/CATHODE
7. COMMON ANODE
8. COMMON ANODE
9. ANODE/CATHODE
10. ANODE/CATHODE
11. NO CONNECTION
12. ANODE/CATHODE
13. ANODE/CATHODE
14. COMMON CATHODE

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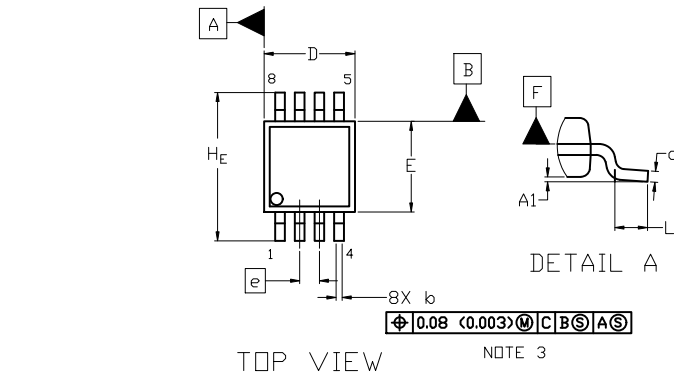
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SCALE 2:1

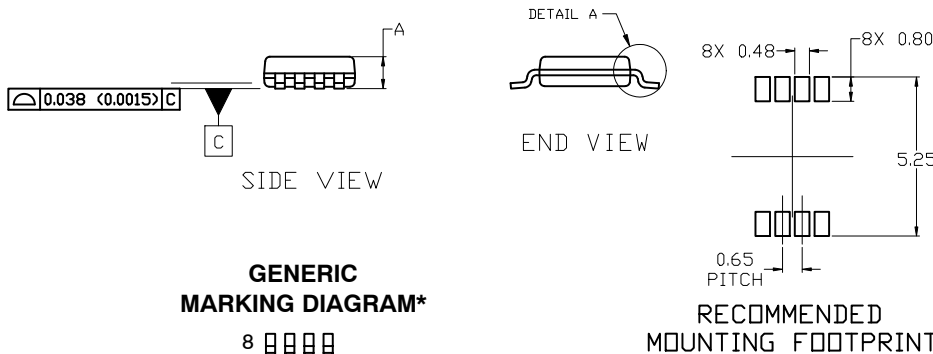
Micro8
CASE 846A-02
ISSUE K

DATE 16 JUL 2020



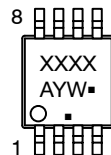
NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 2009.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS
3. DIMENSION b DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.10 mm IN EXCESS OF MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
4. DIMENSIONS D AND E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSION OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS, OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 mm PER SIDE. DIMENSION E DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION. INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.25 mm PER SIDE. DIMENSIONS D AND E ARE DETERMINED AT DATUM F .
5. DATUMS A AND B ARE TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM F .
6. $A1$ IS DEFINED AS THE VERTICAL DISTANCE FROM THE SEATING PLANE TO THE LOWEST POINT ON THE PACKAGE BODY.



DIM	MILLIMETERS		
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
A	---	---	1.10
A1	0.05	0.08	0.15
b	0.25	0.33	0.40
c	0.13	0.18	0.23
D	2.90	3.00	3.10
E	2.90	3.00	3.10
e	0.65 BSC		
HE	4.75	4.90	5.05
L	0.40	0.55	0.70

GENERIC
MARKING DIAGRAM*



XXXX = Specific Device Code
A = Assembly Location
Y = Year
W = Work Week
▪ = Pb-Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot "▪", may or may not be present. Some products may not follow the Generic Marking.

For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERM-10.

STYLE 1:

- PIN 1. SOURCE
- SOURCE
- SOURCE
- GATE
- DRAIN
- DRAIN
- DRAIN
- DRAIN

STYLE 2:

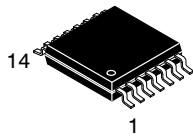
- PIN 1. SOURCE 1
- GATE 1
- SOURCE 2
- GATE 2
- DRAIN 2
- DRAIN 2
- DRAIN 1
- DRAIN 1

STYLE 3:

- PIN 1. N-SOURCE
- N-GATE
- P-SOURCE
- P-GATE
- P-DRAIN
- P-DRAIN
- N-DRAIN
- N-DRAIN

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DESCRIPTION:	MICRO8	PAGE 1 OF 1

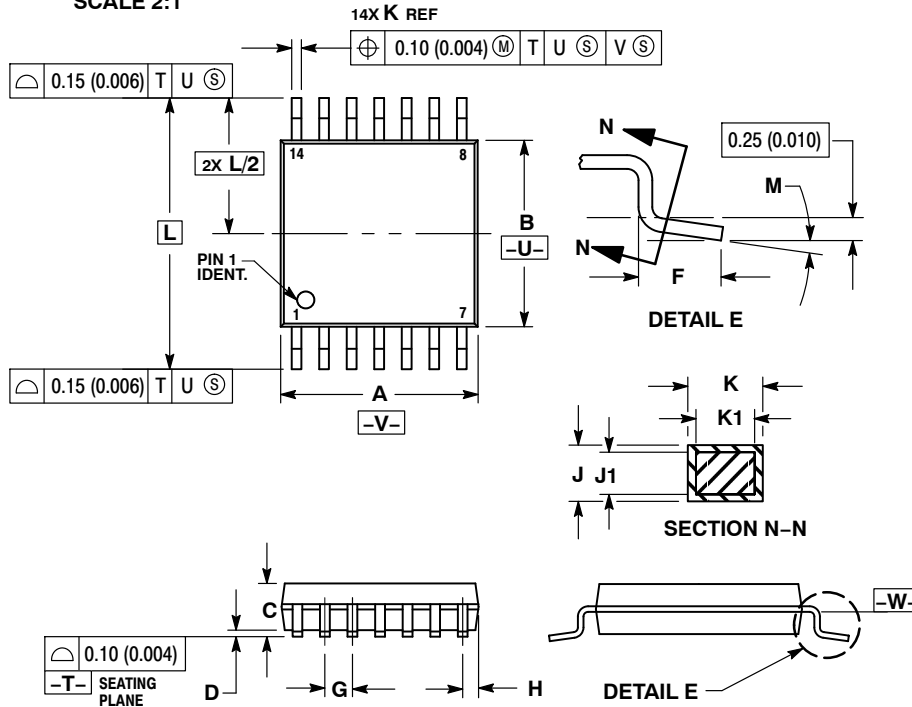
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TSSOP-14 WB
CASE 948G
ISSUE C

DATE 17 FEB 2016

SCALE 2:1

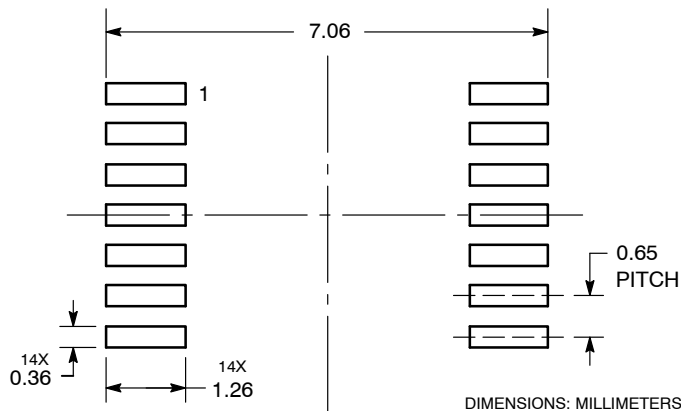


NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
3. DIMENSION A DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.
4. DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION. INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.25 (0.010) PER SIDE.
5. DIMENSION K DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.08 (0.003) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE K DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
6. TERMINAL NUMBERS ARE SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY.
7. DIMENSION A AND B ARE TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE -W-.

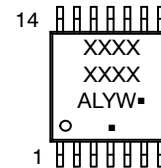
DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.90	5.10	0.193	0.200
B	4.30	4.50	0.169	0.177
C	---	1.20	---	0.047
D	0.05	0.15	0.002	0.006
F	0.50	0.75	0.020	0.030
G	0.65 BSC		0.026 BSC	
H	0.50	0.60	0.020	0.024
J	0.09	0.20	0.004	0.008
J1	0.09	0.16	0.004	0.006
K	0.19	0.30	0.007	0.012
K1	0.19	0.25	0.007	0.010
L	6.40 BSC		0.252 BSC	
M	0°	8°	0°	8°

RECOMMENDED
SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*



*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the **onsemi** Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

GENERIC
MARKING DIAGRAM*



A = Assembly Location
L = Wafer Lot
Y = Year
W = Work Week
▪ = Pb-Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot "▪", may or may not be present. Some products may not follow the Generic Marking.

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DESCRIPTION:	TSSOP-14 WB	PAGE 1 OF 1

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